

# 2024 Annual Report

Never stronger.

Never **better positioned** for the future.

Illinois Tool Works Inc. (NYSE: ITW) is a Fortune 300 global multi-industry manufacturing leader with revenue of \$15.9 billion in 2024. The company's seven industry-leading segments leverage the unique ITW Business Model to drive solid growth with best-in-class margins and returns in markets where highly innovative, customer-focused solutions are required. ITW's approximately 44,000 dedicated colleagues around the world thrive in the company's decentralized and entrepreneurial culture. To learn more, please visit www.itw.com.

# A global industrial company built around a differentiated business model.

## Contents

1

Letter to Shareholders

4

ITW's Performance Since the Launch of Our Enterprise Strategy

5

Customer-Back Innovation Is the Most Impactful Driver of Consistent, Above-Market Growth 6

Overview of ITW's Operating Segments

8

Corporate Executives and Board of Directors

**INSIDE BACK COVER** 

Shareholder Information

# To Our Fellow Shareholders

In 2024, we delivered another year of strong operational and financial performance by leveraging the strength of our best-in-class business model and high-quality, diversified business portfolio. We achieved record financial results as we outperformed our underlying end markets, improved profitability and margins, and delivered significant progress on our Next Phase key strategic priorities.

## 2024 Performance Highlights

- Revenue of \$15.9 billion.
- Customer-Back Innovation contribution of 2% to revenue arowth.
- Record operating income of \$4.3 billion, up 6%.
- Record operating margin of 26.8%, up 170 basis points.
- Record after-tax Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)<sup>1</sup> of 31.2%, up 80 basis points.
- Record GAAP EPS of \$11.71, up 20%.
- Invested \$800 million to support the long-term profitable growth of our core businesses.
- Raised our dividend for the 61st consecutive year (+7% per share).
- Returned \$3.2 billion of surplus capital to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases.

#### The Next Phase of Our Enterprise Strategy: 2024 to 2030

Over the past decade, we successfully transformed ITW from a "middle of the pack" industrial company to one of the highest-quality, best performing, and most respected industrial companies in the world. In doing so, we demonstrated that ITW has the most powerful and competitive business model in the industrial arena.

In 2024, we launched the Next Phase of our Enterprise Strategy. In this Next Phase, we will continue to improve the quality of practice in our proprietary business model, while pivoting decisively to build above-market organic growth, fueled by Customer-Back Innovation execution, into a core ITW strength.

Achieving high-quality organic growth of 4%+ through the cycle is our highest priority in the Next Phase. Simply put, our goal is to build high-quality, above-market organic growth into a defining ITW strength on par with our best-in-class operational capabilities and financial performance by 2030.

# 2030 Performance Goals: Differentiated Performance in Any Environment

~30% Operating Margin

35%+ After-Tax ROIC

4%+ Average Annual **Organic Growth**  35-40% Incremental Margin

9-10% Average Annual **EPS Growth** 

100%+ Free Cash Flow as % of **Net Income** 

7%+ Increase

Scope 1 & 2 **GHG Reduction** 

After-tax return on average invested capital (ROIC) is a non-GAAP measure. Refer to Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the 2024 Form 10-K regarding this non-GAAP measure, including a reconciliation to the most closely comparable GAAP measure.

Our highly focused and disciplined capital allocation strategy remains unchanged. Our top priority is to invest internally in our highly profitable core businesses to support organic growth efforts and sustain productivity. Our second priority is an attractive dividend which grows in line with earnings over time and remains a critical component of ITW's total shareholder return (TSR). Third, we will look to identify and execute high-quality acquisitions that can supplement ITW's long-term organic growth potential and generate attractive risk-adjusted returns on our shareholders' capital. Finally, our surplus capital is allocated to an active share repurchase program.

#### **Organic Growth Fueled by Customer-Back Innovation**

Customer-Back Innovation (CBI) is the most impactful driver in achieving our organic growth target, and our goal is to position the company to consistently deliver a 3%+ CBI annual contribution to revenue growth by 2030.

At ITW, Customer-Back Innovation means that our divisions partner with key customers as trusted problem solvers. addressing their most critical challenges. Our innovation efforts are division led and are centered around customer needs, not a corporate research and design center. This approach, built on decades of innovation experience, delivers better outcomes for our customers and higher growth and returns on investment for ITW.

Leveraging the proven methodologies that significantly strengthened our 80/20 Front-to-Back capability over the last decade, we are reinvigorating and improving our

Customer-Back Innovation capabilities in this Next Phase, and in 2024, we launched our new CBI framework in every ITW division. This proprietary framework is now being customized to each division's unique needs. It is exciting to see the energy and enthusiasm in our divisions as they adopt the new framework and implement their innovation strategies to drive above-market organic growth.

Our proprietary innovations are protected by a robust portfolio of approximately 21,000 patents, and more than half of our revenues were protected by patents or trade secrets last year. Patent filings, a key leading indicator of Customer-Back Innovation yield, increased by 18% in 2024.

While we still have some work ahead of us as we position the company to deliver 3%+ CBI yield by 2030, we are pleased with the progress so far, achieving 2% in 2024, more than double historical levels.

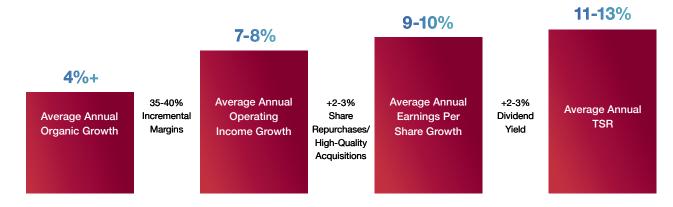
#### **Management Updates**

We are deeply grateful for our management team and Board of Directors, both essential components of ITW's long-term performance and success, and we thank them for their invaluable leadership, guidance, and dedication.

In early 2025, we welcomed Mark Thibeault to the executive leadership team as executive vice president of the Polymers & Fluids segment. Mark, a seasoned and accomplished ITW leader, has been with the company since 2006.

#### 2024-2030 TSR Model

Achieving our 4%+ average annual organic growth target at ITW's best-in-class margins and returns will produce consistent double-digit TSR:





E. Scott Santi

Christopher A. O'Herlihy

#### In Closing

ITW, driven by a combination of powerful competitive strengths, is unique in the industrial landscape. Our proprietary business model delivers best-in-class performance, while our diversified and resilient business portfolio mitigates economic risks. The combination of our industry-leading margins and our fortress balance sheet supports consistent long-term focus and execution and the ability to sustain strategic growth investments across all market conditions.

In an increasingly volatile world, ITW is uniquely positioned to deliver reliable and predictable double-digit TSR over any 5+ year time frame. Achieving our 4%+ annual organic growth target, coupled with our best-in-class margins and disciplined capital allocation, will generate consistent, double-digit TSR throughout our Next Phase.

Today, ITW is stronger and better positioned than ever before to deliver differentiated performance, driven by clear, actionable strategies and our unwavering commitment to "Do What We Say" execution, which will continue to be the cornerstone of our success in the Next Phase and beyond. In 2024, we made significant progress on our Next Phase priorities and are well on track to deliver our 2030 performance goals.

We conclude by expressing our sincere gratitude to our 44,000 colleagues for their exceptional dedication and commitment to serving our customers and executing our

Today, ITW is stronger and better positioned than ever before to deliver differentiated performance, driven by clear, actionable strategies and our unwavering commitment to "Do What We Say" execution, which will continue to be the cornerstone of our success in the Next Phase and beyond.

strategy with excellence each and every day. ITW is a "Do What We Say" company because our colleagues around the world do what they say.

Lastly, on behalf of your Board of Directors and your management team, we thank you, our fellow shareholders, for your continued support.

E. Scott Santi Non-Executive Chairman Christopher A. O'Herlihy
President and

Clinis O'flerlihy

Chief Executive Officer

March 25, 2025

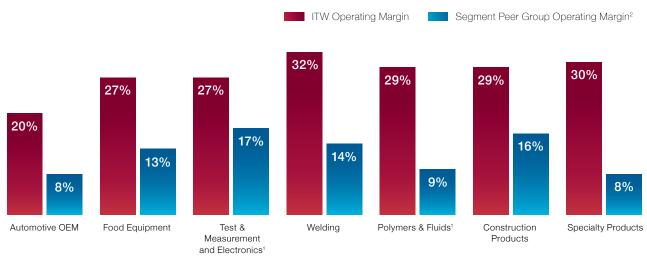
# ITW's Performance Since the Launch of Our Enterprise Strategy

	2012	2024	
Revenue	\$17.9B	\$15.9B	<b>-11</b> %
Operating Income	\$2.8B	\$4.3B	+54%
Operating Margin	15.9%	26.8%	+1090 bps
Earnings Per Share	\$3.211	\$11.71	<b>◀</b> 3.6x
After-tax ROIC¹	14.5%²	31.2%	<b>◆ 2.2</b> x
Dividends Declared Per Share	\$1.48	\$5.80	<b>◀</b> 3.9x
Market Capitalization <sup>3</sup>	\$23B	\$75B	<b>◆</b> 3.3x

<sup>1</sup> After-tax return on average invested capital (ROIC) and 2012 Adjusted EPS are non-GAAP measures, Refer to Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in the 2024 Form 10-K and the appendix included in this Annual Report for more information regarding these non-GAAP measures, including reconciliations to the most closely comparable GAAP measures.

#### Best-in-Class Business Model = Best-in-Class Performance

At ITW, we believe operating margin is the best indicator of relative competitive advantage, as it incorporates both the level of value-add in the solutions a business provides to its customers and the efficiency of its processes to produce and distribute them.



<sup>1</sup> Test & Measurement and Electronics and Polymers & Fluids exclude 180 bps and 160 bps, respectively, of unfavorable operating margin impact of amortization expense related to intangible assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As reported in the 2013 Form 10-K.

<sup>3</sup> As of January 1, 2012 and December 31, 2024.

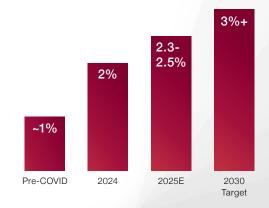
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See the appendix included in this Annual Report for segment peer group definitions.

# Customer-Back Innovation Is the Most Impactful Driver of Consistent, Above-Market Growth



## CBI Contribution to Growth (Yield)

Achieving high-quality organic growth of 4%+ through the cycle is our highest priority in the Next Phase, and Customer-Back Innovation is the most impactful driver of above-market revenue growth. In 2024, CBI delivered a 2% contribution to organic growth and enabled us to outperform our underlying end markets. Our goal is for CBI to contribute 3%+ to organic growth by 2030, and we are well on track to achieve that goal.



# ITW/s Diversified, High-Quality Business Portfolio

Seven Operating Segments







#### **Automotive OEM**

Highly focused, global, niche supplier of solutions to top-tier OEMs and their suppliers

### Food Equipment

Industry-leading global positions through differentiated innovation in commercial dishwashing, cooking, refrigeration, retail, and integrated service offerings

#### Test & Measurement and Electronics

Leading global supplier of production and laboratory testing and assembly equipment, accessories, consumables, and aftermarket parts and service

2024 revenue

**\$3.2** billion

2024 operating margin

19.6%

2024 revenue

**\$2.6** billion

2024 operating margin

27.2%

2024 revenue

**\$2.8** billion

2024 operating margin

**26.7%** 

# ITW's business portfolio criteria:

- ✓ End markets that value sustainable differentiation
- ✓ Positive long-term macro fundamentals
- ✓ Strong and durable competitive advantages with relevance to key end market trends

- ✓ Significant potential to deliver above-market organic growth over the long term
- ✓ Ability to leverage the ITW Business Model to generate consistent best-in-class margins and returns









#### Welding

Highly focused supplier of value-added welding equipment and specialty consumables for a variety of commercial, industrial, and infrastructure applications

## Polymers & Fluids

Specialized adhesives, lubricants, and additives for industrial- and consumer-related end markets

#### Construction Products

Global provider of innovative fastening solutions that improve contractor productivity and building quality in residential and commercial construction

#### Specialty Products

Innovative, value-added solutions for consumer packaging, product branding, and other niche applications

2024 revenue

**\$1.9** billion

2024 operating margin

32.3%

2024 revenue

**\$1.8** billion

2024 operating margin

29.0%

2024 revenue

**\$1.9** billion

2024 operating margin

29.3%

2024 revenue

\$1.7 billion

2024 operating margin

30.3%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Test & Measurement and Electronics and Polymers & Fluids exclude 180 bps and 160 bps, respectively, of unfavorable operating margin impact of amortization expense related to intangible assets

# 2025 Corporate Executives



PICTURED LEFT TO RIGHT

Javier Gracia Carbonell, Guilherme F. Silva, Patricia A. Hartzell, Axel R. J. Beck, Christopher A. O'Herlihy, Michael M. Larsen, Mary K. "Katie" Lawler, T. Kenneth Escoe, Sharon A. Szafranski, Mark A. Thibeault

#### Christopher A. O'Herlihy

President and Chief Executive Officer

#### Michael M. Larsen

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### Mary K. "Katie" Lawler

Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer

#### Axel R.J. Beck

Executive Vice President, Food Equipment

#### T. Kenneth Escoe

Executive Vice President, Specialty Products

#### Javier Gracia Carbonell

Executive Vice President, **Automotive OEM** 

#### Patricia A. Hartzell

Executive Vice President, Test & Measurement and Electronics

#### Guilherme F. Silva

Executive Vice President, **Construction Products** 

#### Sharon A. Szafranski

Executive Vice President, Welding

#### Mark A. Thibeault

Executive Vice President, Polymers & Fluids

# 2025 Board of Directors

#### Daniel J. Brutto

Retired President, **UPS** International Retired Senior Vice President, United Parcel Service, Inc.

#### **Susan Crown**

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Owl Creek Partners, LLC

#### Darrell L. Ford

Executive Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer. **UPS** International

#### Kelly J. Grier

Retired US Chair and Managing Partner (CEO), Ernst & Young LLP

#### James W. Griffith

Retired President and Chief Executive Officer, The Timken Company

#### Jay L. Henderson

Retired Vice Chairman, Client Service, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

#### Jaime Irick

Former Chief Executive Officer, The Pittsburgh Paints Company

#### Richard H. Lenny

Non-Executive Chairman, Conagra Brands, Inc.

#### Christopher A. O'Herlihy

President and Chief Executive Officer, Illinois Tool Works Inc.

#### E. Scott Santi

Non-Executive Chairman of the Board, Illinois Tool Works Inc.

#### David B. Smith Jr.

Executive Vice President for Policy & Legal Affairs and General Counsel, Mutual Fund Directors Forum

#### Pamela B. Strobel

Retired Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer, **Exelon Corporation** Retired President. **Exelon Business Services Company** 

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-K**

X	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO S	SECTION 13 OR 15	(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	GE ACT OF 1934	
	For the fiscal year ended Decembe	r 31, 2024	OR		
			OK		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 O	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the transition period from	to			
		Cor	mmission file number 1-4797		
			S TOOL WORKS	SINC	
			ne of Registrant as Specified in its Cha		
			•		
	Delaware			36-1258310	
(	State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation of	or Organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identifica	tion No.)
1	55 Harlem Avenue Glenview	Illinois		60025	
	(Address of Principal Executive Of	ffices)		(Zip Code)	
		Registrant's telepho	one number, including area code: (84	47) 724-7500	
		Securities regis	stered pursuant to Section 12(b) of	f the Act:	
	Title of Each Class		Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Whic	ch Registered
	Common Stock		ITW	New York Stock Exchar	
	0.625% Euro Notes due 2027		ITW27	New York Stock Exchar	.,
	3.250% Euro Notes due 2028		ITW28	New York Stock Exchar	nge
	2.125% Euro Notes due 2030		ITW30	New York Stock Exchar	ıge
	1.00% Euro Notes due 2031		ITW31	New York Stock Exchar	ıge
	3.375% Euro Notes due 2032		ITW32	New York Stock Exchar	ıge
	3.00% Euro Notes due 2034		ITW34	New York Stock Exchar	ige
		Securities reg	gistered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:	None	
Indica	ate by check mark if the registrant is a well-know	vn seasoned issuer, as de	efined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  Yes 🗷 No 🗆		
Indica	ate by check mark if the registrant is not required	to file reports pursuant	to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes $\square$ No		
	ate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has shorter period that the registrant was required to			curities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding the past 90 days.	ng 12 months (or for
	ate by check mark whether the registrant has sub- hs (or for such shorter period that the registrant w		uch files).	itted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T dur	ing the preceding 12
			Yes ☒ No □		
Indica defini	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a larg itions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated file	ge accelerated filer, an a er," "smaller reporting of	ccelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a sma company," and "emerging growth company"	aller reporting company, or an emerging growth on Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	company. See the
Larg	e accelerated filer			Accelerated filer	
	-accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company	
Eme	rging growth company			,	
	emerging growth company, indicate by check ma ards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Ex	-	elected not to use the extended transition peri	iod for complying with any new or revised financ	ial accounting
	ate by check mark whether the registrant has filed on 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C.			ffectiveness of its internal control over financial r sued its audit report.	eporting under
	urities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) o eviously issued financial statements.	of the Act, indicate by c	heck mark whether the financial statements of	of the registrant included in the filing reflect the	correction of an erro
	ate by check mark whether any of those error co rs during the relevant recovery period pursuant to		nts that required a recovery analysis of incen	tive-based compensation received by any of the	registrant's executiv
Indica	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell	ll company (as defined i	in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes □ No 🗷		
	ggregate market value of the voting stock held by price as of June 30, 2024.	y non-affiliates of the re	egistrant as of June 30, 2024 was approximate	ely \$70.1 billion based on the New York Stock E	xchange closing

**Documents Incorporated by Reference** 

Shares of common stock outstanding at January 31, 2025: 293.5 million.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### PART I

Item 1.	Business	3
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	10
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	15
Item 1C.	Cybersecurity	15
Item 2.	Properties	16
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	16
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	16
	PART II	
Item 5.	Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	17
Item 6.	[Reserved]	18
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	18
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	43
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	44
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	80
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	80
Item 9B.	Other Information	80
Item 9C.	Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections	80
	PART III	
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	81
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	81
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	81
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	81
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	81
	PART IV	
Item 15.	Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules	82
Item 16.	Form 10-K Summary	85
	Signatures	86

#### **PART I**

#### ITEM 1. Business

#### General

Illinois Tool Works Inc. (the "Company" or "ITW") was founded in 1912 and incorporated in 1915. The Company's ticker symbol is ITW. The Company is a global manufacturer of a diversified range of industrial products and equipment with 86 divisions in 51 countries. As of December 31, 2024, the Company employed approximately 44,000 people.

The Company's operations are organized and managed based on similar product offerings and end markets, and are reported to senior management as the following seven segments: Automotive OEM; Food Equipment; Test & Measurement and Electronics; Welding; Polymers & Fluids; Construction Products; and Specialty Products. The following is a description of the Company's seven segments:

**Automotive OEM**— This segment is a global, niche supplier to top tier OEMs, providing unique innovation to address pain points for sophisticated customers with complex problems. Businesses in this segment produce components and fasteners for automotive-related applications. This segment primarily serves the automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers market. Products in this segment include:

plastic and metal components, fasteners and assemblies for automobiles, light trucks and other industrial uses.

**Food Equipment**— This segment is a highly focused and branded industry leader in commercial food equipment differentiated by innovation and integrated service offerings. This segment primarily serves the food service, food retail and food institutional/restaurant markets. Products in this segment include:

- warewashing equipment;
- cooking equipment, including ovens, ranges and broilers;
- refrigeration equipment, including refrigerators, freezers and prep tables;
- food processing equipment, including slicers, mixers and scales;
- kitchen exhaust, ventilation and pollution control systems; and
- food equipment service, maintenance and repair.

This segment is a branded and innovative producer of test and measurement and electronic manufacturing and maintenance, repair, and operations, or "MRO" solutions that improve efficiency and quality for customers in diverse end markets. Businesses in this segment produce equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials and structures, as well as equipment and consumables used in the production of electronic subassemblies and microelectronics. This segment primarily serves the electronics, general industrial, automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers, energy, industrial capital goods and consumer durables markets. Products in this segment include:

- equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials, structures, gases and fluids;
- electronic assembly equipment;
- electronic components and component packaging;
- static control equipment and consumables used for contamination control in clean room environments; and
- pressure sensitive adhesives and components for electronics, medical, transportation and telecommunications applications.

**Welding**— This segment is a branded value-added equipment and specialty consumable manufacturer with innovative and leading technology. Businesses in this segment produce arc welding equipment, consumables and accessories for a wide array of industrial and commercial applications. This segment primarily serves the general industrial market, which includes fabrication, shipbuilding and other general industrial markets, and construction, energy, MRO, industrial capital goods and automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers markets. Products in this segment include:

- arc welding equipment; and
- metal arc welding consumables and related accessories.

**Polymers & Fluids**— This segment is a branded supplier to niche markets that require value-added, differentiated products. Businesses in this segment produce engineered adhesives, sealants, lubrication and cutting fluids, and fluids and polymers for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance. This segment primarily serves the automotive aftermarket, general industrial and MRO markets. Products in this segment include:

- adhesives for industrial, construction and consumer purposes;
- chemical fluids which clean or add lubrication to machines;
- epoxy and resin-based coating products for industrial applications;
- hand wipes and cleaners for industrial applications;
- fluids, polymers and other supplies for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance;
- fillers and putties for auto body repair; and
- polyester coatings and patch and repair products for the marine industry.

**Construction Products**— This segment is a branded supplier of innovative engineered fastening systems and solutions. This segment primarily serves the residential construction, renovation/remodel and commercial construction markets. Products in this segment include:

- fasteners and related fastening tools for wood and metal applications;
- anchors, fasteners and related tools for concrete applications;
- · metal plate truss components and related equipment and software; and
- packaged hardware, fasteners, anchors and other products for retail.

**Specialty Products**— This segment is focused on diversified niche market opportunities with substantial patent protection producing beverage packaging equipment and consumables, product coding and marking equipment and consumables, and appliance components and fasteners. This segment primarily serves the food and beverage, consumer durables, general industrial, airlines, industrial goods and printing and publishing markets. Products in this segment include:

- conveyor systems and line automation for the food and beverage industries;
- plastic consumables that multi-pack cans and bottles and related equipment;
- foil, film and related equipment used to decorate consumer products;
- product coding and marking equipment and related consumables;
- plastic and metal closures and components for appliances;
- airport ground support equipment; and
- · components for medical devices.

The information set forth below is applicable to all segments of the Company unless otherwise noted.

