### Gap Inc.

NEWS RELEASE

# Gap Inc. Reports Fourth Quarter and Fiscal 2023 Results; Provides Fiscal 2024 Outlook

3/7/2024

Fourth Quarter Net Sales Increased with Market Share Gains

Fourth Quarter Operating Margin Expansion Reflects Continued Financial and Operational Rigor

Full Year Operating Cash Flow of \$1.5 Billion; Ended Fiscal Year with Cash Balance of \$1.9 Billion

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7, 2024 /PRNewswire/ -- Gap Inc. (NYSE: GPS), the largest specialty apparel company in the U.S., with a portfolio of brands including Old Navy, Gap, Banana Republic, and Athleta, today reported financial results for its fourth quarter and fiscal year ended February 3, 2024.

"The fourth quarter exceeded expectations on several key metrics along with market share gains, reflecting improved trends at Old Navy and Gap and strong continued progress on margins and cash flow," said Gap Inc. President and Chief Executive Officer, Richard Dickson. "The financial and operational rigor we have worked to develop, and will continue to pursue, is enabling us to focus on reinvigorating our brands with the goal of generating profitable growth and value for shareholders. While there is a lot of work to do, I am inspired by the team's commitment and energized by the opportunities ahead."

The company noted that fiscal year 2023 had 53 weeks versus 52 weeks in fiscal year 2022. As a result, the company's results for the fourth quarter and the fiscal year include the additional week, while comparable sales calculations exclude the additional week.

#### Fourth Quarter Fiscal 2023 - Financial Results

- Net sales of \$4.3 billion were up 1% compared to last year, inclusive of an estimated 2 percentage points of negative impact from the sale of Gap China. The addition of the 53rd week contributed approximately 4 percentage points of growth to the fourth quarter.
  - Comparable sales were flat year-over-year.
  - Store sales increased 4% compared to last year.
  - Online sales decreased 2% compared to last year and represented 40% of total net sales.
- Gross margin was 38.9%, an increase of 530 basis points versus last year.
  - Merchandise margin increased 500 basis points versus last year primarily driven by lower commodity costs and improved promotional activity during the quarter.
  - Rent, occupancy, and depreciation (ROD) as a percent of sales leveraged 30 basis points versus last year.

- Operating expense was \$1.46 billion.
- Operating income was \$214 million; operating margin of 5.0%.
- The effective tax rate of 15.1% benefited from the release of certain tax reserves.
- Net income of \$185 million; diluted earnings per share of \$0.49.

#### Full Year Fiscal 2023 - Financial Results

- Net sales of \$14.9 billion were down 5% compared to last year, inclusive of an estimated 2 percentage points of negative impact from the sale of Gap China. The addition of the 53rd week contributed about 1 percentage point of growth to the full year.
  - Comparable sales down 2% year-over-year.
  - Store sales decreased 3% compared to last year. The company ended the year with 3,560 store locations in over 40 countries, of which 2,562 were company operated.
  - Online sales decreased 7% compared to last year and represented 37% of total net sales.
- Gross margin was 38.8%, expanding 450 basis points versus last year's reported gross margin and 380 basis
  points versus last year's adjusted rate.
  - Merchandise margin increased by 490 basis points versus last year's reported rate; on an adjusted basis, merchandise margin increased 420 basis points driven by lower air freight expense and improved promotional activity.
  - Rent, occupancy, and depreciation (ROD) deleveraged 40 basis points versus last year.
- Reported operating expense was \$5.22 billion; adjusted operating expense, excluding \$89 million in
  restructuring costs and a \$47 million gain on sale of a building, was \$5.17 billion, down 6% from last year
  primarily driven by savings as a result of strategic actions.
- Reported operating income was \$560 million; reported operating margin of 3.8%.
- Adjusted operating income, excluding \$93 million in restructuring costs and a \$47 million gain on sale, was \$606 million; adjusted operating margin of 4.1%.
- The reported effective tax rate was 9.7%. The adjusted effective tax rate was 11.0%.
- Reported net income was \$502 million; reported diluted earnings per share of \$1.34.
- Adjusted net income, excluding restructuring costs and the gain on sale, was \$536 million; adjusted diluted earnings per share of \$1.43 includes approximately \$0.29 of discrete tax benefits and an estimated \$0.05 benefit related to the 53rd week.

#### Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Highlights

- Ended the year with cash and cash equivalents of \$1.9 billion, an increase of 54% from the prior year.
- Fiscal 2023 net cash from operating activities was \$1.5 billion. Free cash flow, defined as net cash from operating activities less purchases of property and equipment, was \$1.1 billion.
- Ending inventory of \$2 billion was down 16% compared to last year.
- Fiscal year 2023 capital expenditures were \$420 million.
- Paid a fourth quarter dividend of \$0.15 per share, totaling \$56 million. Paid dividends totaling \$222 million in fiscal year 2023. The Company's Board of Directors approved a first quarter fiscal 2024 dividend of \$0.15 per share.

Additional information regarding adjusted gross margin, adjusted operating expense/adjusted SG&A, adjusted operating income, adjusted operating margin, adjusted effective tax rate, adjusted net income, adjusted diluted earnings per share, and free cash flow, all of which are non-GAAP financial measures, is provided at the end of this press release along with a reconciliation of these measures from the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures for the applicable period.

#### Fourth Quarter and Full Year Fiscal 2023 - Global Brand Results

Comparable Sales

Old Navy Gap Banana Republic Athleta Gap Inc.

Fourth Qu	uarter
2023	2022
2 % 4 % (4) % (10) %	(7) % (4) % (3) %
0 %	(5) %

Fiscal Y	⁄ear
2023	2022
(1) % 1 %	(12) %
(7) % (12) %	(4) % 9 % (5) %
(2) %	(7) %

#### Old Navy:

- Fourth quarter net sales of \$2.29 billion were up 6% compared to last year. Comparable sales were up 2%.
   This represents the second consecutive quarter of positive comparable sales at the brand, demonstrating improved consistency in performance and execution.
- Full year net sales of \$8.2 billion were flat versus last year. Comparable sales were down 1%.

#### Gap:

- Fourth quarter net sales of \$1.01 billion were down 5% compared to last year. Excluding the estimated negative impact to sales of 8 percentage points related to the sale of Gap China, sales would have been up 3% versus last year. Comparable sales were up 4%. Performance was driven by continued strength in Women's, which gained market share for the fifth quarter in a row.
- Full year net sales of \$3.3 billion were down 11% versus last year. Excluding the estimated negative impact to sales of 7 percentage points related to the sale of Gap China, sales would have been down 4% versus last year. Comparable sales were up 1%.

#### Banana Republic:

- Fourth quarter net sales of \$567 million were down 2% compared to last year. Comparable sales were down 4%. While the brand has been making progress elevating its aesthetic, re-establishing Banana Republic will take time and there is work to be done to better execute many of the fundamentals.
- Full year net sales of \$1.9 billion were down 8% versus last year. Comparable sales were down 7%.

#### Athleta:

- Fourth quarter net sales of \$419 million were down 4% compared to last year. Comparable sales were down 10%. Athleta's performance improved sequentially versus the prior quarter, but sales continue to be challenged due to tougher comparisons as the brand laps a period of elevated discounting last year.
- Full year net sales of \$1.4 billion were down 8% versus last year. Comparable sales were down 12%.

#### Fiscal 2024 Outlook

The company's outlook takes into consideration the continued uncertain consumer and macro environment. The company's projected full year fiscal 2024 operating income growth below is provided in comparison to its full year fiscal 2023 adjusted operating income. In addition, the company's expected first quarter fiscal 2024 gross margin expansion below is provided in comparison to its first quarter fiscal 2023 adjusted gross margin.

