



AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

Effective February 19, 2025

OVERALL PURPOSE/OBJECTIVES

The Audit Committee (the “**Committee**”) of B2Gold Corp. (the “**Company**”) will assist the Board of Directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) in fulfilling its responsibilities. The Committee will assist the Board in the oversight of: (1) the integrity of the Company’s financial statements and other periodic public disclosure documents and the financial reporting process; (2) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; the external auditor’s qualifications and independence; (3) the audit process; (4) the performance and work of the Company’s internal audit function and external auditor and the system of internal controls; (5) the Company’s management of risks; (6) and the Company’s process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and its own Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the “**Code**”) and policies. In performing its duties, the Committee will maintain effective working relationships with the Board, management, and the external auditors and monitor the independence of those auditors.

The Committee’s function is one of oversight. The fundamental responsibility for the Company’s financial statements and disclosure rests with management. It is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to certify that the Company’s financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with applicable accounting principles and standards. This is the responsibility of management (with respect to whom the Committee performs an oversight function) and the external auditors.

AUTHORITY

- The Board authorizes the Committee, within the scope of its responsibilities, to seek and have access to any information, including Company books and records, it requires from any employee and from external parties, to obtain outside legal or professional advice and to ensure the attendance of Company officers at meetings, as the Committee deems appropriate.
- The Committee shall receive appropriate funding from the Company, as determined by the Committee, for payment of compensation to the external auditors and to any legal or other advisers employed by the Committee, and for payment of ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

COMPOSITION, PROCEDURES AND ORGANIZATION

- The Committee will be comprised of at least three members of the Board.
- Except as permitted by all applicable legal and regulatory requirements:
 - Each member, and in all cases without exception including the Chair, of the Committee shall be “independent” as defined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument



52- 110 – *Audit Committee*, U.S. securities laws and regulations and applicable stock exchange rules (“**Independent**”);

- Each member of the Committee will be “financially literate” with the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Company's financial statements and internal controls. Additionally, at least one member of the Committee shall have accounting or related financial management expertise and be considered an “audit committee financial expert” within the meaning of the rules promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and applicable stock exchange rules; and
 - None of the members of the Committee may have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any current subsidiary of the Company during the past three years.
- No member of the Committee shall serve on more than two audit committees of publicly traded companies, other than the Company, at the same time such member serves on this Committee, unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such member to effectively serve on this Committee. Such a determination shall be disclosed by the Company in the manner required by applicable laws, regulations and listing standards.
 - The Board, at its organizational meeting held in conjunction with each annual general meeting of the shareholders, will appoint a Chair and the other members of the Committee for the ensuing year. The Board may at any time remove or replace any member of the Committee and may fill any vacancy in the Committee.
 - The Secretary of the Committee shall be appointed by the Chair, or shall be the Secretary, or the Assistant or Associate Secretary, of the Company or any other individual appointed by the Committee.
 - A member shall cease to be a member of the Committee upon ceasing to be a director of the Company.
 - Meetings shall be held not less than quarterly. Special meetings shall be convened as required. On the request of the External auditor, the Chair must convene a meeting of the Committee to consider any matter that the External auditor believes should be brought to the attention of the directors or shareholders.
 - The times and places where meetings of the Committee shall be held and the procedures at such meetings shall be as determined, from time to time, by the Committee.
 - Notice of each meeting of the Committee shall be given to each member of the Committee and the external auditors. Subject to the following, notice of a meeting shall be given orally or by letter, electronic mail, telephone facsimile transmission or telephone not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting. Notice of regular meetings need state only the day of the week or month, the place and the hour at which such meetings will be held and need not be given for each meeting. Members may waive notice of any meeting.
 - The Committee will, in addition to the external auditors, invite management and such other persons to its meetings as it deems appropriate. However, any such invited persons may not vote at any meetings of the Committee.