#### The ITW Business Model

The powerful and highly differentiated ITW Business Model is the Company's core source of value creation. It is the Company's competitive advantage and defines how ITW creates value for its shareholders. The ITW Business Model is comprised of three unique elements:

- ITW's **80/20 Front-to-Back** process is the operating system that is applied in every ITW business. Initially introduced as a manufacturing efficiency tool in the 1980s, ITW has continually refined, improved and expanded 80/20 into a proprietary, holistic business management process that generates significant value for the Company and its customers. Through the application of data driven insights generated by 80/20 practice, ITW focuses on its largest and best opportunities (the "80") and eliminates cost, complexity and distractions associated with the less profitable opportunities (the "20"). 80/20 enables ITW businesses to consistently achieve world-class operational excellence in product availability, quality, and innovation, while generating superior financial performance;
- Customer-back Innovation has fueled decades of profitable growth at ITW. The Company's unique innovation approach is built on insight gathered from the 80/20 Front-to-Back process. Working from the customer back, ITW businesses position themselves as the go-to problem solver for their "80" customers. ITW's innovation efforts are focused on understanding customer needs, particularly those in "80" markets with solid long-term growth fundamentals, and creating unique solutions to address those needs. These customer insights and learnings drive innovation at ITW and have contributed to a portfolio of approximately 20,900 granted and pending patents;

• ITW's **Decentralized, Entrepreneurial Culture** enables ITW businesses to be fast, focused, and responsive. ITW businesses have significant flexibility within the framework of the ITW Business Model to customize their approach in order to best serve their specific customers' needs. ITW colleagues recognize their unique responsibilities to execute the Company's strategy and values. As a result, the Company maintains a focused and simple organizational structure that, combined with outstanding execution, delivers best-in-class services and solutions adapted to each business' customers and end markets.

#### **ENTERPRISE STRATEGY: 2012 - 2023**

In late 2012, ITW began its strategic framework transitioning the Company to fully leverage the unique and powerful set of capabilities and operating practices of the ITW Business Model. The Company undertook a complete review of its performance, focusing on its businesses delivering consistent above-market growth with best-in-class margins and returns, and developing a strategy to replicate that performance across its operations. ITW determined that solid and consistent above-market organic growth is the core growth engine to deliver world-class financial performance and compelling long-term returns for its shareholders.

Key initiatives in the Company's enterprise strategy included portfolio management, business structure simplification, strategic sourcing and the diligent re-application of ITW's proprietary 80/20 Front-to-Back process.

- As part of the Portfolio Management initiative, ITW exited businesses that were operating in commoditized market spaces and prioritized sustainable differentiation as a must-have requirement for all ITW businesses. This process included both divesting entire businesses and exiting commoditized product lines and customers inside otherwise highly differentiated ITW divisions.
- Business Structure Simplification was implemented to simplify and scale up ITW's operating structure to support increased engineering, marketing, and sales resources, and improve global reach and competitiveness, all of which were critical to driving accelerated organic growth. ITW now has 86 scaled-up divisions with significantly enhanced focus on growth investments, core customers and products, and customer-back innovation.
- The Strategic Sourcing initiative established sourcing as a core strategic and operational capability at ITW, delivering an average of one percent reduction in spend each year since 2013 and continues to be a key contributor to the Company's ongoing enterprise strategy.
- With the initial portfolio realignment and scale-up work largely completed, the Company shifted its focus to preparing for and accelerating organic growth, reapplying the 80/20 Front-to-Back process to optimize its scaled-up divisions for growth, first, to build a foundation of operational excellence, and second, to identify the best opportunities to drive organic growth.

Since implementing the Company's enterprise strategy in 2012, the Company has demonstrated the compelling performance potential of the ITW Business Model and superior 80/20 management, resulting in meaningful incremental improvement in margins and returns as evidenced by the Company's operating margin and after-tax return on invested capital. At the same time, these 80/20 initiatives may also result in restructuring initiatives that reduce costs and improve profitability and returns.

#### **OUR NEXT PHASE: 2024 - 2030**

In the Next Phase of the Company's evolution, the ITW Business Model and the Enterprise Strategy framework will be as formidable of a competitive advantage and performance differentiator as it has been over the last decade, if not more so. Volatility, risk and the pace of change in the global operating environment will continue to increase, and a decentralized entrepreneurial culture allows the Company to be a fast adaptor – to read, react, respond and evolve. The Company's ability to consistently execute and invest through the ups and downs of the business cycle is now a defining competitive advantage.

Throughout the Next Phase, the Company's focus is to build organic growth into a core ITW strength on par with the Company's world-class financial performance and operational capabilities. Throughout this phase, the Company will sustain its foundational strengths built over the past decade, including the high-quality ITW Business Model practice. Customer-back Innovation ("CBI") is the most impactful driver to achieve high-quality organic growth through the cycle by establishing trusted problem solver relationships with key customers to effectively invent solutions that address customers' most critical pain points or tackle the biggest growth opportunities. CBI successes, coupled with underlying market growth and share gains, are how the Company intends to achieve its high-quality organic growth.

#### Portfolio Discipline

The Company only operates in industries where it can generate significant, long-term competitive advantage from the ITW Business Model. ITW businesses have the right "raw material" in terms of market and business attributes that best fit the ITW Business Model and have significant potential to drive above-market organic growth over the long-term.

The Company focuses on high-quality businesses, ensuring it operates in markets with positive long-term macro fundamentals and with customers that have critical needs and value ITW's differentiated products, services and solutions. ITW's portfolio operates in highly diverse end markets and geographies which makes the Company more resilient in the face of uncertain or volatile market environments.

The Company routinely evaluates its portfolio to ensure it delivers sustainable differentiation and drives consistent long-term performance. This includes both implementing portfolio refinements and assessing selective high-quality acquisitions to supplement ITW's long-term growth potential.

In the second quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest two businesses, including one business in the Polymers & Fluids segment and one business in the Food Equipment segment. In the fourth quarter of 2022, both of these businesses were divested. The business in the Polymers & Fluids segment was sold for \$220 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$156 million. The business in the Food Equipment segment was sold for \$59 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$41 million. Operating revenue related to these divested businesses that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 was \$106 million.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest one business in the Specialty Products segment. This business was presented as held for sale beginning in the fourth quarter of 2022. This business was sold on April 3, 2023, with no significant gain or loss upon sale. Operating revenue related to this business that was included in the Company's results of operations was \$9 million and \$37 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's divestitures.

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$57 million, net of cash acquired. On April 1, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$59 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price for both acquisitions was subject to certain closing adjustments. These acquisitions were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Refer to Note 2. Acquisitions in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with affiliates of Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC ("CD&R") for the sale of the Company's noncontrolling equity interest in Wilsonart International Holdings LLC ("Wilsonart") for \$398 million. The transaction closed immediately after the execution of the purchase agreement. Proceeds from the transaction, net of transaction costs, were \$395 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$363 million which was included in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gain were more than offset by a discrete tax benefit of \$107 million in the third quarter of 2024 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart. The sale of the Company's equity interest in Wilsonart is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial results in subsequent periods. Refer to Note 5. Other Income (Expense) and Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding this transaction.

#### 80/20 Front-to-Back Practice Excellence

ITW will continue to drive 80/20 Front-to-Back practice excellence in every division in the Company, every day. Driving strong operational excellence in the quality of 80/20 Front-to-Back practice across the Company, division by division, will produce further customer-facing performance improvement in a number of divisions and additional structural margin expansion at the enterprise level.

#### **Current Year Developments**

Refer to Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### **Distribution Methods**

The Company's businesses primarily distribute their products directly to industrial manufacturers and through independent distributors.

#### **Backlog**

Backlog generally is not considered a significant factor in the Company's businesses as relatively short delivery periods and rapid inventory turnover are characteristic of most of their products.

#### Competition

With operations in 51 countries, the Company offers a wide range of products in a myriad of markets, many of which are fragmented, and the Company encounters a variety of competitors that vary by product line, end market and geographic area. The Company's competitors include many regional or specialized companies, as well as large U.S. and non-U.S. companies or divisions of large companies. Each of the Company's segments generally has several main competitors and numerous smaller ones in most of their end markets and geographic areas. In addition to numerous smaller regional competitors, the Welding segment competes globally with Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. and ESAB Corporation.

In virtually all segments, the Company differentiates its businesses from its competitors based on product innovation, product quality, brand preference and service delivery. Technical capability is also a competitive factor in most segments. The Company believes that each segment's primary competitive advantages derive from the ITW Business Model and decentralized operating structure, which creates a strong focus on end markets and customers at the local level, enabling its businesses to respond rapidly to market dynamics. This structure enables the Company's businesses to drive operational excellence utilizing the Company's 80/20 Front-to-Back process and leveraging its product innovation capabilities. The Company also believes that its global footprint is a competitive advantage in many of its markets, especially in its Automotive OEM segment.

#### **Raw Materials**

The Company uses raw materials of various types, primarily steel, resins and chemicals, that are available from numerous commercial sources. The availability of materials and energy has not resulted in any significant business interruptions or other major problems, and no such problems are currently anticipated.

#### **Intellectual Property**

The Company owns approximately 4,100 unexpired U.S. patents and 10,500 unexpired foreign patents covering articles, methods and machines. In addition, the Company has approximately 1,500 applications for patents pending in the U.S. Patent Office and 4,800 applications pending in foreign patent offices. There is no assurance that any of these patents will be issued. The Company maintains a patent group for the administration of patents and processing of patent applications.

The Company believes that many of its patents are valuable and important; however, the expiration of any one of the Company's patents would not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position. The Company also credits its success in the markets it serves to engineering capability; manufacturing techniques; skills and efficiency; marketing and sales promotion; and service and delivery of quality products to its customers.

In addition to patents, many of the Company's products and services are sold under various owned or licensed trademarks, which are important to the Company in the aggregate. Some of the Company's more significant trademarks include ITW, which is also used in conjunction with the trademarks of many of the Company's businesses; Deltar and Shakeproof in the Automotive OEM segment; Hobart in the Food Equipment segment; Instron and MTS in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment; Miller in the Welding segment; Rain-X and Permatex in the Polymers & Fluids segment; Paslode in the Construction Products segment; and Hi-Cone in the Specialty Products segment.

#### **Government Regulations**

The Company believes that its businesses and operations, including its manufacturing plants and equipment, are in substantial compliance with all applicable government laws and regulations, including those related to environmental, consumer protection, international trade, labor and employment, human rights, tax, anti-bribery and competition matters. Any additional measures to maintain compliance are not expected to materially affect the Company's capital expenditures (including expenditures for environmental control facilities), competitive position, financial position or results of operations.

Various legislative and administrative regulations applicable to the Company in the matters noted above have become effective or are under consideration in many parts of the world. To date, such developments have not had a substantial adverse impact on the Company's revenues, earnings or cash flows. However, if new or amended laws or regulations impose significant operational restrictions and compliance requirements upon the Company or its products, the Company's business, capital expenditures, results of operations, financial condition and competitive position could be negatively impacted. Refer to Item 1A. Risk Factors for further information.

#### **Human Capital Management**

As of December 31, 2024, the Company employed approximately 44,000 people, with approximately 16,000 people located in the United States and the remainder in multiple other countries where the Company's businesses operate. The Company strives to be a great employer through its demonstrated commitment to employee safety, its workplace culture, talent development, the ITW employee experience, compensation and benefits.

Employee Safety. The safety and well-being of ITW's colleagues around the world is its top priority, in addition to being an essential component of our commitment to be a great employer. Guided by the Company's Enterprise Safety Strategy and the philosophy that every accident is preventable, ITW strives every day to foster a proactive safety culture. ITW's Enterprise Safety Strategy and Safety Policy are based on the following core principles: (i) a goal of zero accidents; (ii) shared ownership for safety (business and individual); (iii) proactive approach focused on accident prevention; (iv) continuous improvement philosophy; and (v) compliance with applicable national, regional, and local health and safety laws and regulations.

*Workplace Culture*. The Company's culture is deeply rooted in its core values: Integrity, Respect, Trust, Shared Risk and Simplicity. ITW colleagues are empowered to think and act like business owners within the Company's decentralized, entrepreneurial culture. Our decentralized structure allows each division to operate with autonomy and enables our people to embrace the personal impact they can make.

*Talent Development.* The Company strives for all colleagues to "own" their careers and feel valued for the work they do. ITW colleagues are encouraged to learn new skills and capabilities primarily through on-the-job experience, hands-on coaching and feedback, in addition to formal training.

The Great ITW Leader Framework defines leadership capabilities and attributes to help colleagues to reach their full potential as leaders. Great ITW Leaders are expected to make great strategic choices to drive above-market organic growth, be an expert in the practice of customer-back innovation and the ITW Business Model, deliver great results, be great talent managers and lead through ITW's culture and values. Great ITW Leaders who have expertise in the ITW Business Model are the critical factor in translating the potential of the ITW Business Model into full performance. Because this expertise develops over time and through specific experiences, the Company focuses on developing and promoting its own talent to support the Company's sustained business success over the long term.

The ITW Employee Experience. ITW believes it is at its best when it brings together unique perspectives, experiences, and ideas. Rooted in ITW's core values of Respect and Integrity, the Company is committed to equal employment opportunity, fair treatment and creating inclusive workplaces where all ITW colleagues can perform to their full potential. Consistent with these values, ITW is also committed to attracting the best talent for its global leadership teams, valuing the perspectives of every ITW colleague, and reflecting the communities where we live and work. ITW drives progress through a comprehensive enterprise talent management strategy, which focuses on: (i) leadership commitment and accountability; (ii) attracting and retaining great ITW talent; (iii) creating inclusive workplaces; and (iv) striving to be a great employer.

Compensation and Benefits. As a global employer, the Company is committed to providing market-competitive compensation and benefits that support physical, mental, and financial well-being to attract and retain great talent across its global divisions. Specific compensation and benefits vary worldwide and are based on regional practices. In the U.S., the Company focuses on providing a comprehensive, competitive benefits package that supports the health and wellness, educational endeavors, community involvement and financial stability of its colleagues.

Labor Relations. Less than three percent of the Company's U.S. employees are represented by a labor union. Outside the U.S., employees in certain countries are represented by an employee representative organization, such as a union, works council or employee association. The Company considers its employee relations to be excellent.

#### **Information About Our Executive Officers**

The executive officers of the Company serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Set forth below is information regarding the principal occupations and employment and business experience over the past five years for each executive officer. Unless otherwise stated, employment is by the Company.

Executive Officers of the Company as of February 14, 2025 were as follows:

			First Year in Present	
Name	Age	<b>Present Position</b>	Position	Other Positions Held During 2020-2024
Christopher A. O'Herlihy	61	President & Chief Executive Officer	2024	Vice Chairman 2015-2023.
Axel R.J. Beck	59	Executive Vice President	2020	Group President, food equipment businesses, 2016-2020.
T. Kenneth Escoe	49	Executive Vice President	2020	
Javier Gracia Carbonell	52	Executive Vice President	2022	Group President, construction businesses, 2020-2021.
Patricia A. Hartzell	48	Executive Vice President	2022	Group President, test & measurement and electronics businesses, 2020-2021.
Michael M. Larsen	56	Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer	2013	
Mary K. Lawler	59	Senior Vice President & Chief Human Resources Officer	2014	
Randall J. Scheuneman	57	Vice President & Chief Accounting Officer	2009	
Jennifer K. Schott	51	Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary	2021	Deputy General Counsel & Assistant Secretary, Caterpillar, Inc., 2019-2021.
Guilherme Silva	49	Executive Vice President	2024	Group President, polymers & fluids businesses, 2020-2021; Group President, test & measurement and electronics businesses, 2021-2023.
Sharon A. Szafranski	58	Executive Vice President	2020	
Mark A. Thibeault	41	Executive Vice President	2025	Vice President/General Manager, test & measurement and electronics businesses, 2019-2022; Group President, test & measurement and electronics businesses, 2022-2024.

#### **Available Information**

Copies of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 are available free of charge through the Company's website (<a href="www.itw.com">www.itw.com</a>), as soon as reasonably practicable after electronically filing with or otherwise furnishing such information to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The Company's Code of Ethics for the CEO and key financial and accounting personnel is also posted on the Company's website.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

The Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows are subject to various risks, including, but not limited to, those set forth below, which could cause actual results to vary materially from recent results or from anticipated future results. These risk factors should be considered together with information included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Any of such risks and matters, individually or in combination, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, as well as on the attractiveness and value of an investment in the Company's securities.

#### **Economic Risks**

The Company's results are impacted by global economic conditions. Downturns in the markets served by the Company could adversely affect its businesses, results of operations or financial condition.

The Company's businesses are impacted by economic conditions around the globe. Slower economic growth, financial market instability, supply chain disruptions, natural disasters, public health crises (such as the COVID-19 pandemic), labor market challenges, rapid inflation, armed conflicts (such as the Russia and Ukraine conflict), government deficit reduction, sequestration and other austerity measures impacting the markets the Company serves can adversely affect the Company's businesses by reducing demand for the Company's products and services, limiting financing available to the Company's customers, causing production delays, increasing order cancellations and the difficulty in collecting accounts receivable, increasing price competition, or increasing the risk that counterparties to the Company's contractual arrangements will become insolvent or otherwise unable to fulfill their obligations.

Rising interest rates could have a dampening effect on overall economic activity and/or the financial condition of the Company's customers, either or both of which could negatively affect customer demand for the Company's products and customers' ability to repay obligations to the Company. Rising interest rates could have an impact on the Company and its customers' cost of capital.

The global nature of the Company's operations subjects it to political, economic and social risks that could adversely affect its business, results of operations or financial condition.

Over 50% of the Company's net sales are derived from customers outside the United States, and the Company currently operates in 51 countries. The risks inherent in the Company's global operations include:

- fluctuation in currency exchange rates;
- limitations on ownership or participation in local enterprises;
- price controls, exchange controls and limitations on repatriation of earnings;
- supply chain disruptions, including transportation delays and disruptions;
- political, social and economic instability and disruptions, including political unrest and armed conflicts;
- acts of terrorism;
- the impact of widespread public health crises and pandemics;
- government embargoes, sanctions or foreign trade restrictions;
- the imposition of duties and tariffs and other trade barriers and retaliatory countermeasures;
- government actions impacting international trade agreements, including the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement:
- import and export controls;
- social and labor unrest and current and changing regulatory environments;
- the potential for expropriation or nationalization of enterprises;
- difficulties in staffing and managing multi-national operations;
- multiple and potentially conflicting laws, regulations and policies that are subject to change;
- limitations on its ability to enforce legal rights and remedies; and
- potentially adverse tax consequences.

The global geopolitical and trade environment has resulted in raw material inflation and potential for increased escalation of domestic and international tariffs and retaliatory trade policies. Further changes in U.S. trade policy (including new or additional increases in duties or tariffs) and retaliatory actions by U.S. trade partners, including sanctions against Russia and developments in U.S.-China trade relations, could result in a worsening of economic conditions. If the Company is unable to successfully manage the risks associated with managing and expanding its international businesses, the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition may be adversely impacted.

# A significant fluctuation between the U.S. Dollar and other currencies could adversely impact the Company's operating income.

Although the Company's financial results are reported in U.S. Dollars, a significant portion of its sales and operating costs are realized in other currencies, with the largest concentration of foreign sales occurring in Europe. The Company's profitability is affected by movements of the U.S. Dollar against the Euro and other foreign currencies in which it generates revenues and incurs expenses. Significant long-term fluctuations in relative currency values, and in particular, an increase in the value of the U.S. Dollar against foreign currencies, has had and could have an adverse effect on profitability and financial condition.

#### **Business and Operational Risks**

# The benefits from the Company's enterprise strategy may not be as expected and the Company's financial results could be adversely impacted, or the Company may not meet its long-term financial performance targets.

As the Company continues to execute on its enterprise strategy initiatives, it remains focused on the core principles of portfolio discipline, 80/20 Front-to-Back practice excellence, and organic growth. Product line and customer base simplification activities, which are core elements of the Company's 80/20 Front-to-Back process, continue to be applied by the Company's operating divisions and are active elements of the enterprise strategy. Although these activities are expected to improve future operating margins and organic revenue growth, they are also expected to have a negative impact on the Company's overall organic revenue growth in the short term. Additionally, other core activities of the enterprise strategy related to portfolio discipline and organic growth, including customer-back innovation, may not have the desired impact on future operating results. If the Company is unable to realize the expected benefits from its enterprise strategy initiatives, the Company's financial results could be adversely impacted, or the Company may not meet its long-term financial performance targets.

#### The timing and amount of the Company's share repurchases are subject to a number of uncertainties.

Share repurchases constitute a significant component of the Company's capital allocation strategy. The Company has historically funded its share repurchases with free cash flow and short-term borrowings. The amount and timing of share repurchases will be based on a variety of factors. Important factors that could cause the Company to limit, suspend or delay its share repurchases include unfavorable trading market conditions, the price of the Company's common stock, the nature of other investment opportunities presented to the Company from time to time, regulatory developments relating to share repurchase programs, the ability to obtain financing at attractive rates and the availability of U.S. cash.

#### If the Company is unable to successfully introduce new products, its future growth may be adversely affected.

The Company's ability to develop new products based on innovation can affect its competitive position and sometimes requires the investment of significant time and resources. Difficulties or delays in research, development, production or commercialization of new products and services or in the adoption of technological change, such as the use of artificial intelligence and machine learning, may reduce future revenues and adversely affect the Company's competitive position. If the Company is unable to create sustainable product differentiation, its organic growth may be adversely affected.

# If the Company is unable to adequately protect its intellectual property, its competitive position and results of operations may be adversely impacted.

Protecting the Company's intellectual property is critical to its innovation efforts. The Company owns patents, trade secrets, copyrights, trademarks and/or other intellectual property rights related to many of its products, and also has exclusive and non-exclusive license rights under intellectual property owned by others. The Company's intellectual property rights may be challenged or the Company may be unable to maintain, renew or enter into new license agreements with third-party owners of intellectual property on reasonable terms. Unauthorized use of the Company's intellectual property rights by third parties, particularly in countries where property rights are not highly developed or protected, or inability to preserve existing intellectual property rights could adversely impact the Company's competitive position and results of operations.

# The Company has significant goodwill and other intangible assets, and future impairment of these assets could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial results.

The Company has recorded significant goodwill and other identifiable intangible assets on its balance sheet as a result of acquisitions. A number of factors may result in impairments to goodwill and other intangible assets, including significant negative industry or economic trends, disruptions to our business, increased competition and significant changes in the use of the assets. Impairment charges could adversely affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations in the periods recognized.