Full Year Fiscal 2024

Net sales Gross margin Operating expense Operating income Effective tax rate Capital expenditures Full Year Fiscal 2024 Outlook
Roughly flat on a 52-week basis
At least 50 bps expansion
Approximately \$5.1 billion
Low-to-mid teens growth
Approximately 28%
Approximately \$500 million

Full Year Fiscal 2023 Results
\$14.9 billion
38.8 %
\$5.17 billion (adjusted)
\$606 million (adjusted)
9.7 %
\$420 million

First Quarter Fiscal 2024

Net sales Gross margin Operating expense First Quarter Fiscal 2024 Outlook
Roughly flat
At least 100 bps expansion
Approximately \$1.2 billion

First Quarter Fiscal 2023 Results \$3.3 billion 37.2% (adjusted) \$1.20 billion (adjusted)

#### Webcast and Conference Call Information

Emily Gacka, Director of Investor Relations at Gap Inc., will host a conference call to review the company's fourth quarter and fiscal year 2023 results beginning at approximately 2:00 p.m. Pacific Time today. Ms. Gacka will be joined by President and Chief Executive Officer, Richard Dickson and Chief Financial Officer, Katrina O'Connell.

A live webcast of the conference call and accompanying materials will be available online at **investors.gapinc.com**.

A replay of the webcast will be available at the same location.

#### Non-GAAP Disclosure

This press release and related conference call include financial measures that have not been calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are therefore referred to as non-GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP measures described below are intended to provide investors with additional useful information about the company's financial performance, to enhance the overall understanding of its past performance and future prospects, and to allow for greater transparency with respect to important metrics used by management for financial and operating decision-making. The company presents these non-GAAP financial measures to assist investors in seeing its financial performance from management's view and because it believes they provide an additional tool for investors to use in computing the company's core financial performance over multiple periods with other companies in its industry. Additional information regarding the intended use of non-GAAP measures included in this press release and related conference call is provided in the tables to this press release.

The non-GAAP measures included in this press release are adjusted gross margin, adjusted operating expense/adjusted SG&A, adjusted operating income, adjusted operating margin, adjusted effective tax rate, adjusted net income, adjusted diluted earnings per share, and free cash flow. These non-GAAP measures exclude the impact of certain items that are set forth in the tables to this press release. In addition, the company's outlook includes projected full year fiscal 2024 operating income growth compared to its full year fiscal 2023 adjusted operating income as well as expected first quarter fiscal 2024 gross margin expansion compared to its first quarter fiscal 2023 adjusted gross margin.

The non-GAAP measures used by the company should not be considered as a substitute for, or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP and may not be the same as similarly titled measures used by other companies due to possible differences in method and in items or events being adjusted. The company urges investors to review the reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures included in the tables to this press release below, and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate its business. The non-GAAP financial measures used by the company have limitations in their usefulness to investors because they have no standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and are not prepared under any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This press release and related conference call contain forward-looking statements within the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than those that are purely historical are forward-looking statements. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "project," and similar expressions also identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding the following: our strategic priorities, including maintaining and delivering financial and operational rigor, reinvigorating our brands, strengthening our platform, and energizing our culture; our executive leadership team and their roles and contributions; our financial position heading into fiscal 2024; continuing to elevate our performance, improve execution consistency, and set the foundation for brand reinvigoration; each brand having trend-right product assortments and a clear point of view; our brand reinvigoration playbook; Old Navy accelerating growth in the Active market; building consistency and delivering against priorities at Old Navy; reigniting Gap brand with big ideas and delivering results; reestablishing Banana Republic to thrive in the premium lifestyle space; Banana Republic getting back to product and execution basics in fiscal 2024; the timeline for reestablishing Banana Republic and unlocking the brand's potential; the impact in fiscal 2024 of lapping periods of elevated discounting at Athleta; resetting Athleta for success; Athleta's efforts driving underlying benefits; building and sharpening our operational capabilities to improve effectiveness and efficiency and drive cost leverage and demand generation; elevating our technology tools and capabilities; cultivating a digitalfirst organization and mindset; using our platform to unlock additional value creation; energizing our culture to fuel creativity and connectivity; our Chief People Officer's role in building a winning culture; strengthening the fundamentals in 2024; remaining focused on discipline around margin recovery, expense actions, inventory management, and maintaining a strong balance sheet; our dividend policy and expected first quarter fiscal 2024 dividend; expected fiscal 2024 net sales; expected fiscal 2024 operating income growth; the impact of the loss of an additional week in fiscal 2024 and timing shifts associated with the additional week in fiscal 2023; impacts related to geopolitical issues in the Red Sea in fiscal 2024; consumer dynamics and macroeconomic pressures in fiscal 2024; the impact of a CFBP ruling on late fees for credit card holders in fiscal 2024; expected gross margin expansion in fiscal 2024; expected commodity cost tailwinds in fiscal 2024; expected ROD deleverage in fiscal 2024; expected fiscal 2024 SG&A; identifying and pursuing efficiencies as we drive our strategic plan; expected fiscal 2024 net interest expense; expected fiscal 2024 effective tax rate; expected fiscal 2024 capital expenditures; expected first quarter fiscal 2024 net sales; expected first quarter fiscal 2024 gross margin expansion; expected first quarter fiscal 2024 SG&A; and generating sustainable, profitable growth and delivering value for shareholders over the long-term.