- The Committee will have an in camera session at each meeting (i) with the external auditors without the presence of management (ii) with management without the presence of the auditors, and (iii) with only the Committee members.
- A meeting of the Committee may be held by means of such telephonic, electronic or other communications facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate adequately with each other during the meeting.
- The majority of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of conducting the business of the Committee. Notwithstanding any vacancy on the Committee, a quorum may exercise all of the powers of the Committee.
- Any decision made by the Committee shall be determined by a majority vote of the members of the Committee present or by consent resolution in writing signed by each member of the Committee. A member will be deemed to have consented to any resolution passed or action taken at a meeting of the Committee unless the member votes against such resolution or abstains or is recused from voting.
- A record of the minutes of, and the attendance at, each meeting of the Committee shall be kept. The approved minutes of the Committee shall be circulated to the Board forthwith.
- The Committee shall report to the Board on all proceedings and deliberations of the Committee at the first subsequent meeting of the Board, or at such other times and in such manner as the Board or the articles of the Company may require or as the Committee in its discretion may consider advisable.
- The Committee will have access to such officers and employees of the Company and to such information respecting the Company, as it considers to be necessary or advisable in order to perform its duties and responsibilities.
- The internal accounting and compliance staff, any external accounting consultant(s) and the external auditors of the Company will have a direct line of communication to the Committee and may bypass management if deemed necessary. The external auditors will report directly to the Committee.

CHAIR RESPONSIBILITIES

The Chair of the Committee shall provide leadership and ensure effective governance and oversight of financial reporting and audit processes, and to ensure adherence to this Charter. The Chair shall:

- Make arrangements for management, the external auditors and such other parties to attend meetings, as appropriate.
- Set an agenda for all meetings after consulting with the Chair of the Board and Committee members and ensuring agenda items are addressed efficiently.
- In consultation with the Chair of the Board and the Corporate Secretary, determine the frequency, dates and locations of meetings.
- Convene and preside over all meetings of the Committee.
- Circulate minutes of all Committee meetings to the Board members and the external auditors.
- Ensure that the Committee has sufficient time and information to make informed decisions.
- Serve as the principal liaison between the Committee and the Board.



- Facilitate open communication and collaboration among Committee members, management, and external auditors.
- Liase with the Chairs of the Sustainability Committee and the Compensation Committee, as appropriate, on matters relevant to the Company's risk management.
- Liase with the Chair of the Compensation Committee on financial measures, including non-IFRS financial measures, and other financial metrics used in executive compensation.
- Carry out any other or special assignments or any functions as may be requested by the Board.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

To perform his or her role effectively, each Committee member will obtain an understanding of the functions of the Committee and the responsibilities of Committee membership as well as the Company's business, operations, risks and internal controls and procedures.

The roles and responsibilities of the Committee are as follows, recognizing that the Committee may carry out additional functions and adopt additional policies and procedures as may be necessary in response to evolving business, legislative, regulatory and legal or other conditions:

External Audit Process

- Be directly responsible for:
 - The selection of the firm of external auditors to be proposed for approval by the shareholders as the external auditors of the Company;
 - The oversight of the work of the Company's external auditors; and
 - Subject to the grant by the shareholders of the authority to do so, if required, fixing the compensation to be paid to the external auditors.
- Recommend to the Board any change or removal of the external auditors, and in the event of a proposed change of auditor, review all issues relating to the change, including the information to be included in any notice of change of auditor as required under applicable securities laws, and the planned steps for an orderly transition.
- Review and evaluate, at least annually, and oversee the qualifications, independence and performance of the external auditors and the lead audit partner. Take into account, in such evaluation, the opinions of the Company's management and the Company's internal auditors or other personnel serving the internal audit function. Obtain from the external auditors a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the external auditors and the Company, consistent with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Rule 3526. Actively engage in a dialogue with the external auditors with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that impact the objectivity and independence of the external auditor. Assure the regular rotation of the lead audit partner as may be required by law. Consider whether, in order to assure continuing external auditor independence, there should be regular rotation of the audit firm itself. The Committee should present its conclusions to the full Board.
- Review and approve the proposed audit plan and the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach with the external auditor and management and ensure no unjustifiable restriction



or limitations have been placed on the scope.