#### Raw material price increases and supply shortages could adversely affect results.

The supply of raw materials to the Company and to its component parts suppliers could be interrupted for a variety of reasons, including availability and pricing. Prices for raw materials have fluctuated significantly in the past and the Company has experienced upward pricing pressure on specialty materials such as high labor-content fabrications. Significant price increases could adversely affect the Company's results of operations and operating margins. In particular, inflation, changes in trade policies, the imposition of duties and tariffs, potential retaliatory countermeasures, public health crises and pandemics (such as the COVID-19 pandemic, which adversely impacted the price and availability of raw materials), threatened or actual military conflicts (such as the Russia and Ukraine conflict) and severe weather events could adversely impact the price or availability of raw materials. The Company may not be able to pass along increased raw material and components parts prices to its customers in the form of price increases or its ability to do so could be delayed. Consequently, its results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.

# The Company's defined benefit pension plans are subject to financial market risks that could adversely affect its results of operations and cash flows.

The performance of financial markets and interest rates impact the Company's funding obligations under its defined benefit pension plans. Significant changes in market interest rates, decreases in the fair value of plan assets and investment losses on plan assets may increase the Company's funding obligations and adversely impact its results of operations and cash flows.

If the Company is unable to protect its information technology infrastructure against service interruptions, data corruption, cyber-based attacks or network security breaches, or if there is a violation of data privacy laws, there could be a negative impact on operating results or the Company may suffer financial or reputational damage.

The Company relies on information technology networks and systems, including the Internet, to process, transmit and store electronic information, and to manage or support a variety of business processes and activities, including procurement, manufacturing, distribution, invoicing and collection. These technology networks and systems may be susceptible to damage, disruptions or shutdowns due to failures during the process of upgrading or replacing software, databases or components; power outages; hardware failures; computer viruses; employee error or malfeasance; and attacks by computer hackers, which have continued to increase on a global scale in both magnitude and frequency, taken on novel and unprecedented forms and become more difficult to detect. The risk and severity of cybersecurity attacks could increase as artificial intelligence is used by threat actors to identify vulnerabilities and conduct increasingly sophisticated attacks. Minor security breaches have occurred from time to time and are expected to occur in the future. Although the cyber-attacks experienced to date have not had a material impact, future security breaches of our technology networks and systems or those of our vendors and thirdparty service providers could result in unauthorized disclosure of confidential information or personal data belonging to our employees, partners, customers or suppliers, which could cause reputational and legal harm as we are subject to data privacy laws, including the EU General Data Protection Regulation, in the various countries in which we operate. If our information technology systems suffer severe damage, disruption, or shutdown, and business continuity plans do not effectively resolve the issues in a timely manner, or if we violate data privacy laws, there could be a negative impact on operating results and/or the financial reporting process and the Company may suffer financial or reputational damage.

In addition, cybersecurity laws and regulations continue to evolve, and are increasingly demanding, both in the U.S. and globally, which adds compliance complexity and may increase costs of compliance and expose the Company to reputational damage or litigation, monetary damages, regulatory enforcement actions or fines in one or more jurisdictions.

#### **Strategic Transaction Risks**

#### The Company's acquisition of businesses could negatively impact its profitability and returns.

The Company has engaged in various acquisitions in the past and could choose to acquire additional businesses in the future. Acquisitions involve a number of risks and financial, accounting, managerial and operational challenges, including the following, any of which could adversely affect the Company's profitability and returns:

- The acquired business' inability to adapt to the ITW Business Model or otherwise perform in accordance with the Company's anticipated results or timetable, could cause it to under perform relative to the Company's expectations and the price paid for it.
- The acquired business could cause the Company's financial results to differ from expectations in any given fiscal period, or over the long term.
- Acquisition-related earnings charges could adversely impact operating results.
- The acquired business could place unanticipated demands on the Company's management, operational resources and financial and internal control systems.
- The Company may assume unknown liabilities, known contingent liabilities that become realized or known
  liabilities that prove greater than anticipated, internal control deficiencies or exposure to regulatory sanctions
  resulting from the activities of the acquired business. The realization of any of these liabilities or deficiencies may
  increase the Company's expenses, adversely affect its financial position or cause noncompliance with its financial
  reporting obligations.
- As a result of acquisitions, the Company has in the past recorded significant goodwill and other identifiable
  intangible assets on its balance sheet. If the Company is not able to realize the value of these assets, it may recognize
  charges relating to the impairment of these assets.

#### Divestitures pose the risk of retained liabilities that could adversely affect the Company's financial results.

The Company has had significant divestiture activity in the past in accordance with its portfolio management initiative, and it divested one business in the first quarter of 2023 as it continues portfolio refinements to maintain portfolio discipline. The Company has retained certain liabilities directly or through indemnifications made to the buyers against known and unknown contingent liabilities such as lawsuits, tax liabilities, product liability claims and environmental matters, which could adversely affect the Company's financial results.

#### Tax, Legal and Regulatory Risks

#### Unfavorable tax law changes and tax authority rulings may adversely affect results.

The Company is subject to income taxes in the U.S. and in various foreign jurisdictions. Domestic and international tax liabilities are based on the income and expenses in various tax jurisdictions. The Company's effective tax rate could be adversely affected by changes in the mix of earnings among countries with differing statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation allowance of deferred tax assets or changes in tax laws. The amount of income taxes is subject to ongoing audits by U.S. federal, state and local tax authorities and by non-U.S. authorities. If these audits result in assessments different from amounts recorded, future financial results may include unfavorable tax adjustments.

#### Adverse outcomes in legal proceedings or enforcement actions may adversely affect results.

The Company's businesses expose it to potential costs and adverse rulings associated with commercial, intellectual property, employment, toxic tort and other product liability claims and lawsuits. The Company's global operations also subject it to government investigations in numerous countries. We cannot predict the outcome of claims, investigations and lawsuits and we may incur costs, judgments or fines or enter into settlements that could adversely impact our businesses, reputation or future financial results. The Company currently maintains insurance programs consisting of self-insurance up to certain limits and excess insurance coverage for claims over established limits. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain insurance on acceptable terms or that its insurance programs will provide adequate protection against actual losses. In addition, the Company is subject to the risk that one or more of its insurers may become insolvent and become unable to pay claims that may be made in the future. Even if it maintains adequate insurance programs, claims, judgments or settlements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, liquidity and results of operations and on its ability to obtain suitable, adequate or cost-effective insurance in the future.

Uncertainty related to environmental regulation and industry standards, as well as physical risks of climate change, could impact the Company's results of operations and financial position.

Increased public awareness and concern regarding environmental risks, including global climate change, may result in more international, regional and/or federal requirements or industry standards to reduce or mitigate global warming and other environmental risks. These regulations or standards could mandate even more restrictive requirements, such as stricter limits on greenhouse gas emissions and production of single use plastics, than the voluntary commitments that the Company has made or require such changes on a more accelerated time frame. There continues to be a lack of consistent climate legislation, which creates economic and regulatory uncertainty. In addition, the physical risks of climate change may impact the availability and cost of materials and natural resources, sources and supply of energy, product demand and manufacturing and could increase insurance and other operating costs, including, potentially, to repair damage incurred as a result of extreme weather events or to renovate or retrofit facilities to better withstand extreme weather events. If environmental laws or regulations or industry standards are either changed or adopted and impose significant operational restrictions and compliance requirements upon the Company or its products, or the Company's operations are disrupted due to physical impacts of climate change, the Company's business, capital expenditures, results of operations, financial condition and competitive position could be negatively impacted.

The Company may incur fines or penalties, damage to its reputation or other adverse consequences if its employees, agents or business partners violate anti-bribery, competition, export and import, trade sanctions, data privacy, environmental, artificial intelligence, human rights or other laws.

The Company has a decentralized operating structure under which its individual businesses are allowed significant decision-making autonomy within the Company's strategic framework and internal financial and compliance controls. The Company is subject to complex U.S., foreign and other local laws and regulations that are applicable to its operations, such as anti-bribery and anti-corruption, competition, export and import, trade sanctions, data privacy, environmental, the use of artificial intelligence in our business and in our products and services, and human rights laws. Although the Company has implemented compliance programs which include internal controls, policies and procedures and employee training to deter prohibited practices, these measures may not be effective in preventing employees, agents or business partners from violating or circumventing such internal policies and violating applicable laws and regulations. Any such improper actions could subject the Company to civil or criminal investigations, could lead to substantial civil or criminal monetary and non-monetary penalties against the Company or its subsidiaries, or could damage its reputation.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "plans," "intend," "may," "strategy," "prospects," "estimate," "will," "should," "could," "project," "target," "anticipate," "guidance," "forecast," and other similar words, and may include, without limitation, statements regarding the duration and potential effects of global supply chain challenges, related government actions and the Company's strategy in response thereto on the Company's business, future financial and operating performance, free cash flow, economic and regulatory conditions in various geographic regions, the impact of foreign currency fluctuations, the timing and amount of benefits from the Company's enterprise strategy initiatives, the timing and amount of dividends and share repurchases, the protection of the Company's intellectual property, the likelihood of future goodwill or intangible asset impairment charges, the impact of adopting new accounting pronouncements, the adequacy of internally generated funds and credit facilities to service debt and finance the Company's capital allocation priorities, the sufficiency of U.S. generated cash to fund cash requirements in the U.S., the cost and availability of additional financing, the availability of raw materials and energy and the impact of raw material cost inflation, enterprise initiatives, the Company's portion of future benefit payments related to pension and postretirement benefits, the Company's information technology infrastructure, potential acquisitions and divestitures and the expected performance of acquired businesses and impact of divested businesses, the impact of U.S. and global tax legislation and the estimated timing and amount related to the resolution of tax matters, the cost of compliance with environmental regulations, the impact of interest rate changes, the impact of failure of the Company's employees to comply with applicable laws and regulations, and the outcome of outstanding legal proceedings. These statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. Important risks that may influence future results include those risks described above. These risks are not all inclusive and given these and other possible risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results.

Any forward-looking statements made by ITW speak only as of the date on which they are made. ITW is under no obligation to, and expressly disclaims any obligation to, update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, subsequent events or otherwise, except as required by law.

ITW practices fair disclosure for all interested parties. Investors should be aware that while ITW regularly communicates with securities analysts and other investment professionals, it is against ITW's policy to disclose to them any material non-public information or other confidential commercial information. Investors should not assume that ITW agrees with any statement or report issued by any analyst irrespective of the content of the statement or report.

#### ITEM 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None

#### ITEM 1C. Cybersecurity

#### **Risk Management and Strategy**

The Company utilizes information systems to support a variety of business processes and activities in its decentralized operations. These systems may be subject to cyber-based attacks or breaches. For additional information related to the risks associated with cybersecurity threats, refer to the Business and Operational Risks section of Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Cybersecurity risk management is part of the Company's global enterprise risk management program. In order to manage the risks associated with cybersecurity threats, the Company has implemented a risk-based cybersecurity program consisting of processes, technologies, and controls to assess, identify and manage material risks from cybersecurity threats.

A key part of the Company's cybersecurity program is the ITW Cybersecurity Framework, which is based on the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Cybersecurity Framework ("CSF") and is designed to protect the Company's data through rapid identification of and effective response to cybersecurity incidents. The Company's framework includes detailed processes and controls related to backup and recovery, response planning, awareness, vulnerability management and endpoint protection as well as cybersecurity requirements for third-party service providers. The framework is regularly reviewed, assessed, and updated based on input from third party specialists, threat intelligence firms and CSF standard updates.

The ITW Cybersecurity Framework includes a number of activities designed to enhance the Company's resiliency related to cyber-related risks and ensure that the Company's information systems are secure from material cybersecurity threats. These activities include the following, among others:

- Annual cybersecurity training;
- Quarterly phish simulation testing;
- Ongoing response planning and tabletop exercises;
- Network/endpoint protection, monitoring and response;
- Vulnerability management and
- Backup and recovery testing.

While the Company's information systems are exposed to cybersecurity threats and risks, the Company has not experienced any material cybersecurity incidents during 2024, 2023 or 2022, and any costs or operational impacts related to cybersecurity incidents were immaterial during this period.

#### Governance

ITW's Board of Directors is responsible for providing oversight and strategic guidance to management to support the long-term interests of the Company's stakeholders. As part of this responsibility, the Board of Directors annually reviews and evaluates the Company's cybersecurity policies and practices with respect to risk management as well as steps taken by management to monitor and control such exposures.

In addition to oversight by the Board of Directors, several cross-functional management teams focus on cybersecurity risk and report any identified cybersecurity incidents. Each of the Company's divisions has a Division Cyber Incident Response Team and protocols in place to communicate cybersecurity incidents to a central Cyber Incident Response Team. The Cyber Incident Response Team is led by the Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO") and is responsible for the initial assessment of cybersecurity incidents and oversight of any incident response.

The Company's cybersecurity program is overseen by a dedicated global team of cybersecurity professionals, led by the CISO who brings over 20 years of information technology and cybersecurity leadership experience and holds the Certified Information Security Manager ("CISM") designation. The CISO reports directly to the Chief Information Officer ("CIO") and is responsible for leading the execution of the Company's cybersecurity strategy.

On a quarterly basis, or sooner if appropriate, cybersecurity incidents are summarized and reported to the Cybersecurity Governance Committee comprised of senior executives. Additionally, the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors receives quarterly cybersecurity reports from senior management which cover any identified cybersecurity incidents, results of third party vulnerability testing, and key developments in policies and practices during the quarter.

#### ITEM 2. Properties

Due to the Company's decentralized operating structure and global operations, the Company operates out of a large number of facilities worldwide, none of which are individually significant to the Company or its segments. As of December 31, 2024, the Company operated approximately 410 plants and office facilities, excluding regional sales offices and warehouse facilities. Approximately 270 of the facilities were located outside of the United States. Principal foreign countries include China, Germany, France, and the United Kingdom.

The Company's properties are well suited for the purposes for which they were designed and are maintained in good operating condition. Production capacity, in general, currently exceeds operating levels. Capacity levels are somewhat flexible based on the number of shifts operated and on the number of overtime hours worked. The Company adds production capacity from time to time as required by increased demand. Additions to capacity can be made within a reasonable period of time due to the nature of the Company's businesses.

#### ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings

None. The Company's threshold for disclosing environmental legal proceedings involving a governmental authority where potential monetary sanctions are involved is \$1 million.

#### ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

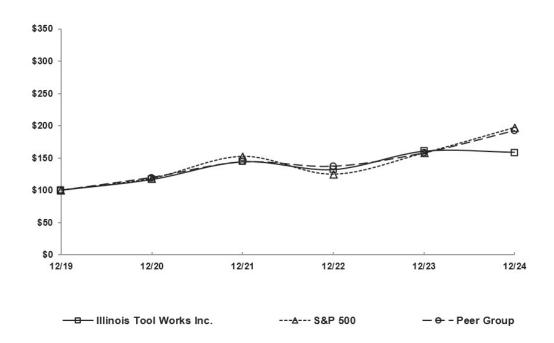
#### PART II

# ITEM 5. Market For Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Common Stock Data— The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "ITW." There were approximately 4,199 holders of record of common stock as of January 31, 2025. This number does not include beneficial owners of the Company's securities held in the name of nominees.

#### **COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN\***

Among Illinois Tool Works Inc., the S&P 500 Index, and a Peer Group



<sup>\*</sup>Assumes \$100 invested on December 31, 2019, including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal years ended December 31. Copyright© 2025 Standard & Poor's, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved.

The 2024 peer group consists of the following 17 public companies, consistent with the peer group included in the Company's Proxy Statement:

3M Company	Ecolab Inc.	Parker-Hannifin Corporation
Caterpillar Inc.	Emerson Electric Co.	PPG Industries, Inc.
Cummins Inc.	Fortive Corporation	Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Deere & Company	General Dynamics Corporation	Stanley Black & Decker, Inc.
Dover Corporation	Honeywell International Inc.	Trane Technologies plc
Eaton Corporation plc	Johnson Controls International plc	

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company reviews the peer group annually and from time to time changes the composition of the peer group where changes are appropriate. There were no changes in the Company's peer group in 2024.

#### **Repurchases of Common Stock**

On August 3, 2018, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2018 Program"). The 2018 Program was completed in the first quarter of 2022.

On May 7, 2021, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to an additional \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2021 Program"). The 2021 Program was completed in the fourth quarter of 2023.

On August 4, 2023, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provides for the repurchase of up to an additional \$5.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2023 Program"). As of December 31, 2024, there were approximately \$3.5 billion of authorized repurchases remaining under the 2023 Program.

Share repurchase activity under the Company's share repurchase programs for the fourth quarter of 2024 was as follows:

#### In millions except per share amounts

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Programs		Maximum Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under Programs	
October 2024	0.5	\$	258.91	0.5	\$	3,721	
November 2024	0.5	\$	271.32	0.5	\$	3,597	
December 2024	0.4	\$	269.58	0.4	\$	3,490	
Total	1.4			1.4			

#### ITEM 6. [Reserved]

#### ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### INTRODUCTION

Illinois Tool Works Inc. (the "Company" or "ITW") is a global manufacturer of a diversified range of industrial products and equipment with 86 divisions in 51 countries. As of December 31, 2024, the Company employed approximately 44,000 people.

The Company's operations are organized and managed based on similar product offerings and end markets, and are reported to senior management as the following seven segments: Automotive OEM; Food Equipment; Test & Measurement and Electronics; Welding; Polymers & Fluids; Construction Products; and Specialty Products.

Due to the large number of diverse businesses and the Company's decentralized operating structure, the Company does not require its businesses to provide detailed information on operating results. Instead, the Company's corporate management collects data on several key measurements: operating revenue, operating income, operating margin, variable cost of revenue, overhead expenses, number of months on hand in inventory, days sales outstanding in accounts receivable, past due receivables and return on invested capital. These key measures are monitored by management and significant changes in operating results versus current trends in end markets and variances from forecasts are discussed with operating unit management.

#### THE ITW BUSINESS MODEL

The powerful and highly differentiated ITW Business Model is the Company's core source of value creation. It is the Company's competitive advantage and defines how ITW creates value for its shareholders. The ITW Business Model is comprised of three unique elements:

• ITW's **80/20 Front-to-Back** process is the operating system that is applied in every ITW business. Initially introduced as a manufacturing efficiency tool in the 1980s, ITW has continually refined, improved and expanded 80/20 into a proprietary, holistic business management process that generates significant value for the Company and its customers. Through the application of data driven insights generated by 80/20 practice, ITW focuses on its

largest and best opportunities (the "80") and eliminates cost, complexity and distractions associated with the less profitable opportunities (the "20"). 80/20 enables ITW businesses to consistently achieve world-class operational excellence in product availability, quality, and innovation, while generating superior financial performance;

- Customer-back Innovation has fueled decades of profitable growth at ITW. The Company's unique innovation approach is built on insight gathered from the 80/20 Front-to-Back process. Working from the customer back, ITW businesses position themselves as the go-to problem solver for their "80" customers. ITW's innovation efforts are focused on understanding customer needs, particularly those in "80" markets with solid long-term growth fundamentals, and creating unique solutions to address those needs. These customer insights and learnings drive innovation at ITW and have contributed to a portfolio of approximately 20,900 granted and pending patents;
- ITW's **Decentralized, Entrepreneurial Culture** enables ITW businesses to be fast, focused, and responsive. ITW businesses have significant flexibility within the framework of the ITW Business Model to customize their approach in order to best serve their specific customers' needs. ITW colleagues recognize their unique responsibilities to execute the Company's strategy and values. As a result, the Company maintains a focused and simple organizational structure that, combined with outstanding execution, delivers best-in-class services and solutions adapted to each business' customers and end markets.

#### **ENTERPRISE STRATEGY: 2012 - 2023**

In late 2012, ITW began its strategic framework transitioning the Company to fully leverage the unique and powerful set of capabilities and operating practices of the ITW Business Model. The Company undertook a complete review of its performance, focusing on its businesses delivering consistent above-market growth with best-in-class margins and returns, and developing a strategy to replicate that performance across its operations. ITW determined that solid and consistent above-market organic growth is the core growth engine to deliver world-class financial performance and compelling long-term returns for its shareholders.

Key initiatives in the Company's enterprise strategy included portfolio management, business structure simplification, strategic sourcing and the diligent re-application of ITW's proprietary 80/20 Front-to-Back process.

- As part of the Portfolio Management initiative, ITW exited businesses that were operating in commoditized market spaces and prioritized sustainable differentiation as a must-have requirement for all ITW businesses. This process included both divesting entire businesses and exiting commoditized product lines and customers inside otherwise highly differentiated ITW divisions.
- Business Structure Simplification was implemented to simplify and scale up ITW's operating structure to support increased engineering, marketing, and sales resources, and improve global reach and competitiveness, all of which were critical to driving accelerated organic growth. ITW now has 86 scaled-up divisions with significantly enhanced focus on growth investments, core customers and products, and customer-back innovation.
- The Strategic Sourcing initiative established sourcing as a core strategic and operational capability at ITW, delivering an average of one percent reduction in spend each year since 2013 and continues to be a key contributor to the Company's ongoing enterprise strategy.
- With the initial portfolio realignment and scale-up work largely completed, the Company shifted its focus to preparing for and accelerating organic growth, reapplying the 80/20 Front-to-Back process to optimize its scaled-up divisions for growth, first, to build a foundation of operational excellence, and second, to identify the best opportunities to drive organic growth.

Since implementing the Company's enterprise strategy in 2012, the Company has demonstrated the compelling performance potential of the ITW Business Model and superior 80/20 management, resulting in meaningful incremental improvement in margins and returns as evidenced by the Company's operating margin and after-tax return on invested capital. At the same time, these 80/20 initiatives may also result in restructuring initiatives that reduce costs and improve profitability and returns.

#### **OUR NEXT PHASE: 2024 - 2030**

In the Next Phase of the Company's evolution, the ITW Business Model and the Enterprise Strategy framework will be as formidable of a competitive advantage and performance differentiator as it has been over the last decade, if not more so.

Volatility, risk and the pace of change in the global operating environment will continue to increase, and a decentralized entrepreneurial culture allows the Company to be a fast adaptor – to read, react, respond and evolve. The Company's ability to consistently execute and invest through the ups and downs of the business cycle is now a defining competitive advantage.

Throughout the Next Phase, the Company's focus is to build organic growth into a core ITW strength on par with the Company's world-class financial performance and operational capabilities. Throughout this phase, the Company will sustain its foundational strengths built over the past decade, including the high-quality ITW Business Model practice. Customer-back Innovation ("CBI") is the most impactful driver to achieve high-quality organic growth through the cycle by establishing trusted problem solver relationships with key customers to effectively invent solutions that address customers' most critical pain points or tackle the biggest growth opportunities. CBI successes, coupled with underlying market growth and share gains, are how the Company intends to achieve its high-quality organic growth.

#### Portfolio Discipline

The Company only operates in industries where it can generate significant, long-term competitive advantage from the ITW Business Model. ITW businesses have the right "raw material" in terms of market and business attributes that best fit the ITW Business Model and have significant potential to drive above-market organic growth over the long-term.