Because these forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. These factors include, without limitation, the following risks, any of which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, and reputation; the overall global economic and geopolitical environment and consumer spending patterns; the highly competitive nature of our business in the United States and internationally; the risk that we or our franchisees may be unsuccessful in gauging apparel trends and changing consumer preferences or responding with sufficient lead time; the risk that we fail to maintain, enhance and protect our brand image and reputation; the risk that we may be unable to manage our inventory effectively and the resulting impact on our gross margins and sales; the risk of loss or theft of assets, including inventory shortage; the risk that we fail to manage key executive succession and retention and to continue to attract qualified personnel; the risks to our business, including our costs and global supply chain, associated with global sourcing and manufacturing; the risks to our reputation or operations associated with importing merchandise from foreign countries, including failure of our vendors to adhere to our Code of Vendor Conduct; the risk that trade matters could increase the cost or reduce the supply of apparel available to us; the risk that we or our franchisees may be unsuccessful in identifying, negotiating, and securing new store locations and renewing, modifying, or terminating leases for existing store locations effectively; engaging in or seeking to engage in strategic transactions that are subject to various risks and uncertainties; the

risk that changes in our business strategy or restructuring our operations may not generate the intended benefits or projected cost savings; the risk that our efforts to expand internationally may not be successful; the risk that our franchisees and licensees could impair the value of our brands; the risk that our investments in customer, digital, and omni-channel shopping initiatives may not deliver the results we anticipate; the risk of data or other security breaches or vulnerabilities that may result in increased costs, violations of law, significant legal and financial exposure, and a loss of confidence in our security measures; the risk that failures of, or updates or changes to, our IT systems may disrupt our operations; reductions in income and cash flow from our credit card arrangement related to our private label and co-branded credit cards; the risk of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations; the risk that our comparable sales and margins may experience fluctuations or that we may fail to meet financial market expectations; the risk that our level of indebtedness may impact our ability to operate and expand our business; the risk that we and our subsidiaries may be unable to meet our obligations under our indebtedness agreements; the risk that changes in our credit profile or deterioration in market conditions may limit our access to the capital markets; evolving regulations and expectations with respect to ESG matters; natural disasters, public health crises (such as pandemics and epidemics), political crises (such as the ongoing Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Hamas conflicts), negative global climate patterns, or other catastrophic events; our failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations and changes in the regulatory or administrative landscape; the risk that we will not be successful in defending various proceedings, lawsuits, disputes, and claims; the risk that our estimates regarding consumer demand are inaccurate, or that global economic conditions worsen beyond what we currently estimate; the risk that changes in our business structure, our performance or our industry could result in reductions in our pre-tax income or utilization of existing tax carryforwards in future periods, and require additional deferred tax valuation allowances; the risk that changes in the geographic mix and level of income or losses, the expected or actual outcome of audits, changes in deferred tax valuation allowances, and new legislation could impact our effective tax rate; the risk that the adoption of new accounting pronouncements will impact future results; and the risk that additional information may arise during our close process or as a result of subsequent events that would require us to make adjustments to our financial information.

