



J.P. Morgan Industrials Conference

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Agustin Izquierdo

Chief Financial Officer



Cautionary statement

The statements in this presentation relating to matters that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions of management of LyondellBasell which are believed to be reasonable at the time made and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. When used in this presentation, the words “believe,” “could,” “intend,” “may,” “should,” “will,” “expect,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. Actual results could differ materially based on factors including, but not limited to, market conditions, including the prolonged industry downturn, the business cyclicity of the chemical and polymers industries; industry production capacities, operating rates, and the pace of global capacity rationalizations; the availability, cost and price volatility of raw materials and utilities, particularly the cost of oil, natural gas, and associated natural gas liquids; competitive product and pricing pressures; the supply/demand balances for our and our joint ventures’ products; the impacts of tariffs and trade disruptions; our ability to maintain our investment-grade credit balance sheet and execute our capital allocation strategy, including our ability to pay dividends; our ability to comply with debt covenants and repay our debt; labor conditions; our ability to attract and retain key personnel; operating interruptions (including leaks, explosions, fires, weather-related incidents, mechanical failure, unscheduled downtime, supplier disruptions, labor shortages, strikes, work stoppages or other labor difficulties, transportation interruptions, spills and releases and other environmental risks); our ability to manage costs; future financial and operating results; our ability to complete capital projects on time and on budget and successfully operate the asset; our ability to align our assets and grow and upgrade our core, including completing the sale of certain European assets; our ability to successfully implement initiatives identified pursuant to our Value Enhancement Program and generate anticipated earnings; our ability to reduce our fixed costs, working capital and capital expenditures and increase cash flow; legal and environmental proceedings; tax rulings and related consequences or proceedings; technological developments, and our ability to develop new products and process technologies; our ability to meet our sustainability goals, including the ability to operate safely, increase production of recycled and renewable-based polymers, and reduce our emissions and achieve net zero emissions by the time set in our goals; our ability to procure energy from renewable sources; our ability to build a profitable Circular & Low Carbon Solutions business; our ability to improve the business performance of our Advanced Polymers Solutions segment and its ability to secure new customers; potential governmental regulatory actions; political unrest and terrorist acts; and risks and uncertainties posed by international operations, including foreign currency fluctuations. Additional factors that could cause results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements can be found in the “Risk Factors” section of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, which can be found at www.LyondellBasell.com on the Investors page and on the Securities and Exchange Commission’s website at www.sec.gov. There is no assurance that any of the actions, events or results of the forward-looking statements will occur, or if any of them do, what impact they will have on our results of operations or financial condition. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made and are based on the estimates and opinions of management of LyondellBasell at the time the statements are made. LyondellBasell does not assume any obligation to update forward-looking statements should circumstances or management’s estimates or opinions change, except as required by law.

This presentation contains time sensitive information that is accurate only as of the date hereof. Information contained in this presentation is unaudited and is subject to change.

See the APPENDIX for a discussion of the Company’s use of non-GAAP financial measures.



Well-positioned to capture value in a volatile market

North American production increasing in value as Asia and Middle East capacity becomes constrained

North America

- Pre-war: Typical seasonal demand improvement
- Now: NA exports playing an essential role in balancing global markets
- Spot prices rapidly rising across PE, PP and oxyfuels
- Maximizing operating rates to meet global supply shortfalls
- Cost-advantaged feedstocks continue to support improving margins

Europe

- Pressures from Middle East petrochemical imports are fading
- Rising costs for feedstocks and energy compressing margins during initial weeks of war
- LYB pursuing a measured approach to operating rates and working capital to ensure local pricing supports increased production
- Longer-term backdrop of ongoing capacity rationalizations likely to continue

Asia

- Continued pressure from new capacity in China
- Elevated costs and supply constraints for imports of crude, naphtha and propane feedstocks from Middle East
- Energy security prioritized
- Petrochemicals subject to shutdowns and rate reductions as imported feedstocks are rationed
- Essential domestic demand for petrochemicals prioritized over export markets
- War-time idling of petrochemical assets could accelerate anti-involution rationalization activity