The Company focuses on high-quality businesses, ensuring it operates in markets with positive long-term macro fundamentals and with customers that have critical needs and value ITW's differentiated products, services and solutions. ITW's portfolio operates in highly diverse end markets and geographies which makes the Company more resilient in the face of uncertain or volatile market environments.

The Company routinely evaluates its portfolio to ensure it delivers sustainable differentiation and drives consistent long-term performance. This includes both implementing portfolio refinements and assessing selective high-quality acquisitions to supplement ITW's long-term growth potential.

In the second quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest two businesses, including one business in the Polymers & Fluids segment and one business in the Food Equipment segment. In the fourth quarter of 2022, both of these businesses were divested. The business in the Polymers & Fluids segment was sold for \$220 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$156 million. The business in the Food Equipment segment was sold for \$59 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$41 million. Operating revenue related to these divested businesses that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 was \$106 million.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest one business in the Specialty Products segment. This business was presented as held for sale beginning in the fourth quarter of 2022. This business was sold on April 3, 2023, with no significant gain or loss upon sale. Operating revenue related to this business that was included in the Company's results of operations was \$9 million and \$37 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's divestitures.

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$57 million, net of cash acquired. On April 1, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$59 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price for both acquisitions was subject to certain closing adjustments. These acquisitions were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Refer to Note 2. Acquisitions in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with affiliates of Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC ("CD&R") for the sale of the Company's noncontrolling equity interest in Wilsonart International Holdings LLC ("Wilsonart") for \$398 million. The transaction closed immediately after the execution of the purchase agreement. Proceeds from the transaction, net of transaction costs, were \$395 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$363 million which was included in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gain were more than offset by a discrete tax benefit of \$107 million in the third quarter of 2024 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart. The sale of the Company's equity interest in Wilsonart is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial results in subsequent periods. Refer to Note 5. Other Income (Expense) and Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding this transaction.

#### 80/20 Front-to-Back Practice Excellence

ITW will continue to drive 80/20 Front-to-Back practice excellence in every division in the Company, every day. Driving strong operational excellence in the quality of 80/20 Front-to-Back practice across the Company, division by division, will produce further customer-facing performance improvement in a number of divisions and additional structural margin expansion at the enterprise level.

#### TERMS USED BY ITW

Management uses the following terms to describe the financial results of operations of the Company:

- **Organic business** acquired businesses that have been included in the Company's results of operations for more than 12 months on a constant currency basis.
- **Operating leverage** the estimated effect of the organic revenue volume changes on organic operating income, assuming variable margins remain the same as the prior period.
- **Price/cost** represents the estimated net impact of increases or decreases in the cost of materials used in the Company's products versus changes in the selling price to the Company's customers.
- Product line simplification ("PLS") focuses businesses on eliminating the complexity and overhead costs
  associated with smaller product lines and customers, and focuses businesses on supporting and growing their largest
  customers and product lines. In the short-term, PLS may result in a decrease in revenue and overhead costs while
  improving operating margin. In the long-term, PLS is expected to result in growth in revenue, profitability, and
  returns.

Unless otherwise stated, the changes in financial results in the consolidated results of operations and the results of operations by segment represent the current year period versus the comparable period in the prior year.

#### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During the first quarter of 2022, Russian military forces invaded Ukraine. In response, the United States and several other countries imposed economic and other sanctions on Russia. The Company has four immaterial Russian subsidiaries with total assets of approximately \$22 million as of December 31, 2024. The revenue for these four subsidiaries for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024 was approximately \$24 million. These subsidiaries were not material to the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In the second quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest two businesses, including one business in the Polymers & Fluids segment and one business in the Food Equipment segment. These two businesses were classified as held for sale beginning in the second quarter of 2022. In the fourth quarter of 2022, both of these businesses were divested. On October 3, 2022, the business in the Polymers & Fluids segment was sold for \$220 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$156 million. On December 1, 2022, the business in the Food Equipment segment was sold for \$59 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$41 million. The pre-tax gains were included in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gains were mostly offset by the utilization of capital loss carryforwards of \$32 million. Operating revenue related to these divested businesses that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 was \$106 million.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest one business in the Specialty Products segment. This business was presented as held for sale beginning in the fourth quarter of 2022. This business was sold on April 3, 2023, with no significant gain or loss upon sale. Operating revenue related to this business that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$9 million and \$37 million, respectively. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's divestitures.

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$57 million, net of cash acquired. On April 1, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$59 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price for both acquisitions was subject to certain closing adjustments. These acquisitions were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The allocation of purchase price for these acquisitions will be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than one year from the acquisition date. Refer to Note 2.

Acquisitions in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

During the first quarter of 2024, the Company changed the method used to determine the cost of inventory at certain U.S. businesses from the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method to the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method, as the Company believes the FIFO method is preferable because it provides a more consistent method for valuing inventory across the Company's operations, improves comparability with peers, and better reflects the current value of inventories at the balance sheet date. The LIFO provision for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$6 million of expense and \$7 million of income, respectively, and was not material to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Therefore, the Company recorded the pre-tax cumulative effect of this change in accounting method of \$117 million as a reduction of Cost of revenue in the first quarter of 2024. Refer to Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding this change in accounting method and the Company's inventory balances.

On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with affiliates of CD&R for the sale of the Company's noncontrolling equity interest in Wilsonart. The transaction closed immediately after the execution of the purchase agreement. Proceeds from the transaction, net of transaction costs, were \$395 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$363 million which was included in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gain were more than offset by a discrete tax benefit of \$107 million in the third quarter of 2024 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart. The sale of the Company's equity interest in Wilsonart is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial results in subsequent periods. Refer to Note 5. Other Income (Expense) and Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding this transaction.

In a challenging and dynamic environment, the Company delivered solid financial results in 2024 primarily due to the continued successful execution of enterprise initiatives and continued focus on the highly differentiated ITW Business Model.

#### **Operating Revenue**

Refer to the "Results of Operations for Total Company" and the "Results of Operations by Segment" sections for discussion of changes in operating revenue for 2024 compared to 2023 and 2023 compared to 2022.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Dollars in millions	2024		2023		2022
Operating Revenue \$	15,89	8 \$	16,107	\$	15,932
Cost of revenue \$	8,85	8 \$	9,316	\$	9,429
Percent of operating revenue	55.	7 %	57.8 %	ó	59.2 %
Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses \$	2,67	5 \$	2,638	\$	2,579
Percent of operating revenue	16.	8 %	16.4 %	ó	16.2 %
Amortization and impairment of intangible assets	5 10	1 \$	113	\$	134
Percent of operating revenue	0.	6 %	0.7 %	ó	0.8 %

Cost of revenue was \$8.9 billion in 2024, \$9.3 billion in 2023 and \$9.4 billion in 2022. Cost of revenue was 4.9% lower in 2024 compared to 2023 primarily due to lower revenue and the first quarter 2024 LIFO accounting method change, which reduced cost of revenue by 3.1% and 1.3%, respectively. Cost of revenue as a percent of operating revenue improved in 2024 compared to 2023 primarily due to the LIFO accounting method change and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses. Cost of revenue was 1.2% lower in 2023 compared to 2022 primarily due to the impact of divestiture activity in the second quarter of 2023 and the fourth quarter of 2022, which reduced cost of revenue by 1.0%. Cost of revenue as a percent of operating revenue improved in 2023 compared to 2022 primarily due to benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and positive operating leverage, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses.

Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses were \$2.7 billion in 2024, \$2.6 billion in 2023 and \$2.6 billion in 2022. Expenses in 2024 increased 1.4% compared to 2023 primarily driven by higher employee-related expenses and the impact of acquisitions in 2024. Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses as a percent of operating revenue were higher in 2024 compared to 2023, as higher employee-related expenses and the unfavorable impact of acquisitions in the first and second quarters of 2024 were partially offset by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives. Expenses in 2023 increased 2.3% compared to 2022 driven by a 3.0% increase resulting from higher organic revenue, partially offset by the impact of divestiture activity which reduced expenses by 0.7%. Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses as a percent of operating revenue were slightly higher in 2023 compared to 2022 primarily due to higher employee-related expenses and research and development expenses, partially offset by positive operating leverage and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives.

Amortization and impairment of intangible assets was \$101 million in 2024, \$113 million in 2023 and \$134 million in 2022. The decreased expense in each respective period was primarily due to fully amortized intangible assets.

Refer to the "Results of Operations for Total Company" and the "Results of Operation by Segment" sections for additional discussion of operating results for 2024 compared to 2023 and 2023 compared to 2022.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR TOTAL COMPANY

The Company's consolidated results of operations for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

#### **2024** compared to **2023**

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ror	tne	r ears	Lnaea	

Dollars in millions		December 31,		<b>Components of Increase (Decrease)</b>					
	2024	2023	023 Inc (Dec) C		Organic Acquisition/ Divestiture Rest		Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$15,898	\$16,107	(1.3)%	(0.7)%	0.1 %	— %	(0.7)%	(1.3)%	
Operating income	\$ 4,264	\$ 4,040	5.5 %	6.2 %	(0.2)%	0.5 %	(1.0)%	5.5 %	
Operating margin %	26.8 %	25.1 %	170 bps	170 bps	(10) bps	10 bps	_	170 bps	

- Operating revenue decreased primarily due to lower organic revenue and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue declined 0.7% as a decrease in the Construction Products, Welding, Test & Measurement and Electronics and Automotive OEM segments was partially offset by growth in the Specialty Products, Food Equipment and Polymers & Fluids segments. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 60 basis points.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 2.4% as a decline in six segments was partially offset by growth in the Specialty Products segment.
  - Europe, Middle East and Africa organic revenue declined 0.3% as a decrease in the Automotive OEM,
     Construction Products and Test & Measurement and Electronics segments was partially offset by growth in the Specialty Products, Food Equipment, Polymers & Fluids and Welding segments.
  - Asia Pacific organic revenue grew 3.0% as growth in six segments was partially offset by a decline in the Construction Products segment. Organic revenue in China increased 6.9% as growth in five segments was partially offset by a decline in the Construction Products and Test & Measurement and Electronics segments.
- Operating income of \$4.3 billion grew 5.5%, or 2.6% excluding the \$117 million favorable impact of the LIFO accounting method changed discussed previously.
- Operating margin of 26.8% increased 170 basis points. Excluding the 70 basis points of favorable impact from the LIFO accounting method change in the first quarter of 2024, operating margin increased 100 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives of 130 basis points and favorable price/cost of 40 basis points, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses.
- The Company's effective tax rate for 2024 and 2023 was 21.1% and 22.6%, respectively. The 2024 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits during the third quarter of 2024 of \$107 million related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart and \$87 million related to a reorganization of the Company's intellectual property, partially offset by a \$73 million discrete tax expense related to the remeasurement of unrecognized tax benefits associated with various intercompany transactions. Refer to Note 5. Other Income

- (Expense) and Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding these transactions. The 2023 effective tax rate benefited from a discrete income tax benefit of \$20 million in the second quarter of 2023 related to amended 2021 U.S. taxes. Additionally, the effective tax rates for 2024 and 2023 included discrete income tax benefits of \$14 million and \$20 million, respectively, related to excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation.
- Diluted earnings per share ("EPS") of \$11.71 in 2024 increased 20.2%, or 4.2% excluding the favorable impact from the first quarter 2024 LIFO accounting method change of \$0.30 and the favorable impact of \$1.26 from the third quarter 2024 Wilsonart transaction.
- The Company repurchased approximately 5.9 million shares of its common stock in 2024 for approximately \$1.5 billion.
- The Company increased the quarterly dividend on common stock from \$1.40 to \$1.50 per share in 2024, or from \$5.60 to \$6.00 per share on an annualized basis. Total cash dividends of approximately \$1.7 billion were paid in 2024.

#### **2023** compared to **2022**

	For	the Years End	ded						
<b>Dollars in millions</b>		December 31,		<b>Components of Increase (Decrease)</b>					
	2023	2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$16,107	\$15,932	1.1 %	2.0 %	(0.8)%	— %	(0.1)%	1.1 %	
Operating income	\$ 4,040	\$ 3,790	6.6 %	7.6 %	(0.5)%	(0.2)%	(0.3)%	6.6 %	
Operating margin %	25.1 %	23.8 %	130 bps	130 bps	10 bps	(10) bps		130 bps	

- Operating revenue increased due to higher organic revenue, partially offset by the impact of divestiture activity in the second quarter of 2023 and the fourth quarter of 2022, and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue increased 2.0% as growth in five segments was partially offset by a decline in the Specialty Products and Construction Products segments. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 50 basis points.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 0.3% as a decline in the Test & Measurement and Electronics,
     Specialty Products, Automotive OEM, Welding and Construction Products segments was partially offset by growth in the Food Equipment and Polymers & Fluids segments.
  - Europe, Middle East and Africa organic revenue increased 3.9% as growth in three segments was partially offset by a decline in the Construction Products, Polymers & Fluids, Specialty Products and Welding segments.
  - Asia Pacific organic revenue increased 6.9% as growth in five segments was partially offset by a decline in
    the Specialty Products and Construction Products segments. Organic revenue in China increased 9.7% as
    growth in the Automotive OEM, Test & Measurement and Electronics, Welding, Construction Products
    and Polymers & Fluids segments was partially offset by a decline in the Specialty Products and Food
    Equipment segments.
- Operating income of \$4.0 billion increased 6.6% compared to the prior year primarily due to higher organic revenue, partially offset by the impact of divestiture activity, the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation and higher restructuring expenses.
- Operating margin of 25.1% increased 130 basis points primarily driven by favorable price/cost of 210 basis points, benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives of 130 basis points and positive operating leverage of 40 basis points, partially offset by continued investments in the business and higher employee-related expenses.
- The Company's effective tax rate for 2023 and 2022 was 22.6% and 21.0%, respectively. The 2023 effective tax rate benefited from a discrete income tax benefit of \$20 million in the second quarter of 2023 related to amended 2021 U.S. taxes. The 2022 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits of \$32 million in the fourth quarter of 2022 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and \$51 million in the second quarter of 2022 related to a decrease in unrecognized tax benefits resulting from the resolution of a U.S. tax audit. Additionally, the effective tax rates for 2023 and 2022 included discrete income tax benefits of \$20 million and \$12 million, respectively, related to excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation.
- Diluted earnings per share ("EPS") of \$9.74 in 2023 decreased 0.3%. Excluding the favorable impact of \$0.60 per diluted share in 2022 related to the pre-tax divestiture gains of \$197 million in the fourth quarter of 2022, or \$188 million after-tax including the impact of the \$32 million discrete tax benefit noted above, EPS increased 6.2%.

- The Company repurchased approximately 6.4 million shares of its common stock in 2023 for approximately \$1.5 billion
- The Company increased the quarterly dividend on common stock from \$1.31 to \$1.40 per share in 2023, or from \$5.24 to \$5.60 per share on an annualized basis. Total cash dividends of approximately \$1.6 billion were paid in 2023.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT

The reconciliation of segment operating revenue and operating income to total operating revenue and operating income is as follows:

	Operating Revenue					
In millions	2024		2023	2022		
Automotive OEM \$	3,188	\$	3,235	\$	2,969	
Food Equipment	2,647		2,622		2,444	
Test & Measurement and Electronics	2,818		2,832		2,828	
Welding	1,851		1,902		1,894	
Polymers & Fluids	1,764		1,804		1,905	
Construction Products	1,909		2,033		2,113	
Specialty Products	1,743		1,697		1,799	
Total segments	15,920		16,125		15,952	
Intersegment revenue	(22)		(18)		(20)	
Total	15,898	\$	16,107	\$	15,932	

In millions	2024	2023	2022	
Automotive OEM	\$ 625	\$ 561	\$ 499	
Food Equipment	719	713	618	
Test & Measurement and Electronics	703	686	684	
Welding	597	605	583	
Polymers & Fluids	484	482	479	
Construction Products	559	578	548	
Specialty Products	528	449	481	
Total segments	4,215	4,074	3,892	
Unallocated	49	(34)	(102)	
Total	\$ 4,264	\$ 4,040	\$ 3,790	

Segments are allocated a fixed overhead charge based on the segment's revenue. Expenses not charged to the segments are reported separately as Unallocated. Because the Unallocated category includes a variety of items, it is subject to fluctuations on a quarterly and annual basis. Unallocated expenses in 2024 included the favorable pre-tax cumulative effect of the LIFO accounting method change of \$117 million in the first quarter of 2024. Refer to Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding this change in accounting method and the Company's inventory balances. Unallocated expenses in 2023 were lower as compared to 2022 primarily due to the impact of lower corporate expenses, including favorable health and welfare expenses, and an immaterial insurance recovery.

#### AUTOMOTIVE OEM

This segment is a global, niche supplier to top tier OEMs, providing unique innovation to address pain points for sophisticated customers with complex problems. Businesses in this segment produce components and fasteners for automotive-related applications. This segment primarily serves the automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers market. Products in this segment include:

• plastic and metal components, fasteners and assemblies for automobiles, light trucks and other industrial uses.

The results of operations for the Automotive OEM segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

#### **2024** compared to **2023**

	For	th	e Years End	led						
<b>Dollars in millions</b>	December 31,					Components of Increase (Decrease)				
		2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total
Operating revenue	\$	3,188	\$	3,235	(1.5)%	(0.4)%	— %	<u> </u>	(1.1)%	(1.5)%
Operating income	\$	625	\$	561	11.4 %	9.6 %	— %	3.0 %	(1.2)%	11.4 %
Operating margin %		19.6 %		17.3 %	230 bps	180 bps		50 bps	_	230 bps

- Operating revenue decreased due to the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation and lower organic revenue.
- Organic revenue declined 0.4% compared to worldwide auto builds which decreased 1%. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 70 basis points.
  - North American revenue decreased 5.1% compared to North American auto builds which declined 1% primarily due to customer mix and product line simplification activities. Auto builds for the Detroit 3, where the Company has higher content, decreased 4%.
  - European organic revenue declined 3.4% compared to European auto builds which decreased 5% primarily due to market penetration gains.
  - Asia Pacific organic revenue grew 9.7%. China organic revenue increased 8.1%, including growth in the electric vehicles market and market penetration gains with Chinese original equipment manufacturers, versus China auto builds which grew 4%. Auto builds of foreign automotive manufacturers in China, where the Company has higher content per vehicle, decreased 17%.
- Operating margin of 19.6% increased 230 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, lower restructuring expenses and favorable price/cost of 20 basis points, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and continued investment in the business.

#### **2023 compared to 2022**

#### For the Years Ended **Dollars in millions** December 31, **Components of Increase (Decrease)** Foreign Acquisition/ 2023 2022 Inc (Dec) **Organic** Restructuring Total Divestiture Currency Operating revenue \$ 3,235 \$ 2,969 9.0 % 8.8 % **--** % 0.2 % 9.0 % \$ 561 499 12.4 % **—** % Operating income 11.7 % 1.1 % (0.4)%12.4 % Operating margin % 17.3 % 16.8 % 50 bps 40 bps 20 bps (10) bps 50 bps

- Operating revenue grew due to higher organic revenue and the favorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue increased 8.8% compared to worldwide auto builds which grew 9%. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 50 basis points primarily in North America. Additionally, automotive industry labor actions in North America negatively impacted operating results in the second half of 2023.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 1.9% compared to North American auto builds which increased 9% primarily due to customer mix and product line simplification. Auto builds for the Detroit 3, where the Company has higher content, grew 1%.

- European organic revenue grew 12.5% compared to European auto builds which increased 13%.
- Asia Pacific organic revenue increased 21.4%. China organic revenue grew 21.9%, including growth in the
  electric vehicles market and higher content in the Chinese original equipment manufacturers, versus China
  auto builds which increased 9%.
- Operating margin of 17.3% increased 50 basis points primarily driven by positive operating leverage of 160 basis points, favorable price/cost of 140 basis points and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and continued investments in the business, including the electric vehicles market, and product mix.

## FOOD EQUIPMENT

This segment is a highly focused and branded industry leader in commercial food equipment differentiated by innovation and integrated service offerings. This segment primarily serves the food service, food retail and food institutional/restaurant markets. Products in this segment include:

- warewashing equipment;
- · cooking equipment, including ovens, ranges and broilers;
- refrigeration equipment, including refrigerators, freezers and prep tables;
- food processing equipment, including slicers, mixers and scales;
- kitchen exhaust, ventilation and pollution control systems; and
- food equipment service, maintenance and repair.

The results of operations for the Food Equipment segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

		For	the	Years End	led						
Dollars in millions		]	Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
		2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$	2,647	\$	2,622	1.0 %	1.1 %	— %	— %	(0.1)%	1.0 %	
Operating income	\$	719	\$	713	1.0 %	1.4 %	— %	(0.3)%	(0.1)%	1.0 %	
Operating margin %		27.2 %		27.2 %		10 bps		(10) bps			

- Operating revenue increased primarily due to higher organic revenue.
- Organic revenue grew 1.1% as equipment declined 0.8% and service organic revenue increased 4.8%.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 0.2%. Equipment organic revenue declined 2.4% primarily due to lower demand in the independent restaurant and food retail end markets, partially offset by growth in the institutional end market. Service organic revenue grew 3.9%.
  - International organic revenue grew 3.0%. Equipment organic revenue increased 1.6% primarily due to higher demand in the European warewash and cooking end markets and growth in Asia Pacific, partially offset by lower demand in the European refrigeration end market. Service organic revenue grew 6.4%.
- Operating margin of 27.2% was flat as benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, favorable price/cost of 30 basis points and positive operating leverage of 20 basis points were offset by higher operating expenses, including employee-related expenses and additional investment in the business.

Dollars in millions		De	cember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 2,622	\$	2,444	7.3 %	7.8 %	(1.2)%	<b>—</b> %	0.7 %	7.3 %	
Operating income	\$ 713	\$	618	15.2 %	15.4 %	(0.7)%	(0.3)%	0.8 %	15.2 %	
Operating margin %	27.2 %	, )	25.3 %	190 bps	180 bps	20 bps	(10) bps		190 bps	

- Operating revenue grew due to higher organic revenue and the favorable effect of foreign currency translation, partially offset by the impact of a divestiture in the fourth quarter of 2022. On December 1, 2022, the Company completed the sale of a business. Operating revenue for this business that was included in the Company's results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$30 million. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information.
- Organic revenue increased 7.8% as equipment and service organic revenue grew 5.8% and 12.5%, respectively.
  - North American organic revenue increased 10.4% as equipment organic revenue grew 10.0% with growth in the institutional, food retail and restaurant end markets. Service organic revenue increased 12.0%.
  - International organic revenue increased 3.8%. Equipment organic revenue was flat as higher demand in the European warewash and refrigeration end markets was offset by lower demand in the European cooking end market and in China. Service organic revenue increased 13.4%.
- Operating margin of 27.2% increased 190 basis points primarily driven by favorable price/cost of 220 basis points, positive operating leverage of 150 basis points and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, partially offset by higher operating expenses, including employee-related expenses.