Additional information regarding factors that could cause results to differ can be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2023, as well as our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

These forward-looking statements are based on information as of March 7, 2024. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise our forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized.

#### About Gap Inc.

Gap Inc., a house of iconic brands, is the largest specialty apparel company in America. Its Old Navy, Gap, Banana Republic, and Athleta brands offer clothing, accessories, and lifestyle products for men, women and children. Since 1969, Gap Inc. has created products and experiences that shape culture, while doing right by employees, communities and the planet. Gap Inc. products are available worldwide through company-operated stores, franchise stores, and e-commerce sites. Fiscal year 2023 net sales were \$14.9 billion. For more information, please visit www.gapinc.com.

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The Gap, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions) ASSETS	Februa 202	Januar 202		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Merchandise inventory Other current assets	\$	1,873 1,995 527	\$	1,215 2,389 1,013
Total current assets Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		4,395 2,566		4,617 2,688
Operating lease assets Other long-term assets		3,115 968		3,173 908
Total assets	\$	11,044	\$	11,386
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Current portion of operating lease liabilities Income taxes payable Total current liabilities	\$	1,349 1,108 600 39 3,096	\$	1,320 1,219 667 50 3,256
Long-term liabilities: Revolving credit facility Long-term debt Long-term operating lease liabilities Other long-term liabilities Total long-term liabilities		1,488 3,353 512 5,353		350 1,486 3,517 544 5,897
Total stockholders' equity Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,595 11,044	\$	2,233 11,386

The Gap, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS UNAUDITED

	14 Week	s Ended (1)		eeks Ended		eks Ended (1)		/eeks Ended
(\$ and shares in millions except per share amounts)		ruary 3, 2024	Jai	nuary 28, 2023	F	ebruary 3, 2024	Ja	nuary 28, 2023
Net sales Cost of goods sold and occupancy expenses	\$	4,298 2,626	\$	4,243 2,819	\$	14,889 9,114	\$	15,616 10,257
Gross profit Operating expenses		1,672 1,458		1,424 1,454		5,775 5,215		5,359 5,428
Operating income (loss) Interest, net		214 (4)		(30) 13		560 4		(69) 70
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense		218 33		(43) 230		556 54		(139) 63
Net income (loss)	\$	185	\$	(273)	\$	502	\$	(202)
Weighted-average number of shares - basic Weighted-average number of shares - diluted		372 381		366 366		370 376		367 367
Net earnings (loss) per share - basic Net earnings (loss) per share - diluted	\$ \$	0.50 0.49	\$ \$	(0.75) (0.75)	\$	1.36 1.34	\$ \$	(0.55) (0.55)

 $\overline{\mbox{(1) Fiscal 2023 includes incremental sales attributable to the 53rd week.}$ 

## The Gap, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS UNAUDITED

(\$ in millions)	53 Weeks Februa 2024	ry 3,	52 Weeks Ended January 28, 2023 (a)			
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income (loss) Depreciation and amortization Loss on divestiture activity Gain on sale of building Change in merchandise inventory Change in accounts payable Change in accord expenses and other current liabilities Change in income taxes payable, net of receivables and other tax-related items Other, net Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	502 522 — (47) 383 42 12 75 43	\$	(202) 540 35 (83) 554 (540) (243) 417 129 607		
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment Net proceeds from sale of buildings Proceeds from divestiture activity Other Net cash used for investing activities		(420) 76 9 1 (334)		(685) 458 — — — (227)		
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from revolving credit facility Repayments of revolving credit facility Payments for debt issuance costs Proceeds from issuances under share-based compensation plans Withholding tax payments related to vesting of stock units Repurchases of common stock Cash dividends paid Other Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities		(350) 27 (20) (222) (2) (567)		350 — (6) 27 (20) (123) (220) — (2) —		
Effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$	(3) 628 1,273 1,901	\$	(15) 371 902 1,273		