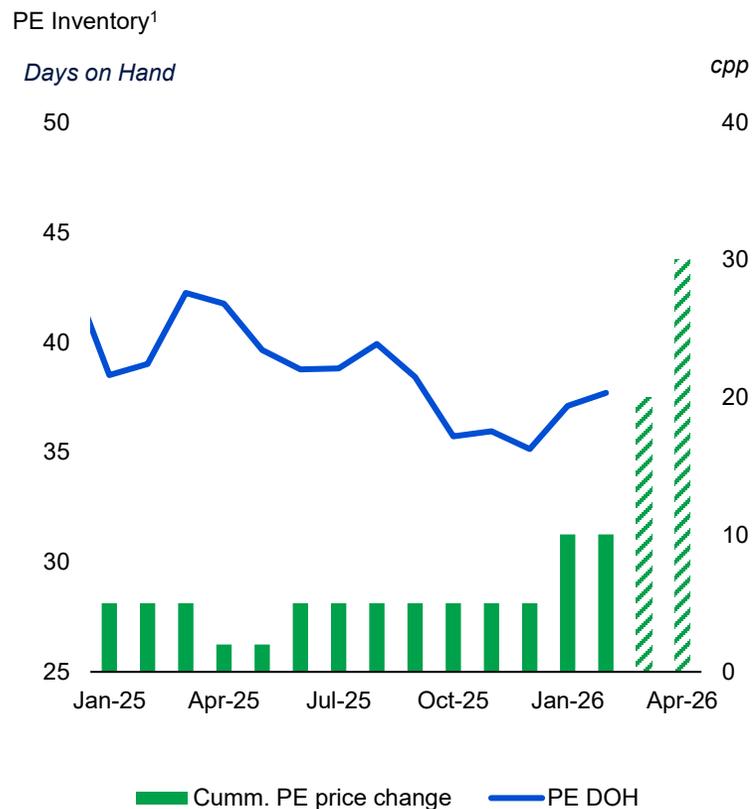
Middle East

- Regional capacity effectively trapped behind the Strait of Hormuz; Red Sea logistics constrained
- Operations subject to availability of feedstocks, product storage and local safety
- Logistics increasingly constrained, ports under pressure and costs escalating

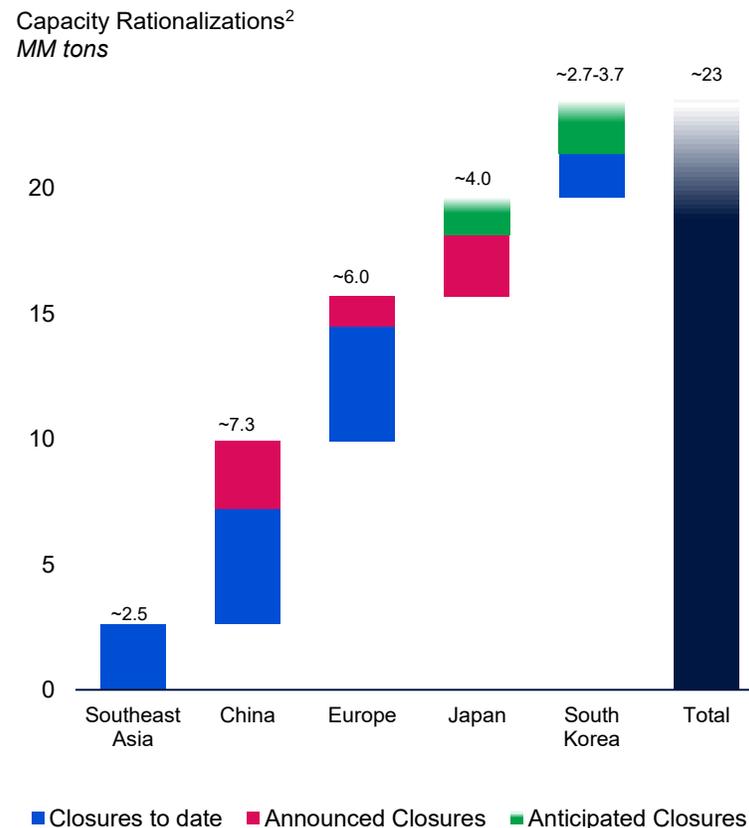
Global market dynamics turning more supportive

Tightening inventories, capacity rationalization and consumer spending supports a more constructive outlook

Preliminary Feb26 US PE inventories 4.5 days below 2025 highs with price increases announced for March and April



EU capacity rationalizations and China's anti-involution measures accelerating closure of 4th-quartile assets



Non-durables continue to support chemical demand as durable growth remains tepid



1. American Chemistry Council
 2. CMA, news reports and internal LYB analysis; includes capacity closures/idling since 2020, announced rationalizations through 2030 and anticipated closures from recent government announcements
 3. St. Louis FRED

Strait of Hormuz constraining global capacity

War effects on our main products remain dynamic, but skewed to the upside

	Potential Impacts (% of global capacity)		LYB financial sensitivity			
	Behind SoH	Behind SoH + Asia	Theoretical Impact on Earnings ¹	Operating Rates ²	Nameplate capacity ² (MMton/yr)	
PE	11%	57%	North America	\$100/ton (4.5 cpp) integrated PE margin = ~\$320MM	~85%	~4.1
			Europe	\$100/ton integrated PE margin = ~\$280MM	~70%	~2.1
Oxyfuels	11%	69%	\$1/bbl crude oil = ~\$20MM globally			
PP + Catalloy	7%	74%	North America	\$100/ton PP - propylene spread = ~\$440MM for NA and EU	~75%	~1.9
			Europe		~60%	~2.5
PO	2%	63%	\$100/ton PO spread = ~\$160MM for NA and EU			



SoH = Strait of Hormuz

1. Polyolefins impact calculated as average LYB volumes sold for 2021-2025 multiplied by the change in margin. Oxyfuels (MTBE/ETBE) impact is calculated assuming normalized volumes and constant butane-to-crude ratio. PO impact based on improvement in PO incremental contract margin.
2. 2025 operating rates and nameplate capacity



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