## **TEST & MEASUREMENT AND ELECTRONICS**

This segment is a branded and innovative producer of test and measurement and electronic manufacturing and maintenance, repair, and operations, or "MRO" solutions that improve efficiency and quality for customers in diverse end markets. Businesses in this segment produce equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials and structures, as well as equipment and consumables used in the production of electronic subassemblies and microelectronics. This segment primarily serves the electronics, general industrial, automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers, energy, industrial capital goods and consumer durables markets. Products in this segment include:

- equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials, structures, gases and fluids;
- electronic assembly equipment;
- electronic components and component packaging;
- · static control equipment and consumables used for contamination control in clean room environments; and
- pressure sensitive adhesives and components for electronics, medical, transportation and telecommunications applications.

The results of operations for the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

#### **2024** compared to **2023**

Dollars in millions		Dec	ember 31,		<b>Components of Increase (Decrease)</b>					
	2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 2,818	\$	2,832	(0.5)%	(1.0)%	0.9 %	— %	(0.4)%	(0.5)%	
Operating income	\$ 703	\$	686	2.5 %	4.0 %	(1.0)%	%	(0.5)%	2.5 %	
Operating margin %	24.9 %		24.2 %	70 bps	130 bps	(50) bps	_	(10) bps	70 bps	

• Operating revenue decreased due to lower organic revenue and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation, partially offset by revenue from acquisitions.

- The Company completed the acquisition of one business for \$57 million, net of cash acquired, on January 2, 2024, and completed the acquisition of a second business for \$59 million, net of cash acquired, on April 1, 2024. Refer to Note 2. Acquisitions in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional information regarding these acquisitions.
- Organic revenue decreased 1.0% primarily due to a decline in the semiconductor and electronics end markets, partially offset by growth in the MTS Test & Simulation business.
  - Organic revenue for the test and measurement businesses declined 1.0% primarily driven by lower demand in the semiconductor and general industrial end markets, primarily in North America and Asia Pacific, partially offset by growth in the MTS Test & Simulation business.
  - Electronics organic revenue decreased 1.3% primarily due to a decline in the consumer electronics end market, partially offset by higher demand in the consumable semiconductor end market. The electronics assembly businesses declined 11.1% primarily due to lower demand in North America. The other electronics businesses, which include the contamination control, static control and pressure sensitive adhesives businesses, grew 3.1% primarily due to higher demand across all major regions.
- Operating margin of 24.9% increased 70 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, favorable price/cost of 60 basis points and lower intangible asset amortization expense, partially offset by product mix, the dilutive impact of 50 basis points from acquisitions in 2024, higher employee-related expenses and unfavorable operating leverage of 20 basis points.

# **2023** compared to **2022**

	For	the	Years End	led						
Dollars in millions	]	Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 2,832	\$	2,828	0.1 %	0.3 %	— %	— %	(0.2)%	0.1 %	
Operating income	\$ 686	\$	684	0.3 %	1.3 %	— %	(0.5)%	(0.5)%	0.3 %	
Operating margin %	24.2 %		24.2 %		20 bps	_	(10) bps	(10) bps		

- Operating revenue was essentially flat as higher organic revenue was offset by the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue increased 0.3% primarily due to growth in the general industrial end market, partially offset by a decline in the semiconductor end market.
  - Organic revenue for the test and measurement businesses increased 7.0% primarily driven by growth in the MTS Test & Simulation and Instron businesses and higher demand in the automotive, defense, and oil and gas end markets, partially offset by lower semiconductor demand in North America.
  - Electronics organic revenue decreased 10.8% primarily due to a decline in the consumer electronics and semiconductor end markets. The electronics assembly businesses decreased 19.3% primarily due to lower demand in North America and Asia Pacific. The other electronics businesses, which include the contamination control, static control and pressure sensitive adhesives businesses, decreased 6.4% primarily due to lower demand in the semiconductor end market, partially offset by higher demand in the automotive end market.
- Operating margin of 24.2% was flat compared to the prior year as favorable price/cost of 160 basis points, benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and lower intangible asset amortization expense were offset by higher employee-related expenses and product mix.

## WELDING

This segment is a branded value-added equipment and specialty consumable manufacturer with innovative and leading technology. Businesses in this segment produce arc welding equipment, consumables and accessories for a wide array of industrial and commercial applications. This segment primarily serves the general industrial market, which includes fabrication, shipbuilding and other general industrial markets, and construction, energy, MRO, industrial goods and automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers markets. Products in this segment include:

- arc welding equipment; and
- metal arc welding consumables and related accessories.

The results of operations for the Welding segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

#### **2024** compared to **2023**

#### For the Years Ended

<b>Dollars in millions</b>		Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2024 2023 II		Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total		
Operating revenue	\$ 1,851	\$	1,902	(2.7)%	(2.4)%	— %	<b>—</b> %	(0.3)%	(2.7)%	
Operating income	\$ 597	\$	605	(1.3)%	(1.3)%	— %	0.2 %	(0.2)%	(1.3)%	
Operating margin %	32.3 %		31.8 %	50 bps	40 bps		10 bps		50 bps	

- Operating revenue decreased due to lower organic revenue and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue declined 2.4% as equipment and consumables decreased 2.1% and 3.0%, respectively.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 3.3% as the industrial and commercial end markets declined 2.3% and 6.0%, respectively.
  - International organic revenue grew 2.2% primarily due to higher equipment demand in the general industrial and oil and gas end markets in Europe and Asia Pacific.
- Operating margin of 32.3% increased 50 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and favorable price/cost of 50 basis points, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and unfavorable operating leverage of 40 basis points.

#### **2023** compared to **2022**

#### For the Years Ended

Dollars in millions		Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 1,902	\$	1,894	0.4 %	0.3 %	— %	— %	0.1 %	0.4 %	
Operating income	\$ 605	\$	583	3.7 %	3.4 %	— %	(0.1)%	0.4 %	3.7 %	
Operating margin %	31.8 %	ı	30.8 %	100 bps	100 bps				100 bps	

- Operating revenue grew due to higher organic revenue and the favorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue increased 0.3%, which had a challenging comparable in the prior year of 16.0% growth. Consumables grew 1.3% and equipment decreased 0.4%.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 0.2% primarily due to a decline in the commercial end markets, partially offset by growth in the industrial and aerospace end markets.
  - International organic revenue grew 2.7% primarily due to higher equipment demand in the general industrial and oil and gas end markets in Asia Pacific.
- Operating margin of 31.8% increased 100 basis points primarily driven by favorable price/cost of 300 basis points and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and product mix.

# **POLYMERS & FLUIDS**

This segment is a branded supplier to niche markets that require value-added, differentiated products. Businesses in this segment produce engineered adhesives, sealants, lubrication and cutting fluids, and fluids and polymers for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance. This segment primarily serves the automotive aftermarket, general industrial and MRO markets. Products in this segment include:

- adhesives for industrial, construction and consumer purposes;
- chemical fluids which clean or add lubrication to machines;
- epoxy and resin-based coating products for industrial applications;
- hand wipes and cleaners for industrial applications;

- fluids, polymers and other supplies for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance;
- fillers and putties for auto body repair; and
- polyester coatings and patch and repair products for the marine industry.

The results of operations for the Polymers & Fluids segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

## **2024** compared to **2023**

	For	the	Years End	led						
<b>Dollars in millions</b>		Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 1,764	\$	1,804	(2.2)%	0.9 %	— %	— %	(3.1)%	(2.2)%	
Operating income	\$ 484	\$	482	0.4 %	3.7 %	— %	0.9 %	(4.2)%	0.4 %	
Operating margin %	27.4 %		26.7 %	70 bps	80 bps	_	20 bps	(30) bps	70 bps	

- Operating revenue decreased due to the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation, partially offset by higher organic revenue.
- Organic revenue grew 0.9% due to increases in South America, Europe and Asia Pacific, partially offset by a decrease in North America. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 30 basis points.
  - Organic revenue for the polymers businesses grew 6.3% due to increases in South America, Europe and Asia Pacific, partially offset by a decrease in North America.
  - Organic revenue for the fluids businesses increased 1.9% primarily driven by higher demand in Europe, primarily due to growth in the life sciences end market, partially offset by lower demand in the North American and European industrial maintenance, repair and operations and hygiene end markets.
  - Organic revenue for the automotive aftermarket businesses declined 2.2% primarily due to lower demand in the North American car care, body repair and tire repair businesses, partially offset by growth in the North American engine repair business and the European additives and tire repair businesses.
- Operating margin of 27.4% increased 70 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, favorable price/cost of 30 basis points, positive operating leverage of 20 basis points, lower restructuring expenses and lower intangible asset amortization expense, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses.

	For	r the	Years End	led						
Dollars in millions		Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 1,804	\$	1,905	(5.3)%	0.3 %	(4.0)%	— %	(1.6)%	(5.3)%	
Operating income	\$ 482	\$	479	0.6 %	7.6 %	(3.3)%	(0.8)%	(2.9)%	0.6 %	
Operating margin %	26.7 %	)	25.2 %	150 bps	180 bps	30 bps	(20) bps	(40) bps	150 bps	

- Operating revenue declined due to the impact of a divestiture in the fourth quarter of 2022 and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation, partially offset by higher organic revenue. On October 3, 2022, the Company completed the sale of a business. Operating revenue for this business that was included in the Company's results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$76 million. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information.
- Organic revenue increased 0.3% as growth in North America was partially offset by a decline in Europe. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 70 basis points.
  - Organic revenue for the automotive aftermarket businesses increased 1.4% primarily due to an increase in the car care, tire repair and engine repair businesses in North America and growth in Europe, partially offset by a decline in the body repair business in North America.
  - Organic revenue for the polymers businesses increased 0.3% due to higher demand in North America, partially offset by a decline in Europe. Demand in Europe was negatively impacted by declines in the wind and industrial end markets.

- Organic revenue for the fluids businesses declined 2.7% driven by lower demand in the European life sciences end market, the North American industrial maintenance, repair and operations end market, and the transportation and health and hygiene end markets.
- Operating margin of 26.7% increased 150 basis points primarily driven by favorable price/cost of 210 basis points, benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and lower intangible asset amortization expense, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and product mix.

## **CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS**

This segment is a branded supplier of innovative engineered fastening systems and solutions. This segment primarily serves the residential construction, renovation/remodel and commercial construction markets. Products in this segment include:

- fasteners and related fastening tools for wood and metal applications;
- anchors, fasteners and related tools for concrete applications;
- metal plate truss components and related equipment and software; and
- packaged hardware, fasteners, anchors and other products for retail.

The results of operations for the Construction Products segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

## **2024 compared to 2023**

	For	the	Years End	led						
Dollars in millions	]	Dec	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 1,909	\$	2,033	(6.1)%	(6.1)%	— %	— %	— %	(6.1)%	
Operating income	\$ 559	\$	578	(3.4)%	(2.5)%	— %	(0.8)%	(0.1)%	(3.4)%	
Operating margin %	29.3 %		28.4 %	90 bps	110 bps		(20) bps		90 bps	

- Operating revenue decreased due to lower organic revenue.
- Organic revenue declined 6.1% due to lower demand across all major regions. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 50 basis points.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 4.6% primarily due to lower demand in the residential and commercial end markets. Organic revenue in the United States residential and commercial end markets declined 4.5% and 9.5%, respectively. Organic revenue in Canada increased 3.9%.
  - International organic revenue declined 7.7%. European organic revenue decreased 6.3% primarily due to lower demand in the commercial and residential end markets. Asia Pacific organic revenue declined 9.2% primarily due to lower demand in the Australia and New Zealand residential end markets.
- Operating margin of 29.3% increased 90 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and favorable price/cost of 10 basis points, partially offset by unfavorable operating leverage of 110 basis points, higher employee-related expenses and higher restructuring expenses.

	For	the	e Years End	led						
Dollars in millions		De	ember 31,		Components of Increase (Decrease)					
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total	
Operating revenue	\$ 2,033	\$	2,113	(3.8)%	(3.2)%	— %	— %	(0.6)%	(3.8)%	
Operating income	\$ 578	\$	548	5.5 %	6.6 %	— %	(0.5)%	(0.6)%	5.5 %	
Operating margin %	28.4 %		25.9 %	250 bps	270 bps	_	(20) bps	_	250 bps	

- Operating revenue declined due to lower organic revenue and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- Organic revenue declined 3.2%, which had a challenging comparable in the prior year period of 14.4% growth. Organic revenue declined primarily due to a decrease in Europe and Asia Pacific. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 50 basis points.

- North American organic revenue decreased 0.2% primarily due to lower demand in the United States residential and commercial end markets of 0.2% and 0.1%, respectively. Organic revenue in Canada declined 2.7%.
- International organic revenue decreased 6.4%. European organic revenue declined 9.9% primarily due to lower demand in the commercial and residential end markets. Asia Pacific organic revenue declined 2.3% primarily due to lower demand in the Australia and New Zealand residential end markets.
- Operating margin of 28.4% increased 250 basis points primarily driven by favorable price/cost of 350 basis points and benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and unfavorable operating leverage of 60 basis points.

#### SPECIALTY PRODUCTS

This segment is focused on diversified niche market opportunities with substantial patent protection producing beverage packaging equipment and consumables, product coding and marking equipment and consumables, and appliance components and fasteners. This segment primarily serves the food and beverage, consumer durables, general industrial, airlines, industrial capital goods and printing and publishing markets. Products in this segment include:

- conveyor systems and line automation for the food and beverage industries;
- plastic consumables that multi-pack cans and bottles and related equipment;
- foil, film and related equipment used to decorate consumer products;
- product coding and marking equipment and related consumables;
- plastic and metal closures and components for appliances;
- · airport ground support equipment; and
- · components for medical devices.

The results of operations for the Specialty Products segment for 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For	the	Years End	led					
Dollars in millions		De	ember 31,			ecrease)			
	2024		2023	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 1,743	\$	1,697	2.7 %	3.5 %	(0.6)%	— %	(0.2)%	2.7 %
Operating income	\$ 528	\$	449	17.6 %	17.3 %	(0.1)%	0.7 %	(0.3)%	17.6 %
Operating margin %	30.3 %		26.5 %	380 bps	350 bps	10 bps	20 bps	_	380 bps

- Operating revenue increased due to higher organic revenue, partially offset by the impact of a divestiture in the second quarter of 2023 and the unfavorable effect of foreign currency translation.
- The Company divested a business on April 3, 2023. Operating revenue for this business in 2023 was \$9 million.
- Organic revenue grew 3.5% as consumables increased 2.3% and equipment sales grew 8.2% due to higher demand across all major regions. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 270 basis points.
  - North American organic revenue increased 1.8% primarily driven by growth in the ground support
    equipment, appliance, consumer packaging and strength films businesses, partially offset by a decline in the
    decorative and thermal foils businesses.
  - International organic revenue grew 6.9% primarily due to an increase in Europe, primarily in the ground support equipment business, and growth in the appliance business in Asia Pacific, partially offset by a decline in the consumer packaging businesses.
- Operating margin of 30.3% increased 380 basis points primarily driven by benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives, positive operating leverage of 70 basis points, favorable price/cost of 70 basis points and lower restructuring expenses, partially offset by higher employee-related expenses and product mix.

For the Years Ended
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Dollars in millions		Dec	ember 31,			Compone	nts of Increase (D	ecrease)	
	2023		2022	Inc (Dec)	Organic	Acquisition/ Divestiture	Restructuring	Foreign Currency	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 1,697	\$	1,799	(5.7)%	(4.9)%	(1.6)%	<b>—</b> %	0.8 %	(5.7)%
Operating income	\$ 449	\$	481	(6.5)%	(7.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.3)%	1.1 %	(6.5)%
Operating margin %	26.5 %		26.7 %	(20) bps	(60) bps	40 bps	(10) bps	10 bps	(20) bps

- Operating revenue declined due to lower organic revenue and the impact of a divestiture in the second quarter of 2023, partially offset by the favorable effect of foreign currency translation. On April 3, 2023, the Company completed the sale of a business. Operating revenue for this business that was included in the Company's results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$9 million and \$37 million, respectively. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information.
- Organic revenue decreased 4.9%. Consumable sales decreased 7.8% due to lower demand in all major regions, including plastic consumables that multi-pack cans and bottles. Equipment sales increased 7.9% primarily driven by higher demand in Europe and North America. Product line simplification activities reduced organic revenue by 150 basis points.
  - North American organic revenue decreased 6.4% primarily driven by a decline in the consumer packaging, specialty films, strength films and decorating equipment businesses, partially offset by growth in the ground support equipment, appliance and filter medical businesses.
  - International organic revenue declined 1.6% primarily due to a decrease in Asia Pacific in the strength films, graphics and decorating equipment businesses, partially offset by growth in the ground support equipment and consumer packaging businesses in Europe.
- Operating margin of 26.5% decreased 20 basis points primarily driven by unfavorable operating leverage of 90 basis points, higher employee-related expenses and product mix, partially offset by favorable price/cost of 130 basis points, benefits from the Company's enterprise initiatives and the favorable impact of a divestiture in the second quarter of 2023.

## OTHER FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Interest expense was \$283 million in 2024, \$266 million in 2023 and \$203 million in 2022. Interest expense in 2024 was higher than 2023 primarily due to the issuance of the Euro notes in May of 2024, partially offset by the repayment of the \$700 million notes due March 1, 2024. Interest expense in 2023 was higher than 2022 primarily due to higher interest rates, partially offset by the repayment of notes due May 22, 2023. Refer to Note 10. Debt in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the Company's debt.
- Other income (expense) was income of \$441 million in 2024, \$49 million in 2023 and \$255 million in 2022. On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with affiliates of CD&R for the sale of the Company's noncontrolling equity interest in Wilsonart. The transaction closed immediately after the execution of the purchase agreement. Proceeds from the transaction, net of transaction costs, were \$395 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$363 million. The sale of the Company's equity interest in Wilsonart is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial results in subsequent periods. Other income was higher in 2022 as compared to 2023 primarily due to net pre-tax gains of \$191 million related to the sale of businesses in 2022. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures and Note 5. Other Income (Expense) for additional information regarding these transactions.
- The Company's effective tax rate for 2024, 2023, and 2022 was 21.1%, 22.6% and 21.0%, respectively. The 2024 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits during the third quarter of 2024 of \$107 million related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart and \$87 million related to a reorganization of the Company's intellectual property, partially offset by a \$73 million discrete tax expense related to the remeasurement of unrecognized tax benefits associated with various intercompany transactions. The 2023 effective tax rate benefited from a discrete income tax benefit of \$20 million in the second quarter of 2023 related to amended 2021 U.S. taxes. The 2022 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits of \$32 million in the fourth quarter of 2022 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and \$51 million in the second quarter of 2022 related to a decrease in unrecognized tax benefits resulting from the resolution of a U.S. tax audit. Additionally, the effective tax rates for 2024, 2023 and 2022 included discrete income tax benefits of \$14 million, \$20 million and \$12 million, respectively, related to excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation. Refer to Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information.

• The impact of foreign currencies against the U.S. Dollar in 2024 versus 2023 decreased operating revenue and income before taxes by approximately \$115 million and \$40 million, respectively. The impact of foreign currencies against the U.S. Dollar in 2023 versus 2022 decreased operating revenue and income before taxes by approximately \$7 million and \$15 million, respectively.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Information regarding new accounting pronouncements is included in Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of liquidity are free cash flow and short-term credit facilities. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had \$948 million of cash and equivalents on hand and no outstanding borrowings under its \$3.0 billion revolving credit facility. The Company also has maintained strong access to public debt markets. Management believes that these sources are sufficient to service debt and to finance the Company's capital allocation priorities, which include:

- internal investments to support organic growth and sustain core businesses;
- payment of an attractive dividend to shareholders; and
- external investments in selective strategic acquisitions that support the Company's organic growth focus and an active share repurchase program.

The Company believes that, based on its operating revenue, operating margin, free cash flow, and credit ratings, it could readily obtain additional financing, if necessary.

The Company has certain contractual obligations, primarily the current portion of noncurrent income taxes payable, operating leases and long-term debt. Refer to Note 6. Income Taxes, Note 9. Leases and Note 10. Debt in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for details related to the Company's contractual obligations. The Company did not have any significant off-balance sheet commitments as of December 31, 2024.

## Cash Flow

The Company uses free cash flow to measure cash flow generated by operations that is available for dividends, share repurchases, acquisitions and debt repayment. The Company believes this non-GAAP financial measure is useful to investors in evaluating the Company's financial performance and measures the Company's ability to generate cash internally to fund Company initiatives. Free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities less additions to plant and equipment. Free cash flow is a measurement that is not the same as net cash flow from operating activities per the statement of cash flows and may not be consistent with similarly titled measures used by other companies. Summarized cash flow information for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	2024	 2023	2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,281	\$ 3,539	\$ 2,348
Additions to plant and equipment	(437)	(455)	(412)
Free cash flow	\$ 2,844	\$ 3,084	\$ 1,936
Cash dividends paid	\$ (1,695)	\$ (1,615)	\$ (1,542)
Repurchases of common stock	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,750)
Acquisition of businesses (excluding cash and equivalents)	(115)		(2)
Proceeds from sale of operations and affiliates		7	278
Proceeds from sale of noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart International Holdings LLC	395	_	_
Net proceeds from (repayments of) debt	(8)	294	276
Other	27	84	42
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents	(65)	 3	(57)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	\$ (117)	\$ 357	\$ (819)

Net cash provided by operating activities improved in 2023 compared to 2022 as supply chains began to normalize in 2023 and the Company reduced its investment in working capital.

## Stock Repurchase Programs

On August 3, 2018, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2018 Program"). Under the 2018 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 6.7 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$158.11 per share during 2019, approximately 4.2 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$167.69 per share during 2020, approximately 4.4 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$227.29 per share during 2021 and approximately 1.2 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$216.62 per share during 2022. The 2018 Program was completed in the first quarter of 2022.

On May 7, 2021, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to an additional \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2021 Program"). Under the 2021 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 7.1 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$210.46 per share during 2022 and approximately 6.3 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$235.35 per share during 2023. The 2021 Program was completed in the fourth quarter of 2023.

On August 4, 2023, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provides for the repurchase of up to an additional \$5.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2023 Program"). Under the 2023 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 38,000 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$263.44 per share during the fourth quarter of 2023 and approximately 5.9 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$254.04 per share during 2024. As of December 31, 2024, there were approximately \$3.5 billion of authorized repurchases remaining under the 2023 Program.