- Ascertain whether any significant financial reporting issues were discussed by management and the external auditor during the fiscal period and the method of resolution, including any major issues regarding accounting principles, including generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), and financial presentation with the external auditor and management.
- Review with the external auditors any audit problems or difficulties and management’s response, including any restrictions on the scope of the external auditor’s activities or access to required information and any significant disagreements with management.
- Review and resolve any significant disagreement among management and the external auditors in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.
- Meet separately, as required, with management, with the internal auditors or other personnel responsible for the Company’s internal audit function, and with the external auditors to discuss any matters that the Committee believes should be discussed privately.
- Endeavour to cause the receipt and discussion on a timely basis of any significant findings and recommendations made by the external auditors.
- Review the post-audit or management letter, containing the recommendations of the external auditor, and management’s response and subsequent follow-up to any identified weakness.
- At least annually, obtain, review and discuss a report by the external auditor describing the external auditor’s internal quality control procedures; any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review, or peer review, of the external auditor, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, relating to one or more audits carried out by the external auditor, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues.
- Explicitly approve, in advance, all audit and non-audit engagements of the external auditors by the Company or its subsidiaries; provided, however, that non-audit engagements may be approved pursuant to a pre-approval policy established by the Committee that (i) is detailed as to the services that may be pre-approved, (ii) does not permit delegation of approval authority to the Company’s management, and (iii) requires that the delegatee or management inform the Committee of each service approved and performed under the policy. Approval for minor non-audit services is subject to applicable securities laws.
- If it so elects, delegate to one or more members of the Committee the authority to grant such pre-approvals. The delegatee’s decisions regarding approval of services shall be reported by such delegatee to the full Committee at each regular Committee meeting.

Financial Reporting and Disclosures

- Oversee the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company and the audits of the financial statements of the Company.
- Determine whether the auditors are satisfied that the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with **GAAP**.
- Review significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements, reviewing with



management and the external auditor where appropriate.

- Review and discuss the annual financial statements and annual management's discussion and analysis, and the results of the audit with management and the external auditors prior to the submission to the Board for approval and release or distribution of such statements, and obtain an explanation from management of all significant variances between comparative reporting periods. Such review must occur at a meeting, and not merely by polling or written consent.
- Review and discuss the interim financial statements and interim management's discussion and analysis with management and the external auditors prior to the submission to the Board for approval and release or distribution of such statements, and obtain an explanation from management of all significant variances between comparative reporting periods. Such review must occur at a meeting, and not merely by polling or written consent.
- Prior to their submission to the Board and public release, review and discuss any public disclosure concerning audited or unaudited financial information, including pro forma or adjusted or Non-IFRS information or forward-looking financial information (including, without limitation, annual financial statements, interim financial statements, annual or interim management's discussion and analysis, any annual or interim earnings press release, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies, any financial outlook or future-oriented financial information, and financial information contained in any prospectus, private placement offering document, annual report, annual information form.
- Or takeover bid circular) and approve such disclosures for recommendation to the Board for approval.
- Assess the fairness of the financial statements and disclosures, and obtain explanations from management on whether:
 - Actual financial results for the financial period varied significantly from budgeted or projected results;
 - GAAP has been consistently applied;
 - There are any actual or proposed changes in accounting or financial reporting practice
 - there are any significant, complex and/or unusual events or transactions such as related party transactions or those involving derivative instruments and consider the adequacy of disclosure thereof;
 - Focus on judgmental areas, for example those involving valuation of assets and liabilities and other commitments and contingencies;
 - Review any legal matters which could significantly impact the financial statements as reported on by the General Counsel and meet with outside counsel whenever deemed appropriate;
 - Be satisfied that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures; and
 - Ensure that the Board is aware of matters which may significantly impact the financial condition or affairs of the business.