(a) For the fifty-three weeks ended February 3, 2024 and the fifty-two weeks ended January 28, 2023, total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash includes \$28 million and \$58 million, respectively, of restricted cash recorded within other current assets and other long-term assets on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Gap, Inc. NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES UNAUDITED

#### FREE CASH FLOW

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. We believe free cash flow is an important metric because it represents a measure of how much cash a company has available for discretionary and non-discretionary items after the deduction of capital expenditures. We require regular capital expenditures including technology improvements as well as building and maintaining our stores and distribution centers. We use this metric internally, as we believe our sustained ability to generate free cash flow is an important driver of value creation. However, this non-GAAP financial measure is not intended to supersede or replace our GAAP results.

	53 Weeks Er	52 Weeks En	ded	
(\$ in millions)	February 2024	3,	January 28 2023	3,
Net cash provided by operating activities Less: Purchases of property and equipment	\$	1,532 (420)	\$	607 (685)
Free cash flow	\$	1,112	\$	(78)

The Gap, Inc. NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES UNAUDITED

#### ADJUSTED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS METRICS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

The following adjusted statement of operations metrics are non-GAAP financial measures. These measures are provided to enhance visibility into the Company's underlying results for the period excluding the impact of restructuring costs and a gain on sale of building. Management believes the adjusted metrics are useful for the assessment of ongoing operations as we believe the adjusted items are not indicative of our ongoing operations, and provide additional information to investors to facilitate the comparison of results against past and future years. However, these non-GAAP financial measures are not intended to supersede or replace the GAAP measures.

(\$ in millions)		Gross	Gross	Oı	perating	Operating Expenses as a % of	Qp	eratina	Operating		Income Tax		Net		Earnings per Share -
53 Weeks Ended February 3, 2024	Φ.	Profit	Margin		(penses	Net Sales	- 1	come	Margin	•	Expense		ncome	_	Diluted
GAAP metrics, as reported Adjustments for: Restructuring costs (a) Gain on sale of building Non-GAAP metrics	\$	5,775 <u>4</u> 5,779	38.8 % % % 38.8 %	\$	5,215 (89) 47 5,173	35.0 % (0.6) % 0.3 % 34.7 %	\$	93 (47) 606	3.8 % 0.6 % (0.3) % 4.1 %	\$	54 23 (11) 66	\$	502 70 (36) 536	» »	1.34 0.19 (0.10) 1.43

(a) Includes \$64 million of employee-related costs and \$29 million of consulting and other associated costs related to our previously announced actions to further simplify and optimize our operating model and structure.

The Gap, Inc. NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

#### ADJUSTED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS METRICS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

The following adjusted statement of operations metrics are non-GAAP financial measures. These measures are provided to enhance visibility into the Company's underlying results for the period excluding the impact of impairment of certain inventory, impairment related to the Yeezy Gap business, a loss on divestiture activity, and a gain on sale of building. Management believes the adjusted metrics are useful for the assessment of ongoing operations as we believe the adjusted items are not indicative of our ongoing operations, and provide additional information to investors to facilitate the comparison of results against past and future years. However, these non-GAAP financial measures are not intended to supersede or replace the GAAP measures.