## After-tax Return on Average Invested Capital

The Company uses after-tax return on average invested capital ("After-tax ROIC") to measure the effectiveness of its operations' use of invested capital to generate profits. After-tax ROIC is not defined under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). After-tax ROIC is a non-GAAP financial measure that the Company believes is a meaningful metric to investors in evaluating the Company's ability to generate returns from cash invested in its operations and may be different than the method used by other companies to calculate After-tax ROIC. The Company defines After-tax ROIC as operating income after taxes divided by average invested capital, which is annualized when presented in interim periods. Operating income after taxes is a non-GAAP measure consisting of net income before interest expense and other income (expense), on an after-tax basis, which are excluded as they do not represent returns generated by the Company's operations. For comparability, the Company also excluded the net discrete tax benefit of \$121 million in the third quarter of 2024 from net income and the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024. Additionally, for comparability, the Company also excluded the discrete tax benefit of \$20 million in the second quarter of 2023 from net income and the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023. Also, for comparability, the Company excluded the discrete tax benefits of \$32 million in the fourth quarter of 2022 and \$51 million in the second quarter of 2022 from net income and the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2022. Total invested capital represents the net assets of the Company, other than cash and equivalents and outstanding debt which do not represent capital investment in the Company's operations. The most comparable GAAP measure to operating income after taxes is net income. Net income to average invested capital and Aftertax ROIC for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were as follows:

Dollars in millions	2024		2023		2022
Numerator:					
Net income	\$ 3,488	\$	2,957	\$	3,034
Net discrete tax benefit related to the third quarter 2024	(121)		_		_
Discrete tax benefit related to the second quarter 2023	_		(20)		_
Discrete tax benefit related to the fourth quarter 2022	_				(32)
Discrete tax benefit related to the second quarter 2022	_		_		(51)
Interest expense, net of tax (1)	215		204		156
Other (income) expense, net of tax (1)	(336)		(38)		(196)
Operating income after taxes	\$ 3,246	\$	3,103	\$	2,911
Denominator:					
Invested capital:					
Cash and equivalents	\$ 948	\$	1,065	\$	708
Trade receivables	2,991		3,123		3,171
Inventories	1,605		1,707		2,054
Net assets held for sale	´ —		_		7
Net plant and equipment	2,036		1,976		1,848
Goodwill and intangible assets	5,431		5,566		5,632
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,095)		(2,244)		(2,322)
Debt	(7,863)		(8,164)		(7,763)
Other, net	264		(16)		(246)
Total net assets (stockholders' equity)	3,317		3,013		3,089
Cash and equivalents	(948)		(1,065)		(708)
Debt	7,863		8,164		7,763
Total invested capital	\$ 10,232	\$	10,112	\$	10,144
Average invested capital (2)	¢ 10.410	¢	10 214	¢.	10.017
Average invested capital ·	\$ 10,419	\$	10,214	\$	10,017
Net income to average invested capital	33.5 %		29.0 %		30.3 %
After-tax return on average invested capital	31.2 %		30.4 %		29.1 %
•					

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective tax rate used for interest expense and other (income) expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 was 23.8 %, 23.2% and 23.2%, respectively.

(2) Average invested capital is calculated using the total invested capital balances at the start of the period and at the end of each quarter within each of the periods presented.

After-tax ROIC increased 80 basis points for the twelve month period ended December 31, 2024 compared to the prior year period as a result of a 4.6% increase in after-tax operating income versus a 2.0% increase in average invested capital.

After-tax ROIC for the year ended December 31, 2024 included 90 basis points of favorable impact related to the cumulative effect of the change from the LIFO method of accounting to the FIFO method for certain U.S. businesses (\$117 million pretax, or \$88 million after-tax) in the first quarter of 2024. Refer to Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Item 8. Financial Statements for additional information regarding this change in accounting method.

After-tax ROIC increased 130 basis points for the twelve month period ended December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year period as a result of a 6.6% increase in after-tax operating income versus a 2.0% increase in average invested capital.

A reconciliation of the 2024 effective tax rate excluding the third quarter 2024 net discrete tax benefit of \$121 million, which included favorable discrete tax benefits of \$107 million related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart and \$87 million related to a reorganization of the Company's intellectual property, partially offset by a \$73 million discrete tax expense related to the remeasurement of unrecognized tax benefits associated with various intercompany transactions, is as follows:

Twelve Months Ended

Twolve Months Ended

**Twelve Months Ended** 

		ins Ended				
	<b>December 31, 2024</b>					
Dollars in millions	Inco	me Taxes	Tax Rate			
As reported	\$	934	21.1 %			
Net discrete tax benefit related to the third quarter 2024		121	2.7 %			
As adjusted	\$	1,055	23.8 %			

A reconciliation of the 2023 effective tax rate excluding the second quarter 2023 discrete tax benefit of \$20 million related to amended 2021 U.S. taxes is as follows:

		ns Enueu					
	<b>December 31, 2023</b>						
Dollars in millions	Inco	me Taxes	Tax Rate				
As reported	\$	866	22.6 %				
Discrete tax benefit related to the second quarter 2023		20	0.6 %				
As adjusted	\$	886	23.2 %				

A reconciliation of the 2022 effective tax rate excluding the fourth quarter 2022 discrete tax benefit of \$32 million related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and the second quarter 2022 discrete tax benefit of \$51 million related to the resolution of a U.S. tax audit is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2022</b>					
Dollars in millions	Incor	ne Taxes	Tax Rate			
As reported	\$	808	21.0 %			
Discrete tax benefit related to the fourth quarter 2022		32	0.8 %			
Discrete tax benefit related to the second quarter 2022		51	1.4 %			
As adjusted	\$	891	23.2 %			

Refer to Note 6. Income Taxes in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for further information regarding the discrete tax items noted above.

## Working Capital

Management uses working capital as a measurement of the short-term liquidity of the Company. Net working capital as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 is summarized as follows:

In millions	 2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	
Current Assets:				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 948	\$ 1,065	\$	(117)
Trade receivables	2,991	3,123		(132)
Inventories	1,605	1,707		(102)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	312	 340		(28)
Total current assets	5,856	6,235		(379)
Current Liabilities:				
Short-term debt	1,555	1,825		(270)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,095	2,244		(149)
Other	658	606		52
Total current liabilities	4,308	4,675		(367)
Net Working Capital	\$ 1,548	\$ 1,560	\$	(12)

As of December 31, 2024, a significant portion of the Company's cash and equivalents was held by international subsidiaries. Cash and equivalents held internationally may be subject to foreign withholding taxes if repatriated to the U.S. Cash and equivalents held internationally are typically used for international operating needs or reinvested to fund expansion of existing international businesses. International funds may also be used to fund international acquisitions or, if not considered permanently invested, may be repatriated to the U.S. The Company has accrued for foreign withholding taxes related to foreign held cash and equivalents that are not permanently invested.

In the U.S., the Company utilizes cash flows from operations to fund domestic cash needs and the Company's capital allocation priorities. This includes operating needs of the U.S. businesses, dividend payments, share repurchases, acquisitions, servicing of domestic debt obligations, reinvesting to fund expansion of existing U.S. businesses and general corporate needs. The Company may also use its commercial paper program, which is supported by a long-term credit facility, for short-term liquidity needs. The Company believes cash generated by operations and liquidity provided by the Company's commercial paper program will continue to be sufficient to fund cash requirements in the U.S.

## Debt

Total debt as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)
Short-term debt	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,825	\$ (270)
Long-term debt	6,308	6,339	(31)
Total debt	\$ 7,863	\$ 8,164	\$ (301)

As of December 31, 2024, short-term debt included \$777 million related to the Euro-denominated credit agreement entered into on May 5, 2023 (the "Euro Credit Agreement"), which was reclassified to Short-term debt in the second quarter of 2024 since the debt, including the options to extend the termination date, is due in April 2025. As of December 31, 2023, Short-term debt included \$700 million related to the 3.50% notes due March 1, 2024 and \$661 million related to the 0.25% Euro notes due December 5, 2024, both of which were repaid on their respective due dates. Additionally, Short-term debt included \$778 million and \$464 million of commercial paper as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had €1.3 billion outstanding under the Euro Credit Agreement with an interest rate of 4.59%, which was included in Long-term debt as the Company intended to exercise its options to extend the termination date. The first and second options to extend the termination date were both exercised in 2024. On May 22, 2024, the Company repaid €550 million of the term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement using a portion of the proceeds from the

Euro notes issued on May 17, 2024, as discussed below. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had €750 million outstanding under the Euro Credit Agreement with an interest rate of 3.61%, which was reclassified to Short-term debt in the second quarter of 2024 since the debt, including the options to extend the termination date, is due in April 2025.

In May 2024, the Company issued €650 million of 3.25% Euro notes due May 17, 2028 at 99.525% of face value and €850 million of 3.375% Euro notes due May 17, 2032 at 99.072% of face value. Proceeds from the issuance were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of a portion of the indebtedness under the commercial paper program and the Euro Credit Agreement.

The Company may issue commercial paper to fund general corporate needs, share repurchases, and small and medium-sized acquisitions. During the fourth quarter of 2022, the Company entered into a \$3.0 billion, five-year revolving credit facility with a termination date of October 21, 2027, which is available to provide additional liquidity, including to support the potential issuances of commercial paper. No amounts were outstanding under the revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2024 or 2023. The maximum outstanding commercial paper balance during 2024 was \$1.9 billion, while the average daily balance was \$906 million.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had unused capacity of approximately \$170 million under international debt facilities. In the ordinary course of business, the Company also had approximately \$250 million outstanding in guarantees, letters of credit and other similar arrangements with financial institutions as of December 31, 2024. Refer to Note 10. Debt in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional details regarding the Company's outstanding debt obligations.

## Total Debt to EBITDA

The Company uses the ratio of total debt to EBITDA as a measure of its ability to repay its outstanding debt obligations. EBITDA and the ratio of total debt to EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes that total debt to EBITDA is a meaningful metric to investors in evaluating the Company's long term financial liquidity and may be different than the method used by other companies to calculate total debt to EBITDA. The ratio of total debt to EBITDA represents total debt divided by net income before interest expense, other income (expense), income taxes, depreciation, and amortization and impairment of intangible assets on a trailing twelve month basis. Total debt to EBITDA for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

Dollars in millions	2024		2023	2022	
Total debt	7,863	\$	8,164	\$	7,763
_					
Net income \$	3,488	\$	2,957	\$	3,034
Add:					
Interest expense	283		266		203
Other (income) expense	(441)		(49)		(255)
Income taxes	934		866		808
Depreciation	301		282		276
Amortization and impairment of intangible assets	101		113		134
EBITDA \$	4,666	\$	4,435	\$	4,200
Total debt to EBITDA ratio	1.7		1.8		1.8

## Stockholders' Equity

The changes to stockholders' equity during 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

In millions	2024	 2023
Beginning balance	\$ 3,013	\$ 3,089
Net income	3,488	2,957
Cash dividends declared	(1,717)	(1,634)
Repurchases of common stock	(1,500)	(1,500)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(43)	7
Other	76	94
Ending balance	\$ 3,317	\$ 3,013

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Company has three accounting estimates that it believes are most important to the Company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require the Company to make judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain. Management bases its estimates on historical experience, and in some cases on observable market information. Various assumptions are also used that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company's critical accounting estimates are as follows:

*Income Taxes*— The Company provides deferred income tax assets and liabilities based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial and tax bases of assets and liabilities based on currently enacted tax laws. The Company's deferred and other tax balances are based on management's interpretation of the tax regulations and rulings in numerous taxing jurisdictions. Income tax expense, assets and liabilities recognized by the Company also reflect its best estimates and assumptions regarding, among other things, the level of future taxable income, the effect of the Company's various tax planning strategies and uncertain tax positions. Future tax authority rulings and changes in tax laws, changes in projected levels of taxable income and future tax planning strategies could affect the actual effective tax rate and tax balances recorded by the Company.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets— The Company's business acquisitions typically result in recording goodwill and other intangible assets, which are a significant portion of the Company's total assets and affect the amount of amortization expense and impairment charges that the Company could incur in future periods. The Company follows the guidance prescribed in the accounting standards to test goodwill and intangible assets for impairment. On an annual basis, or more frequently if triggering events occur, the Company compares the estimated fair value of its reporting units to the carrying value of each reporting unit to determine if a potential goodwill impairment exists. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, a goodwill impairment loss is recorded for the difference. In calculating the fair value of the reporting units or specific intangible assets, management relies on a number of factors, including business plans, economic projections, anticipated future cash flows, comparable transactions and other market data. There are inherent uncertainties related to these factors and management's judgment in applying them in the impairment tests of goodwill and other intangible assets.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had total goodwill and intangible assets of approximately \$5.4 billion allocated to its reporting units. Although there can be no assurance that the Company will not incur additional impairment charges related to its goodwill and other intangible assets, the Company generally believes the risk of significant impairment charges is lessened by the number of diversified businesses and end markets represented by its reporting units that have goodwill and other intangible assets. In addition, the individual businesses in many of the reporting units have been acquired over a long period of time, and in many cases have been able to improve their performance, primarily as a result of the application of the Company's 80/20 Front-to-Back process. The amount of goodwill and other intangible assets allocated to individual reporting units ranges from approximately \$232 million to \$1.4 billion, with the average amount equal to \$542 million. In all cases, the fair value of the individual reporting unit significantly exceeds its carrying value. Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in the factors described above. Due to the inherent uncertainties associated with these factors and economic conditions in the Company's global end markets, impairment charges related to one or more reporting units could occur in future periods.

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits— The Company has various company-sponsored defined benefit retirement plans covering a number of U.S. employees and many employees outside the U.S. Pension and other postretirement benefit expense and obligations are determined based on actuarial valuations. Pension benefit obligations are generally based on each participant's years of service, future compensation, and age at retirement or termination. Important assumptions in determining pension and postretirement expense and obligations are the discount rate, the expected long-term return on plan assets, life expectancy, and health care cost trend rates. Future changes in any of these assumptions could materially affect the amounts recorded related to the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans. See Note 11. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for additional discussion of actuarial assumptions used in determining pension and postretirement health care liabilities and expenses.

The Company determines the discount rate used to measure plan liabilities as of the year-end measurement date for the U.S. primary pension plan. The discount rate reflects the current rate at which the associated liabilities could theoretically be effectively settled at the end of the year. In estimating this rate, the Company looks at rates of return on high-quality fixed income investments, with similar duration to the liabilities in the plan. A 25 basis point decrease in the discount rate would increase the present value of the U.S. primary pension plan obligation by approximately \$24 million. The Company estimates the service and interest cost components of net periodic benefit cost by applying specific spot rates along the yield curve to the projected cash flows rather than a single weighted-average rate. See Note 11. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data for information on the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plans and related assumptions.

The expected long-term return on plan assets is based on historical and expected long-term returns for similar investment allocations among asset classes. For the U.S. primary pension plan, a 25 basis point decrease in the expected return on plan assets would increase the annual pension expense by approximately \$3 million.

## ITEM 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

#### MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to certain market risks that exist as part of its ongoing business operations, including fluctuations in currency exchange rates, price volatility for certain commodities and changes in interest rates. The Company does not engage in speculative or leveraged transactions and does not hold or issue financial instruments for trading purposes.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the fair value of the Company's fixed rate debt. Refer to Note 10. Debt in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplemental Data for details related to the fair value of the Company's debt instruments. Additionally, rising interest rates would negatively impact the amount of interest expense related to new issuances of commercial paper and the outstanding Euro term loans borrowed under the Euro Credit Agreement.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The Company operates in the U.S. and 50 foreign countries. The funding for the foreign manufacturing operations is provided primarily through the permanent investment of equity capital. The Company's products are typically manufactured and sold within the same country or economic union. Therefore, the Company's manufacturing operations generally do not have significant assets or liabilities denominated in currencies other than their functional currencies.

The Company designated the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2014, the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2015, the €1.6 billion of Euro notes issued in June 2019, the €1.3 billion of Euro term loans borrowed under the Euro Credit Agreement in May 2023 and the €1.5 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2024 as hedges of a portion of its net investment in Euro-denominated foreign operations to reduce foreign currency risk associated with the investment in these operations. Changes in the value of this debt resulting from fluctuations in the Euro to U.S. Dollar exchange rate have been recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments within Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On February 22, 2022, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2014 were redeemed in full, on May 22, 2023, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2015 were repaid on the due date and on December 5, 2024, €600 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2019 were repaid on the due date. On May 22, 2024, the Company also repaid €550 million of the term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement. Refer to Note 10. Debt in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplemental Data for additional information regarding the redemption of these notes. The amount of pre-tax gain (loss) related to these notes that was recorded in Other comprehensive income (loss) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$301 million, \$(109) million and \$205 million, respectively.

## ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

## MANAGEMENT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The management of Illinois Tool Works Inc. (the "Company" or "ITW") is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). ITW's internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to the Company's management and Board of Directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

ITW management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. In making this assessment, it used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013). Based on our assessment we believe that, as of December 31, 2024, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their attestation report included herein.

/s/ Christopher A. O'Herlihy Christopher A. O'Herlihy President & Chief Executive Officer February 14, 2025 /s/ Michael M. Larsen Michael M. Larsen Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer February 14, 2025

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the stockholders and the Board of Directors of Illinois Tool Works Inc.

#### Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of Illinois Tool Works Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control* — *Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)*.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying *Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

## **Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Critical Audit Matter**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### Income Taxes — Refer to Note 6 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The Company's income tax expense is recognized and measured based on management's interpretation of the tax regulations and rulings in numerous taxing jurisdictions, which requires significant judgment. When calculating income tax expense management makes estimates and assumptions, including determination of the completeness of book income in each jurisdiction, calculation of taxable income through identification and classification of book to tax differences (either temporary or permanent items), consideration of applicable tax deductions or credits and the identification of uncertain tax positions.

The evaluation of each uncertain tax position requires management to apply specialized skill and knowledge related to the identified position. Management evaluates uncertain tax positions identified and a liability is established for unrecognized tax benefits when there is a more than 50% likelihood that its tax position will not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. There is additional judgment to determine the amount of the liability for the underlying tax position.

Given the number of taxing jurisdictions and the complex and subjective nature of the associated tax regulations and rulings, certain audit matters required a high degree of auditor judgment and increased extent of effort, including the need to involve our income tax specialists. These matters included the auditing of certain elements of income tax expense, identification of uncertain tax positions and measurement of unrecognized tax benefits, and certain planning transactions with income tax expense implications.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

With the assistance of our income tax specialists, our principal audit procedures related to the auditing of certain elements of income tax expense, identification of uncertain tax positions and measurement of unrecognized tax benefits and certain planning transactions with income tax expense implications included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of management's controls over income tax expense, unrecognized tax benefits and certain planning transactions with income tax expense implications.
- We evaluated management's significant estimates and judgments incorporated into the calculation of certain elements of income tax expense by:
  - Selecting a sample of book to tax differences (temporary and permanent) and testing the accuracy, completeness, and
    classification of the selections, including evaluating that all impacts of significant transactions with income tax expense
    implications are considered.
  - Developing an expectation over the foreign income tax expense by jurisdiction and comparing it to the recorded balance.
  - Testing the accuracy of the relevant income tax expense calculations.
- We evaluated management's significant judgments regarding the identification of uncertain tax positions by:
  - Evaluating the reasonableness of a selection of certain planning transactions with income tax expense implications, including the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data supporting the transactions.
  - Assessing management's methods and assumptions used in identifying uncertain tax positions.
  - Comparing results of prior tax audits to ongoing and anticipated tax audits by tax authorities.
  - Evaluating external information including applicable tax law, new interpretations, and related changes to assess the completeness and reasonableness of management's considerations.
  - Determining if there was additional information not considered in management's assessment.
- We evaluated a sample of the liabilities recorded for unrecognized tax benefits to assess the establishment and amount of the liability for the specific underlying tax position.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Chicago, Illinois February 14, 2025

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

# Statement of Income Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Subsidiaries

	For the Years Ended December 31							
In millions except per share amounts	2024	2023	2022					
Operating Revenue	\$ 15,898	\$ 16,107	\$ 15,932					
Cost of revenue	8,858	9,316	9,429					
Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses	2,675	2,638	2,579					
Amortization and impairment of intangible assets	101	113	134					
Operating Income	4,264	4,040	3,790					
Interest expense	(283)	(266)	(203)					
Other income (expense)	441	49	255					
Income Before Taxes	4,422	3,823	3,842					
Income taxes	934	866	808					
Net Income	\$ 3,488	\$ 2,957	\$ 3,034					
Net Income Per Share:								
Basic	\$ 11.75	\$ 9.77	\$ 9.80					
Diluted	\$ 11.71	\$ 9.74	\$ 9.77					

# Statement of Comprehensive Income Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Years Ended December 31 2024 2023 2022 In millions Net Income \$ 3,488 \$ 2,957 \$ 3,034 Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax (104)41 (242)(97)Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments, net of tax ... (34) (43) Other comprehensive income (loss) (339)2,695 3,445 \$ Comprehensive Income 2,964 \$