Internal Controls

- Review the terms of reference and effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function, and the working relationship between internal financial personnel and the external auditor, understanding that the purpose of the internal audit function is to provide management and the Committee with ongoing assessments of the Company's risk management processes and system of internal control.
- Review the process under which the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer evaluate and report on the effectiveness of the Company's design of internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.
- Review disclosures made to the Committee by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer during their certification process for any statutory documents about any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or material weakness therein and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in internal controls.
- Gain an understanding of whether internal control recommendations made by external auditors have been implemented by management.
- Review the evaluation of internal controls and management information systems by the external auditor, and the Company's internal audit process, together with management's response to any identified weaknesses and obtain reasonable assurance that the accounting systems are reliable and that the system of internal controls is effectively designed and implemented.
- Review with management its philosophy with respect to controlling corporate assets and information systems, the staffing of key functions and its plans for enhancements.
- Review and oversee related party transactions, significant financing activities and methods for financing major acquisitions by the Company, and authorize policies and procedures governing investments and assess investment strategies for the Company's cash reserves.

Risk Management

- Generally oversee the Company's management of risk with a view to ensuring that the Company's risks and exposures are being effectively managed, monitored or controlled, by:
 - Understanding the Company's risk philosophy as set forth by management and the Board;
 - Reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures with respect to risk identification, assessment and management;
 - Reviewing and understanding the Company's major risk exposures, including without limitation financial risks, and whether management is managing these effectively; and
 - Reviewing the steps management has taken and management's plans and programs to monitor and control such exposures.
- To the extent that risks relate to occupational health and safety, environmental, social and security matters or compensation matters, the Committee shall coordinate its oversight with the Sustainability Committee and the Compensation Committee, respectively.



- Review and assess the effect of relevant regulatory initiatives and trends relevant to enterprise risk management.
- Review and approve the Company's financial risk management programs, including any significant commodity, currency or interest rate hedging programs, and making recommendations to the Board with respect to such strategies.
- Review audit issues related to the Company's material associated and affiliated companies that may have a significant impact on the Company's equity investment.
- Review and oversee the Company's cybersecurity, privacy, technology and data security controls, including related risks and risk mitigation measures.
- Review and assess the adequacy of insurance coverage for the Company, including directors' and officers' liability coverage.
- Review and approve for recommendation to the Board, together with the Sustainability Committee (as it relates to occupational health and safety, environmental, social and security matters), the risk disclosure and management sections of the annual report to shareholders, the annual information form, prospectuses and other public reports or documents requiring approval by the Board, and report to the Board with respect thereto.

Compliance

- Obtain regular updates from management and the Company's legal counsel regarding compliance matters, as well as certificates from the Chief Financial Officer as to required statutory payments and bank covenant compliance and from senior operating personnel as to permit compliance.
- Obtain updates from the Disclosure Committee of the Company from time to time regarding the operation of the Company's Disclosure, Confidentiality and Insider Trading Policy.
- Review and approve the Company's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditors of the Company.
- Establish a procedure with regards to:
 - Confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters; and
 - Receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters.
- Monitor Compliance with the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code"), and if circumstances arise, review, institute investigations of and oversee the resolution of reported violations, in accordance with the Code.
- Review, institute investigations of and oversee the resolution of reported violations of or reported complaints under, and administer such other matters as required pursuant to, the Company's Anti-Corruption Policy and Whistleblower Policy.
- If it deems necessary, institute special investigations and, if it deems appropriate, hire special counsel or other experts or advisors (at the Company's expense) to assist or advise the Committee independently on any matter within its mandate. The Committee shall have the sole authority to retain and terminate any such special counsel, consultant or advisors, including the



sole authority to set the compensation to be paid to such special counsel or other experts or advisors and other retention terms for such persons.

- Prepare any reports of the Committee that are required by applicable laws, regulations or stock exchange rules.

GENERAL

In addition to the foregoing, the Committee will:

- Report regularly to the Board on any significant matters arising from the Committee's activities, including, to the extent the Committee deems appropriate, any issues that arise with respect to the quality and integrity of the Company's financial statements and related disclosure documents, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the qualification and independence of the external auditor and the performance of the internal audit function and external auditor.
- At least annually, assess the Committee's performance of the duties specified in this charter and report its finding(s) to the Board.
- Review and assess the adequacy of this charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- Perform such other duties as may be assigned to it by the Board from time to time or as may be required by any applicable stock exchanges, regulatory authorities or legislation.