					Operating									Earnings
(\$ in millions)					Expenses		Operating			Income		Net		per
(\$ 11 1111110110)		Gross	Gross	Operating	as a % of		Income	Operating		Tax		Income		Share -
52 Weeks Ended January 28, 2023		Profit	Margin	Expenses	Net Sales		(Loss)	Margin	Е	Expense		(Loss)		Diluted
GAAP metrics, as reported	\$	5,359	34.3 %	\$ 5,428	34.8 %	\$	(69)	(0.4) %	\$	63	\$	(202)	\$	(0.55)
Adjustments for: Inventory impairment charges (a)		58	0.4 %		— %		58	0.4 %		٥		49	Ф	0.13
Yeezy Gap impairment charges (a)		53	0.3 %		— % — %		53	0.3 %		9		44	\$	0.13
Loss on divestiture activity (č)		=	— %	(35) 83	(0.2) % 0.5 %		35	0.2 %		. 5		30	\$	0.08
Gain on sale of building		_	— %	83	0.5 %		(83)	(0.5) %		(17)		(66)	\$	(0.18)
Non-GAAP metrics	_	5.470	35.0 %	\$ 5.476	35.1 %	_	(6)		_	69	_	(145)		(0.40)

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents the inventory impairment charges as a result of delayed seasonal product and extended size product, primarily at Old Navy. (b) Represents the impairment charges as a result of the decision to discontinue the Yezy Gap business, primarily related to inventory. (c) Represents the impact of the loss on divestiture activity related to the transition of the Old Navy Mexico business.

The Gap, Inc. NET SALES RESULTS UNAUDITED

The following table details the Company's fourth quarters and fiscal years 2023 and 2022 net sales (unaudited):

(\$ in millions)  14 Weeks Ended February 3, 2024 (1)  U.S. (2) Canada Other regions Total	Navy lobal 2,107 171 10 2,288	Gap lobal 768 99 140 1,007	Rep	nana oublic obal 494 48 25 567	12 419	Othe	17 — — 17	\$ otal 3,793 330 175 4,298
(\$ in millions)  13 Weeks Ended January 28, 2023  U.S. (2) Canada Other regions Total	I Navy lobal 1,982 165 19 2,166	Gap lobal 709 91 261 1,061	Rep	nana oublic obal 505 49 24 578	nleta obal 423 10 3 436	Othe	2 	\$ 3,621 315 307 4,243
(\$ in millions)  53 Weeks Ended February 3, 2024 (1)  U.S. (2) Canada Other regions Total	Navy lobal 7,460 674 69 8,203	Gap lobal 2,470 332 539 3,341	Rep	nana oublic obal 1,681 170 88 1,939	1,310 45 5 1,360	Othe	46 — 46 — 46	\$ otal 12,967 1,221 701 14,889
(\$ in millions) 52 Weeks Ended January 28, 2023 U.S. (2) Canada Other regions Total	Navy lobal 7,471 679 84 8,234	Gap lobal 2,461 332 981 3,774	Rep	nana oublic obal 1,829 192 95 2,116	nleta obal 1,428 33 19 1,480	Othe	er (3) 12 — 12	\$ otal 13,201 1,236 1,179 15,616

### The Gap, Inc. REAL ESTATE

Store count, openings, closings, and square footage for our stores are as follows:

	January 28, 2023	53 Weeks Ended	February 3, 2024	Febru	ary 3, 2024
	Number of Store Locations	Number of Stores Opened	Number of Stores Closed	Number of Store Locations	Square Footage (in millions)
Old Navy North America Gap North America Gap Asia (1) Banana Republic North America Banana Republic Asia Athleta North America	1,238 493 232 419 46 257	25 1 2 2 2 4 25	20 22 11 21 7 12	1,243 472 134 400 43 270	19.8 5.0 1.2 3.3 0.2 1.1
Company-operated stores total Franchise (1)	2,685 667	59 293	93 96	2,562 998	30.6 N/A
Total	3,352	352	189	3,560	30.6

Fiscal 2023 includes incremental sales attributable to the 53rd week.
 U.S. includes the United States and Puerto Rico.
 Primarily consists of net sales from revenue-generating strategic initiatives.

<sup>(1)</sup> The 89 Gap China stores that were transitioned to Baozun during the period are not included as store closures or openings for Company-operated and Franchise store activity. The ending balance for Gap Asia excludes Gap China stores and the ending balance for Franchise includes Gap China locations transitioned during the period.

SOURCE Gap Inc.