# Statement of Financial Position Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Subsidiaries

Instillementage programmer in the series of the s		December 31			31
Current Assets:         Cash and equivalents         \$ 948         \$ 1,065           Trade receivables         2,991         3,123           Inventories         1,605         1,707           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         312         340           Total current assets         3,255         6,235           Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,009           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Deferred income taxes         1,375         1,525           Other assets         1,375         1,525           Current Liabilities         3,150         1,525           Current Liabilities         3,150         1,525           Accounts payable         1,576         1,663           Accounts payable         414         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         3,08         6,339           Deferred income taxes         1,01         3,00           Noncurrent income taxes payable         7,2         1,51<	In millions except per share amounts		2024		2023
Cash and equivalents         \$ 948         \$ 1,065           Trade receivables         2,991         3,123           Inventories         1,605         1,707           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         312         3 40           Total current assets         5,856         6,235           Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         48,39         4,909           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Current Liabilities         5         1,535         1,525           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825         1,525           Accounts payable         \$ 1,506         1,566         1,663           Cash dividends payable         411         419           Income taxes payable         2,27         1,87           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         4,309         6,308         6,309           Deferred income taxes payable         5,30         6,308         6,309           Total current liabilities         7,42         7,830	Assets				
Trade receivables         2,991         3,123           Inventories         1,605         1,707           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         312         340           Total current assets         3,856         6,235           Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,909           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Experient Liabilities         1,515         8           Experient Liabilities           Short-term debt         5         1,555         8           Accounds payable         414         419           Income taxes payable         414         419           Income taxes payable         4,07         4,07           Noncurrent Liabilities         4,08         4,07           Noncurrent income taxes         1,19         3,02           Noncurrent income taxes         1,19         3,02           Noncurrent income taxes         1,19         3,10           Other liabilities         7,42         7,83           Comparent debt	Current Assets:				
Inventories         1,605         1,707           Prepaid expenses and other current assets         312         340           Total current assets         5,856         6,235           Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,909           Intagible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Stage of the same o	Cash and equivalents	\$	948	\$	1,065
Prepaid expenses and other current assets         312         340           Total current assets         5,856         6,235           Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,009           Intangible assets         592         657           Defered income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Expected income taxes         8,150         8,151           Other assets         1,506         1,578           Current Liabilities         51         5,251           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         51         5,55           Accured expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         217         187           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current Liabilities         6,308         6,339           Noncurrent Liabilities         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         1,101         3,06           Noncurrent Liabilities         1,015         1,01           Other liabilities         7,42         7,830	Trade receivables		2,991		3,123
Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,909           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Expected income taxes         5 15,067         \$ 15,508           Current Liabilities         5 1,5067         \$ 18,25           Accounts payable         5 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         411         419           Income taxes payable         411         419           Income taxes payable         417         187           Total current liabilities         4,30         4,575           Noncurrent Liabilities         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         119         326           Noncurrent Liabilities         1,15         1,15           Long-term debt         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         7,42         7,830           Other liabilities         1,15         1,01           Total current liabilities         7,42         7,830           Noncurrent income taxes payable         7,42         7,830	Inventories		1,605		1,707
Net plant and equipment         2,036         1,976           Goodwill         4,839         4,909           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           \$ 15,067         \$ 15,518           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity           Current Liabilities:           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accounts payable         411         419           Income taxes payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         4,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         7,419         3,50           Other liabilities         7,419         3,50           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,420         7,830           Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		312		340
Goodwill         4,839         4,909           Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           Example of the same of the state of the same	Total current assets		5,856		6,235
Intangible assets         592         657           Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           \$ 15,067         \$ 15,067         \$ 15,518           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity           Current Liabilities:           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,668           Cash dividends payable         411         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities           Long-term debt         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes payable         19         326           Noncurrent liabilities         1,015         1,014           Other liabilities         7,42         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         7,442         7,830	Net plant and equipment		2,036		1,976
Deferred income taxes         369         479           Other assets         1,375         1,262           \$ 15,067         \$ 15,518           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity           Current Liabilities:           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,675         8           Noncurrent debt         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         7,42         7,830           Deferred income taxes payable         7,42         7,830           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,42         7,830           Stockholders' Equity         2         7,830           Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share)         8         6	Goodwill		4,839		4,909
Other assets         1,375         1,262           Issued-550.0 shares in 2024 and 2993 shares in 2020 and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         1,375         1,525         1,825           Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity         8         1,555         \$ 1,825           Current Liabilities         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         \$ 1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         1,015         1,014           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,830         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,830         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,830         1,015         1,014           Otter liabilities         1,015         1,014         1,015         1,014      <	Intangible assets		592		657
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity         Urrent Liabilities           Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         5         1,915         326           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         119         326           Noncurrent Liabilities         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         1,015         1,014           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         2,742         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         4         6         6           Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share;         2 <td>Deferred income taxes</td> <td></td> <td>369</td> <td></td> <td>479</td>	Deferred income taxes		369		479
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity           Current Liabilities:         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         519         326           Long-term debt         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         7,442         7,830           Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         1ssued-55.0.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)	Other assets		1,375		1,262
Current Liabilities:         S         1,555         \$         1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         8         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         -         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         8         6         6           Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         8         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588         8           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         25,375         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,834		\$	15,067	\$	15,518
Current Liabilities:         S         1,555         \$         1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         8         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         -         151           Other liabilities         -         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         1         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588         6         6           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Short-term debt         \$ 1,555         \$ 1,825           Accounts payable         519         581           Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities         8         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent licome taxes payable         -         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         7,830           Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         1         1           Issued-550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023 Outstanding-294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling intere					
Accounts payable       519       581         Accrued expenses       1,576       1,663         Cash dividends payable       441       419         Income taxes payable       217       187         Total current liabilities       4,308       4,675         Noncurrent Liabilities:       8       6,308       6,339         Deferred income taxes       119       326         Noncurrent income taxes payable       —       151         Other liabilities       1,015       1,014         Total noncurrent liabilities       7,442       7,830         Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):       1       1         Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023 Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023       6       6         Additional paid-in-capital       1,669       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1       1		\$	1,555	\$	1,825
Accrued expenses         1,576         1,663           Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         8         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         3         6         6           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023 Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588         7,122           Common stock held in treasury         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1         1			· · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash dividends payable         441         419           Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         5,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         -         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         2         Common stock (Authorized-700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         1           Issued-550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         6         6           Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1			1,576		1,663
Income taxes payable         217         187           Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:			· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total current liabilities         4,308         4,675           Noncurrent Liabilities:         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         1           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023 Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1	* *		217		187
Noncurrent Liabilities:         6,308         6,339           Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023 Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1         1	* *		4,308		4,675
Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1         1			,		,
Deferred income taxes         119         326           Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1         1			6,308		6,339
Noncurrent income taxes payable         —         151           Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:         Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1			119		326
Other liabilities         1,015         1,014           Total noncurrent liabilities         7,442         7,830           Stockholders' Equity:           Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):           Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023           Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023         6         6           Additional paid-in-capital         1,669         1,588           Retained earnings         28,893         27,122           Common stock held in treasury         (25,375)         (23,870)           Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)         (1,877)         (1,834)           Noncontrolling interest         1         1					151
Total noncurrent liabilities       7,442       7,830         Stockholders' Equity:       Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023       Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023       6       6       6       Additional paid-in-capital       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1       1	• •		1,015		1,014
Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):         Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023         Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023       6       6         Additional paid-in-capital       1,669       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1			7,442		7,830
Issued- 550.0 shares in 2024 and 2023       6       6         Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023       6       6         Additional paid-in-capital       1,669       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1	Stockholders' Equity:				
Outstanding- 294.0 shares in 2024 and 299.3 shares in 2023       6       6         Additional paid-in-capital       1,669       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1	Common stock (Authorized- 700.0 shares; par value of \$0.01 per share):				
Additional paid-in-capital       1,669       1,588         Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1			6		6
Retained earnings       28,893       27,122         Common stock held in treasury       (25,375)       (23,870)         Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)       (1,877)       (1,834)         Noncontrolling interest       1       1	_		-		_
Common stock held in treasury(25,375)(23,870)Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)(1,877)(1,834)Noncontrolling interest11					*
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)(1,877)(1,834)Noncontrolling interest11	<u> </u>				
Noncontrolling interest 1 1	•		` ' '		
	. ,				(1,054)
	Total stockholders' equity		3,317		3,013
S,517   S,015	Total stockholders equity	\$		\$	

# Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Subsidiaries

In millions except per share amounts	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Common Stock Held in Treasury	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 6	\$ 1,432	\$ 24,325	\$ (20,636)	\$ (1,502)	\$ 1	\$ 3,626
Net income	_	_	3,034	_	_	_	3,034
Common stock issued for stock- based compensation	_	6	_	9	_	_	15
Stock-based compensation expense	_	63	_	_	_	_	63
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(1,750)	_	_	(1,750)
Dividends declared (\$5.06 per share)	_	_	(1,560)	_	_	_	(1,560)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	(339)	_	(339)
Balance as of December 31, 2022	6	1,501	25,799	(22,377)	(1,841)	1	3,089
Net income	_	_	2,957	_	_	_	2,957
Common stock issued for stock- based compensation	_	18	_	20	_	_	38
Stock-based compensation expense	_	69	_	_	_	_	69
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(1,500)	_	_	(1,500)
Excise tax on repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(13)	_	_	(13)
Dividends declared (\$5.42 per share)	_	_	(1,634)	_	_	_	(1,634)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_	_	_	_	7	_	7
Balance as of December 31, 2023	6	1,588	27,122	(23,870)	(1,834)	1	3,013
Net income	_	_	3,488	_	_	_	3,488
Common stock issued for stock- based compensation	_	20	_	9	_	_	29
Stock-based compensation expense	_	61	_	_	_	_	61
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(1,500)	_	_	(1,500)
Excise tax on repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(14)	_	_	(14)
Dividends declared (\$5.80 per share)	_	_	(1,717)	_	_	_	(1,717)
Other comprehensive income (loss)					(43)		(43)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 6	\$ 1,669	\$ 28,893	\$ (25,375)	\$ (1,877)	\$ 1	\$ 3,317

# Statement of Cash Flows Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Subsidiaries

		For the '	Years	Ended Dec	embe	er 31
In millions		2024		2023		2022
Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:						
Net income	\$	3,488	\$	2,957	\$	3,034
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		301		282		276
Amortization and impairment of intangible assets		101		113		134
Change in deferred income taxes		(176)		(88)		(150)
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(1)		6		5
(Income) loss from investments		_		(2)		(9)
(Gain) loss on sale of plant and equipment		_		(1)		(1)
(Gain) loss on sale of operations and affiliates				(1)		(191)
Gain on sale of noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart International Holdings LLC		(363)		_		_
Stock-based compensation expense		61		69		63
Cumulative effect of change in inventory accounting method		(117)		_		_
Other non-cash items, net		6		(4)		5
		O		(1)		3
Change in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and divestitures:						
(Increase) decrease in—		34		64		(461)
Trade receivables		176		360		(455)
Inventories						` ′
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(41)		(26)		(19)
Increase (decrease) in—		(42)		(1.4)		2.5
Accounts payable		(43)		(14)		35
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(74)		(102)		119
Income taxes		(70)		(72)		(35)
Other, net		(1)		(2)		(2)
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,281		3,539		2,348
Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities:						
Acquisition of businesses (excluding cash and equivalents)		(115)		_		(2)
Additions to plant and equipment		(437)		(455)		(412)
Proceeds from investments		11		27		12
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		12		20		15
Proceeds from sale of operations and affiliates		_		7		278
Proceeds from sale of noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart International Holdings LLC		395				_
Other, net		(10)		(2)		(1)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(144)		(403)		(110)
Cash Provided by (Used for) Financing Activities:		, ,		, ,		, ,
Cash dividends paid		(1,695)		(1,615)		(1,542)
Issuance of common stock		52		53		29
Repurchases of common stock		(1,500)		(1,500)		(1,750)
Net proceeds from (repayments of) debt with original maturities of three months or less		312		(452)		796
		1,606		1,425		593
Proceeds from debt with original maturities of more than three months		(1,926)		(679)		
Repayments of debt with original maturities of more than three months				, ,		(1,113)
Other, net		(38)		(14)		(13)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		(3,189)		(2,782)		(3,000)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Equivalents		(65)		3		(57)
Cash and Equivalents:		(***		2.55		(0.4.6)
Increase (decrease) during the year		(117)		357		(819)
Beginning of year	_	1,065	_	708	_	1,527
End of year	\$	948	\$	1,065	\$	708
Supplementary Cash Flow Information:						
	-	2.40	ተ	2.00	¢.	100
Cash Paid During the Year for Interest	\$	248	\$	260	\$	199

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## (1) Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Description of business**— Illinois Tool Works Inc. (the "Company" or "ITW") is a global manufacturer of a diversified range of industrial products and equipment with approximately 86 divisions in 51 countries. The Company's operations are organized and managed based on similar product offerings and end markets, and are reported to senior management as the following seven segments: Automotive OEM; Food Equipment; Test & Measurement and Electronics; Welding; Polymers & Fluids; Construction Products; and Specialty Products.

Consolidation and translation— The financial statements include the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. The Company follows the equity method of accounting for investments where the Company has a significant influence but not a controlling interest. Intercompany transactions are eliminated from the financial statements. Foreign subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated to U.S. dollars at end-of-period exchange rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates for the period. Translation adjustments are reported as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity.

Reclassifications— Certain reclassifications of prior year data have been made to conform to current year reporting.

Use of estimates— The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the notes to financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Acquisitions**— The Company accounts for acquisitions under the acquisition method, in which assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value as of the date of acquisition. The operating results of the acquired companies are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition. Refer to Note 2. Acquisitions for additional information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

Operating revenue— Operating revenue is recognized at the time a good or service is transferred to a customer and the customer obtains control of that good or receives the service performed. The Company's sales arrangements with customers are predominantly short-term in nature involving a single performance obligation related to the delivery of products and generally provide for transfer of control at the time of shipment. In limited circumstances, there may be significant obligations to the customer that are unfulfilled at the time of shipment, typically involving installation of equipment and customer acceptance. In these circumstances, operating revenue may be deferred until all significant obligations have been completed. In other limited arrangements, the Company may recognize revenue over time. This may include arrangements for service performed over time where operating revenue is recognized over time as the service is provided to the customer. It may also include the sale of highly specialized systems that have a high degree of customization and installation at the customer site, which are recognized over time if the product does not have an alternative use and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for work performed to date. Operating revenue for transactions meeting these criteria is recognized over time as work is performed based on the costs incurred to date relative to the total estimated costs at completion. The amount of operating revenue recorded reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for goods or services and may include adjustments for customer allowances and rebates. Customer allowances and rebates consist primarily of volume discounts and other short-term incentive programs, which are estimated at the time of sale based on historical experience and anticipated trends. Shipping and handling charges billed to customers are included in operating revenue and are recognized along with the related product revenue as they are considered a fulfillment cost. Sales commissions are expensed when incurred, which is generally at the time of revenue recognition. Contract liabilities associated with sales arrangements primarily relate to deferred revenue on equipment sales and prepaid service contracts. Total deferred revenue and customer deposits were \$360 million and \$395 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are short-term in nature. Refer to Note 4. Operating Revenue for additional information regarding the Company's operating revenue.

Research and development expenses— Research and development expenses are recorded as expense in the period incurred. These costs were \$292 million, \$284 million and \$269 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Advertising expenses**— Advertising expenses are recorded as expense in the period incurred. These costs were \$58 million, \$60 million and \$57 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Income taxes**— The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred income taxes are determined based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial and tax bases of assets and liabilities given the provisions of the enacted tax laws. Valuation allowances are established when it is estimated that it is more likely than not that the tax benefit of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

**Cash and equivalents**— Cash and equivalents include cash on hand and instruments having original maturities of three months or less. Cash and equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

**Trade receivables**— Trade receivables are net of allowances for doubtful accounts. The changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Beginning balance	\$ 29	\$ 26	\$ 28
Provision charged to expense	(1)	6	5
Acquisitions and divestitures	1		2
Write-offs, net of recoveries	(4)	(3)	(8)
Foreign currency translation	(1)	_	(1)
Ending balance	\$ 24	\$ 29	\$ 26

**Inventories**— Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value and include material, labor and factory overhead. As of December 31, 2023, the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method was used to determine the cost of inventories at certain U.S. businesses representing approximately 23% of total inventories, and the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method, which approximates current cost, was used for all other inventories.

During the first quarter of 2024, the Company changed the method used to determine the cost of inventory at certain U.S. businesses from LIFO to the FIFO method, as the Company believes the FIFO method is preferable because it provides a more consistent method for valuing inventory across the Company's operations, improves comparability with peers, and better reflects the current value of inventories at the balance sheet date. If the FIFO method was used for all inventories, total inventories would have been approximately \$117 million higher than reported at December 31, 2023.

The LIFO provision for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$6 million of expense and \$7 million of income, respectively, and was not material to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Therefore, the Company recorded the pre-tax cumulative effect of this change in accounting method of \$117 million as a reduction of Cost of revenue in the first quarter of 2024.

The major classes of inventory at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

In millions	2024	2023
Raw material	\$ 635	\$ 742
Work-in-process	193	234
Finished goods	777	848
LIFO reserve	_	(117)
Total inventories	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,707

**Net plant and equipment**— Net plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Renewals and improvements that increase the useful life of plant and equipment are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Net plant and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

In millions	2024	2023
Land	\$ 188	\$ 197
Buildings and improvements	1,562	1,490
Machinery and equipment	4,043	4,070
Construction in progress	270	294
Gross plant and equipment	6,063	6,051
Accumulated depreciation	(4,027)	(4,075)
Net plant and equipment	\$ 2,036	\$ 1,976

The Company's U.S. businesses primarily compute depreciation on an accelerated basis. The majority of the Company's international businesses compute depreciation on a straight-line basis. The ranges of useful lives used to depreciate plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5—50 years
Machinery and equipment	3—12 years

Depreciation was \$301 million, \$282 million and \$276 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Goodwill and intangible assets**— Goodwill represents the excess cost over fair value of the net assets of acquired businesses. The Company does not amortize goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives. Amortizable intangible assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 20 years.

The Company performs an impairment assessment of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives annually, or more frequently if triggering events occur, based on the estimated fair value of the related reporting unit or intangible asset. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants.

When performing its annual impairment assessment, the Company evaluates the goodwill assigned to each of its reporting units for potential impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of the relevant reporting unit to the carrying value. The Company uses various Level 2 and Level 3 valuation techniques to determine the fair value of its reporting units, including discounting estimated future cash flows based on a cash flow forecast prepared by the relevant reporting unit and market multiples of relevant public companies. If the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, a goodwill impairment loss is recorded for the difference.

The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of trademarks and brands. The estimated fair values of these intangible assets are determined based on a Level 3 valuation method using a relief-from-royalty income approach derived from internally forecasted revenues of the related products. If the fair value of the trademark or brand is less than its carrying value, an impairment loss is recorded for the difference.

Refer to Note 8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets for additional information regarding the Company's recorded goodwill and intangible assets.

**Leases**— The Company recognizes a lease liability and corresponding right-of-use asset for all operating leases with a noncancellable lease term of greater than one year. Rental expense for operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the noncancellable lease term based on the minimum lease payments at lease inception. Changes in rent subsequent to commencement that were not included in minimum lease payments at inception are recognized as variable rent in the period incurred. Refer to Note 9. Leases for additional information regarding the Company's operating leases.

**Accrued warranties**— The Company accrues for product warranties based on historical experience. The changes in accrued warranties for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

In millions	2024		2023	2022
Beginning balance	\$ 48	\$	42	\$ 46
Charges	(58	)	(51)	(41)
Provision charged to expense			56	40
Acquisitions and divestitures			_	(2)
Foreign currency translation/other	(1	)	1	(1)
Ending balance	\$ 52	\$	48	\$ 42

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued authoritative guidance which expands annual and interim disclosure requirements for reportable segments. The more significant provisions of this new guidance include the requirement to disclose significant segment expenses and certain disclosures made annually under existing guidance are required for interim periods. The Company adopted this new guidance beginning with its annual reporting for the year ended December 31, 2024 and applied the new disclosure requirements retrospectively to all periods presented. The new guidance did not have an impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows for any period. Refer to Note 16. Segment Information for additional information.

In December 2023, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that expands the disclosure requirements for income taxes. The new guidance will require consistent categories and greater disaggregation of information presented in the effective tax rate reconciliation as well as disaggregation of income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning with its annual reporting for the year ending December 31, 2025 and is required to be applied prospectively, with retrospective application to prior periods allowed. The Company is currently assessing the impact the guidance will have on its disclosures.

In November 2024, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which expands annual and interim disclosure requirements related to certain costs and expenses recorded in the income statement. The primary provisions of this new guidance require companies to provide additional footnote disclosures disaggregating income statement line items that include purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, and intangible asset amortization. The guidance will be effective for the Company beginning with its annual reporting for the year ended December 31, 2027 and is required to be applied prospectively, with retrospective application to prior periods allowed. The Company is currently assessing the impact the guidance will have on its disclosures.

## (2) Acquisitions

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$57 million, net of cash acquired. On April 1, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$59 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price for both acquisitions is subject to certain closing adjustments. These acquisitions were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The allocation of purchase price for these acquisitions will be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

## (3) Divestitures

The Company routinely reviews its portfolio of businesses relative to its business portfolio criteria and evaluates if further portfolio refinements may be needed. As such, the Company may commit to a plan to exit or dispose of certain businesses and present them as held for sale in periods prior to the sale of the business.

In the second quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest two businesses, including one business in the Polymers & Fluids segment and one business in the Food Equipment segment. These two businesses were classified as held for sale beginning in the second quarter of 2022. In the fourth quarter of 2022, both of these businesses were divested. On October 3, 2022, the business in the Polymers & Fluids segment was sold for \$220 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$156 million. On December 1, 2022, the business in the Food Equipment segment was sold for \$59 million, subject to certain closing adjustments, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$41 million. The pre-tax gains were included in Other

income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gains were mostly offset by the utilization of capital loss carryforwards of \$32 million. Operating revenue related to these divested businesses that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 was \$106 million.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, plans were approved to divest one business in the Specialty Products segment. This business was presented as held for sale beginning in the fourth quarter of 2022. This business was sold on April 3, 2023, with no significant gain or loss upon sale. Operating revenue related to this business that was included in the Company's results of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$9 million and \$37 million, respectively.

## (4) Operating Revenue

The Company's 86 diversified operating divisions are organized and managed based on similar product offerings and end markets, and are reported to senior management as the following seven segments: Automotive OEM; Food Equipment; Test & Measurement and Electronics; Welding; Polymers & Fluids; Construction Products; and Specialty Products. Operating revenue by product category, which is consistent with the Company's segment presentation, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Automotive OEM	\$ 3,188	\$ 3,235	\$ 2,969
Food Equipment	2,647	2,622	2,444
Test & Measurement and Electronics	2,818	2,832	2,828
Welding	1,851	1,902	1,894
Polymers & Fluids	1,764	1,804	1,905
Construction Products	1,909	2,033	2,113
Specialty Products	1,743	1,697	1,799
Total Segments	15,920	16,125	15,952
Intersegment revenue	(22)	(18)	(20)
Total	\$ 15,898	\$ 16,107	\$ 15,932

The following is a description of the product offerings, end markets and typical revenue transactions for each of the Company's seven segments:

**Automotive OEM**— This segment is a global, niche supplier to top tier OEMs, providing unique innovation to address pain points for sophisticated customers with complex problems. Businesses in this segment produce components and fasteners for automotive-related applications. This segment primarily serves the automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers market. Products in this segment include:

plastic and metal components, fasteners and assemblies for automobiles, light trucks and other industrial uses.

Products sold in this segment are primarily manufactured to the customer's specifications and are sold under long-term supply agreements with OEM auto manufacturers and other top tier auto parts suppliers. The Company typically recognizes revenue for products in this segment at the time of shipment. Certain products may be produced utilizing tooling that is owned by the customer that the Company developed and is reimbursed by the customer for the associated cost. In these arrangements, the Company typically retains a contractual right to use the customer-owned tooling for the purpose of fulfilling its obligations under the supply agreement. The Company records reimbursements for the cost of customer-owned tooling as a cost offset rather than operating revenue as tooling is not considered a product offering central to the Company's operations.

**Food Equipment**— This segment is a highly focused and branded industry leader in commercial food equipment differentiated by innovation and integrated service offerings. This segment primarily serves the food service, food retail and food institutional/restaurant markets. Products in this segment include:

- warewashing equipment;
- cooking equipment, including ovens, ranges and broilers;
- refrigeration equipment, including refrigerators, freezers and prep tables;
- food processing equipment, including slicers, mixers and scales;
- kitchen exhaust, ventilation and pollution control systems; and
- food equipment service, maintenance and repair.

Revenue for equipment sold in this segment is typically recognized at the time of product shipment. In limited circumstances involving installation of equipment and customer acceptance, the Company may recognize revenue upon completion of installation and acceptance by the customer. Annual service contracts are typically sold separate from equipment and the related revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the annual service period. Operating revenue for on-demand service repairs and parts is recorded upon completion and customer acceptance of the work performed.

This segment is a branded and innovative producer of test and measurement and electronic manufacturing and maintenance, repair, and operations, or "MRO" solutions that improve efficiency and quality for customers in diverse end markets. Businesses in this segment produce equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials and structures, as well as equipment and consumables used in the production of electronic subassemblies and microelectronics. This segment primarily serves the electronics, general industrial, automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers, energy, industrial capital goods and consumer durables markets. Products in this segment include:

- equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials, structures, gases and fluids;
- electronic assembly equipment;
- · electronic components and component packaging;
- static control equipment and consumables used for contamination control in clean room environments; and
- pressure sensitive adhesives and components for electronics, medical, transportation and telecommunications applications.

Revenue for products sold in this segment is typically recognized at the time of shipment. In limited circumstances where significant obligations to the customer are unfulfilled at the time of shipment, typically involving installation of equipment and customer acceptance, revenue recognition is deferred until such obligations have been completed. In other limited arrangements involving the sale of highly specialized systems that include a high degree of customization and installation at the customer site, revenue is recognized over time if the product does not have an alternative use and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for work performed to date. Revenue for transactions meeting these criteria is recognized over time as work is performed based on the costs incurred to date relative to the total estimated costs at completion.

**Welding**— This segment is a branded value-added equipment and specialty consumable manufacturer with innovative and leading technology. Businesses in this segment produce arc welding equipment, consumables and accessories for a wide array of industrial and commercial applications. This segment primarily serves the general industrial market, which includes fabrication, shipbuilding and other general industrial markets, and construction, energy, MRO, industrial capital goods and automotive original equipment manufacturers and tiers markets. Products in this segment include:

- arc welding equipment; and
- metal arc welding consumables and related accessories.

Products in this segment are primarily manufactured to meet anticipated customer demand. The Company typically recognizes revenue for these products at the time of product shipment.

**Polymers & Fluids**— This segment is a branded supplier to niche markets that require value-added, differentiated products. Businesses in this segment produce engineered adhesives, sealants, lubrication and cutting fluids, and fluids and polymers for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance. This segment primarily serves the automotive aftermarket, general industrial and MRO markets. Products in this segment include:

• adhesives for industrial, construction and consumer purposes;

- chemical fluids which clean or add lubrication to machines;
- epoxy and resin-based coating products for industrial applications;
- hand wipes and cleaners for industrial applications;
- fluids, polymers and other supplies for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance;
- fillers and putties for auto body repair; and
- polyester coatings and patch and repair products for the marine industry.

Products in this segment are primarily manufactured to meet anticipated customer demand. The Company typically recognizes revenue for these products at the time of product shipment.

**Construction Products**— This segment is a branded supplier of innovative engineered fastening systems and solutions. This segment primarily serves the residential construction, renovation/remodel and commercial construction markets. Products in this segment include:

- fasteners and related fastening tools for wood and metal applications;
- anchors, fasteners and related tools for concrete applications;
- metal plate truss components and related equipment and software; and
- packaged hardware, fasteners, anchors and other products for retail.

Products in this segment are primarily manufactured to meet anticipated customer demand. The Company typically recognizes revenue for these products at the time of product shipment.

**Specialty Products**— This segment is focused on diversified niche market opportunities with substantial patent protection producing beverage packaging equipment and consumables, product coding and marking equipment and consumables, and appliance components and fasteners. This segment primarily serves the food and beverage, consumer durables, general industrial, airlines, industrial goods and printing and publishing markets. Products in this segment include:

- conveyor systems and line automation for the food and beverage industries;
- plastic consumables that multi-pack cans and bottles and related equipment;
- foil, film and related equipment used to decorate consumer products;
- product coding and marking equipment and related consumables;
- plastic and metal closures and components for appliances;
- · airport ground support equipment; and
- · components for medical devices.

Products in this segment are primarily manufactured to meet anticipated customer demand. The Company typically recognizes revenue for these products at the time of product shipment. In limited circumstances where significant obligations to the customer are unfulfilled at the time of shipment, typically involving installation of equipment and customer acceptance, revenue is recognized when such obligations have been completed.

## (5) Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Interest income	\$ 44	\$ 51	\$ 22
Other net periodic benefit income	28	33	41
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions, net	7	(39)	(7)
Income (loss) from investments		2	9
Gain (loss) on sale of operations and affiliates		1	191
Gain on sale of noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart	363		
Equity income in Wilsonart		_	_
Other, net	(1)	1	(1)
Total other income (expense)	\$ 441	\$ 49	\$ 255

Gain (loss) on sale of operations and affiliates for the twelve months ended December 31, 2022 primarily related to two businesses divested in the fourth quarter of 2022. Refer to Note 3. Divestitures for further information regarding the Company's divestitures.

In the fourth quarter of 2012, the Company divested a 51% majority interest in its former Decorative Surfaces segment to certain funds managed by Clayton, Dubilier & Rice, LLC ("CD&R"). As a result of the transaction, the Company owned common units (the "Common Units") of Wilsonart International Holdings LLC ("Wilsonart") initially representing approximately 49% (on an as-converted basis) of the total outstanding equity and CD&R owned cumulative convertible participating preferred units (the "Preferred Units") of Wilsonart representing approximately 51% (on an as-converted basis) of the total outstanding equity. The ownership interest in Wilsonart was reported using the equity method of accounting. The Company's proportionate share in the income (loss) of Wilsonart was reported in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. As the Company's investment in Wilsonart was structured as a partnership for U.S. tax purposes, U.S. taxes were recorded separately from the equity investment. In 2016, the Company received a \$167 million dividend distribution from Wilsonart which exceeded the Company's equity investment balance and resulted in a \$54 million pre-tax gain in 2016. As a result of the dividend distribution, the equity investment balance in Wilsonart was reduced to zero and subsequent equity investment income was suspended and no longer recognized.

On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with affiliates of CD&R for the sale of the Company's noncontrolling equity interest in Wilsonart for \$398 million. The transaction closed immediately after the execution of the purchase agreement. Proceeds from the transaction, net of transaction costs, were \$395 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$363 million which was included in Other income (expense) in the Statement of Income. Income taxes on the gain were more than offset by a discrete tax benefit of \$107 million in the third quarter of 2024 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart. Refer to Note 6. Income Taxes for further information. The sale of the Company's equity interest in Wilsonart is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial results in subsequent periods.

#### (6) Income Taxes

Noncurrent income taxes payable—On December 22, 2017, the "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act" (the "Act") was enacted in the United States. The provisions of the Act significantly revised the U.S. corporate income tax rules. In connection with the enactment of the Act, the Company recorded a one-time additional income tax expense of \$676 million in the fourth quarter of 2017 related to a one-time repatriation tax on the deemed repatriation of post-1986 undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries. A portion of the resulting income taxes payable can be paid in installments over eight years. During 2024, the remaining noncurrent income taxes payable related to the one-time repatriation tax of \$151 million was reclassified from Noncurrent income taxes payable as of December 31, 2023 to Income taxes payable as of December 31, 2024.

**Provision for income taxes**— The components of the provision for income taxes for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
U.S. federal income taxes:			
Current \$	486	\$ 455	\$ 478
Deferred	(576)	(111)	(143)
Total U.S. federal income taxes	(90)	344	335
Foreign income taxes:			
Current	515	405	387
Deferred	487	31	13
Total foreign income taxes	1,002	436	400
State income taxes:			
Current	109	94	93
Deferred	(87)	(8)	(20)
Total state income taxes	22	86	73
Total provision for income taxes \$	934	\$ 866	\$ 808

Income before taxes for domestic and foreign operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Domestic	\$ 2,603	\$ 1,953	\$ 2,128
Foreign	1,819	1,870	1,714
Total income before taxes	\$ 4,422	\$ 3,823	\$ 3,842

The reconciliation between the U.S. federal statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
U.S. federal statutory tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State income taxes, net of U.S. federal tax benefit	2.0	1.8	1.9
Differences between U.S. federal statutory and foreign tax rates	1.0	1.1	0.7
U.S. tax effect of foreign earnings	0.5	0.8	1.0
Remeasurement of unrecognized tax benefit	1.6	0.6	0.1
Change in valuation allowances	(2.3)	0.5	(0.8)
Intellectual property reorganization	(1.1)	_	
Audit resolution	0.1	(0.2)	(1.4)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.3)
Foreign derived intangible income	(1.2)	(1.4)	(1.3)
Other, net	(0.2)	(1.1)	0.1
Effective tax rate	21.1 %	22.6 %	21.0 %

The Company's effective tax rate for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was 21.1%, 22.6% and 21.0%, respectively. The 2024 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits during the third quarter of 2024 of \$107 million related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards upon the sale of Wilsonart and \$87 million related to a reorganization of the Company's intellectual property, partially offset by a \$73 million discrete tax expense related to the remeasurement of unrecognized tax benefits associated with various intercompany transactions. The 2023 effective tax rate benefited from a discrete income tax benefit of \$20 million in the second quarter of 2023 related to amended 2021 U.S. taxes. The 2022 effective tax rate benefited from discrete income tax benefits of \$32 million in the fourth quarter of 2022 related to the utilization of capital loss carryforwards and \$51 million in the second quarter of 2022 related to a decrease in unrecognized tax benefits resulting from the resolution of a U.S. tax audit. Additionally, the effective tax rates for 2024, 2023 and 2022 included discrete income tax benefits of \$14 million, \$20 million and \$12 million, respectively, related to excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation.

Upon repatriation of foreign earnings to the U.S., the Company may be subject to foreign withholding taxes. The accrual for foreign withholding taxes related to the expected repatriation of foreign held cash and equivalents as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$44 million and \$39 million, respectively.

Deferred foreign withholding taxes have not been provided on undistributed earnings considered permanently invested. As of December 31, 2024, undistributed earnings of certain international subsidiaries that are considered permanently invested were approximately \$6 billion. Determination of the related deferred tax liability is not practicable because of the complexities associated with the hypothetical calculation.

**Deferred tax assets and liabilities**— The components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	20	)24	2023			
In millions	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability		
Goodwill and intangible assets	\$ 553	\$ (476)	\$ 505	\$ (492)		
Inventory reserves, capitalized tax cost and LIFO inventory	54		51	(3)		
Investments	24	(53)	19	(124)		
Plant and equipment	19	(108)	12	(113)		
Accrued expenses and reserves	35		34			
Employee benefit accruals	137		165			
Foreign tax credit carryforwards	13		12			
Net operating loss carryforwards	465		463			
Capital loss carryforwards	81		194			
Allowances for uncollectible accounts	11		12			
Capitalized research and development	173		88			
Pension liabilities		(43)		(21)		
Unrealized loss (gain) on foreign debt instruments		(98)		(37)		
Operating leases	56	(56)	53	(53)		
Other	32	(53)	43	(31)		
Gross deferred income tax assets (liabilities)	1,653	(887)	1,651	(874)		
Valuation allowances	(516)	_	(624)	_		
Total deferred income tax assets (liabilities)	\$ 1,137	\$ (887)	\$ 1,027	\$ (874)		

The valuation allowances recorded as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 related primarily to certain net operating loss carryforwards and capital loss carryforwards. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had utilized all realizable foreign tax credit carryforwards.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income in the U.S. and certain foreign jurisdictions, which expire as follows:

	Gross Carryforward	S
	Related to Net	
In millions	<b>Operating Losses</b>	
2025	\$ 1	l
2026	2	2
2027	1	1
2028	2	2
2029	5	5
2030-2050	836	5
Do not expire	949	)
Total gross carryforwards related to net operating losses	\$ 1,796	5

**Unrecognized tax benefits**— The changes in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Beginning balance	\$ 329	\$ 314	\$ 360
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	35	21	9
Additions for tax positions of prior years	37	48	9
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	(30)	(33)	(56)
Settlements		(23)	_
Foreign currency translation	(12)	2	(8)
Ending balance	\$ 359	\$ 329	\$ 314

Included in the balance as of December 31, 2024 were approximately \$329 million of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would impact the Company's effective tax rate.

The Company and its subsidiaries file tax returns in the U.S. and various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. These tax returns are routinely audited by the tax authorities in these jurisdictions including the Internal Revenue Service, His Majesty's Revenue and Customs, German Fiscal Authority, French Fiscal Authority, and Australian Tax Office, and a number of these audits are currently ongoing, which may increase the amount of the unrecognized tax benefits in future periods. The Company believes it is reasonably possible that within the next twelve months the amount of the Company's unrecognized tax benefits may be decreased by approximately \$17 million related predominantly to the potential resolution of federal, state and foreign examinations. The Company has recorded its best estimate of the potential exposure for these issues. The following table summarizes the open tax years for the Company's major jurisdictions:

Jurisdiction	Open Tax Years
United States – Federal	2019-2024
United Kingdom	2017-2024
Germany	2019-2024
France	2017-2024
Australia	2015-2024

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. The accrual for interest and penalties as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$69 million and \$34 million, respectively.

## (7) Net Income Per Share

Net income per basic share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period. Net income per diluted share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares assuming dilution for stock options and restricted stock units. Dilutive shares reflect the potential additional shares that would be outstanding if the dilutive stock options outstanding were exercised and the unvested restricted stock units vested during the period. The computation of net income per share for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions except per share amounts	2024	2023	2022
Net Income	\$ 3,488	\$ 2,957	\$ 3,034
Net income per share—Basic:			
Weighted-average common shares	296.8	302.6	309.6
Net income per share—Basic	\$ 11.75	\$ 9.77	\$ 9.80
Net income per share—Diluted:			
Weighted-average common shares	296.8	302.6	309.6
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock units	1.0	1.0	1.1
Weighted-average common shares assuming dilution	297.8	303.6	310.7
Net income per share—Diluted	\$ 11.71	\$ 9.74	\$ 9.77

Options that were considered antidilutive were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share. There were 0.2 million, 0.3 million and 0.9 million antidilutive options outstanding for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

# (8) Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

In millions	Automotive OEM	ood ipment	Mea	Test & asurement and ectronics	W	elding		ymers & Iluids	struction roducts	ecialty oducts	Total
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 459	\$ 249	\$	1,729	\$	248	\$	823	\$ 503	\$ 853	\$ 4,864
Foreign currency translation	7	2		6		3		11	3	13	45
Balance, December 31, 2023	466	251		1,735		251		834	506	866	4,909
Acquisitions / (divestitures)	_	_		71		_		_	_	_	71
Foreign currency translation	(21)	 (9)		(26)		(11)	-	(31)	(18)	 (25)	 (141)
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$ 445	\$ 242	\$	1,780	\$	240	\$	803	\$ 488	\$ 841	\$ 4,839
Cumulative goodwill impairment charges, December 31, 2024	\$ 24	\$ 60	\$	83	\$	5	\$	15	\$ 7	\$ 46	\$ 240

Intangible assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

		2024		2023							
In millions	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net					
Amortizable intangible assets:											
Customer lists and relationships	\$ 1,748	\$ (1,576)	\$ 172	\$ 1,746	\$ (1,534)	\$ 212					
Trademarks and brands	717	(602)	115	713	(573)	140					
Patents and proprietary technology	635	(596)	39	615	(581)	34					
Other	516	(497)	19	511	(487)	24					
Total amortizable intangible assets	3,616	(3,271)	345	3,585	(3,175)	410					
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:											
Trademarks and brands	247		247	247	_	247					
Total intangible assets	\$ 3,863	\$ (3,271)	\$ 592	\$ 3,832	\$ (3,175)	\$ 657					

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$57 million, net of cash acquired. On April 1, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of one business in the Test & Measurement and Electronics segment for \$59 million, net of cash acquired. The purchase price for both acquisitions is subject to certain closing adjustments. These acquisitions were not material, individually or in the aggregate, to the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The allocation of purchase price for these acquisitions will be completed as soon as practicable, but no later than one year from the acquisition date. Refer to Note 2. Acquisitions for additional information regarding the Company's acquisitions.

The Company performed its annual impairment assessment of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets in the third quarter of 2024, 2023 and 2022. There were no impairment charges as a result of these assessments.

As of December 31, 2024, the estimated future amortization expense of intangible assets for the twelve months ending December 31 was as follows:

In millions	
2025	78
2026	59
2027	47
2028	37
2029	32

#### (9) Leases

The Company's lease transactions are primarily for the use of facilities, vehicles and office equipment under operating lease arrangements. Total rental expense for operating leases for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$143 million, \$132 million and \$122 million, respectively. Total rental expense for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 included \$65 million, \$60 million and \$56 million, respectively, related to short-term operating leases and variable lease payments. Short-term operating leases have original terms of one year or less, or can be terminated at the Company's option with a short notice period and without significant penalty, and are not capitalized.

The following table summarizes information related to the Company's capitalized operating leases for 2024, 2023 and 2022:

Dollars in millions	2024	2023	2022	
Rental expense related to capitalized operating leases	\$ 78	\$ 72	\$ 6	6
Cash paid related to maturities of operating lease liabilities	\$ 77	\$ 70	\$ 6	7
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 79	\$ 82	\$ 7	4
Right-of-use assets	\$ 266	\$ 248		
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 57	\$ 58		
Long-term portion of operating lease liabilities	158	148		
Operating lease liabilities	\$ 215	\$ 206		
Weighted-average remaining lease term	4.7 years	5.0 years		
Weighted-average discount rate	3.30 %	2.95 %		

The right-of-use assets related to operating leases and the current and long-term portions of operating lease liabilities were included in Other assets, Accrued expenses and Other liabilities, respectively, in the Statement of Financial Position. The weighted-average discount rate was based on the incremental borrowing rate of the Company and its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2024, future maturities of operating lease liabilities for the twelve months ending December 31 were as follows:

In millions	
2025	\$ 63
2026	53
2027	41
2028	28
2029	19
2030 and future years	30
Total future minimum lease payments	234
Less: Imputed interest	(19)
Operating lease liabilities	\$ 215

# (10) **Debt**

Total debt as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023
Short-term debt	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,825
Long-term debt	6,308	6,339
Total debt	\$ 7,863	\$ 8,164

**Short-term debt**— Short-term debt represents obligations with a maturity date of one year or less and is stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Short-term debt also includes current maturities of long-term debt that have been reclassified to short-term, and excludes short-term debt classified as long-term because the Company has the intent and ability to extend the maturity date beyond one year. Short-term debt as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

In millions	2024	2023
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 777	\$ 1,361
Commercial paper	778	464
Total short-term debt	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,825

As of December 31, 2024, current maturities of long-term debt included \$777 million related to the Euro-denominated credit agreement entered into on May 5, 2023 (the "Euro Credit Agreement"), which was reclassified to Short-term debt in the second quarter of 2024 since the debt, including the options to extend the termination date, is due in April 2025. As of December 31, 2023, current maturities of long-term debt included \$700 million related to the 3.50% notes due March 1, 2024 and \$661 million related to the 0.25% Euro notes due December 5, 2024, both of which were repaid on their respective due dates.

The Company may issue commercial paper to fund general corporate needs, share repurchases, and small and medium-sized acquisitions. During the fourth quarter of 2022, the Company entered into a \$3.0 billion, five-year revolving credit facility with a termination date of October 21, 2027, which is available to provide additional liquidity, including to support the potential issuances of commercial paper. No amounts were outstanding under the revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2024 or 2023. The Company was also in compliance with the financial covenants of the revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2024, which included a minimum interest coverage ratio. The weighted-average interest rate on commercial paper was 4.56% and 5.40% as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had unused capacity of approximately \$170 million under international debt facilities. In the ordinary course of business, the Company also had approximately \$250 million outstanding in guarantees, letters of credit and other similar arrangements with financial institutions as of December 31, 2024.

**Long-term debt**— Long-term debt represents obligations with a maturity date greater than one year or where the Company has the intent and ability to extend the maturity date beyond one year, and excludes current maturities that have been reclassified to short-term debt. Long-term debt at carrying value and fair value as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

		2(	)24	2023					
In millions	Effective Interest Rate	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value				
3.50% notes due March 1, 2024	3.54%	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 700	\$ 698				
0.25% Euro notes due December 5, 2024	0.31%			661	642				
Euro Credit Agreement due April 30, 2025	Variable	777	777	1,434	1,434				
2.65% notes due November 15, 2026	2.69%	998	971	997	956				
0.625% Euro notes due December 5, 2027	0.71%	515	490	549	509				
3.25% Euro notes due May 17, 2028	3.38%	668	685						
2.125% Euro notes due May 22, 2030	2.18%	515	501	548	530				
1.00% Euro notes due June 5, 2031	1.09%	513	460	546	488				
3.375% Euro notes due May 17, 2032	3.51%	867	901						
3.00% Euro notes due May 19, 2034	3.13%	509	511	543	551				
4.875% notes due September 15, 2041	4.97%	639	610	638	660				
3.90% notes due September 1, 2042	3.96%	1,084	900	1,084	989				
Total		7,085	\$ 6,806	7,700	\$ 7,457				
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		(777)		(1,361)					
Total long-term debt		\$ 6,308		\$ 6,339					

The approximate fair values of the Company's long-term debt, including current maturities, were based on a valuation model using Level 2 observable inputs, which included market rates for comparable instruments for the respective periods.

In 2011, the Company issued \$650 million of 4.875% notes due September 15, 2041 at 98.539% of face value.

In 2012, the Company issued \$1.1 billion of 3.9% notes due September 1, 2042 at 99.038% of face value.

In February 2014, the Company issued \$700 million of 3.5% notes due March 1, 2024 at 99.648% of face value, which were repaid on the due date.

In May 2014, the Company issued €500 million of 3.0% Euro notes due May 19, 2034 at 98.089% of face value.

In May 2015, the Company issued €500 million of 1.25% Euro notes due May 22, 2023 at 99.239% of face value, which were repaid on the due date, and €500 million of 2.125% Euro notes due May 22, 2030 at 99.303% of face value.

In November 2016, the Company issued \$1.0 billion of 2.65% notes due November 15, 2026 at 99.685% of face value.

In June 2019, the Company issued  $\[ \in \]$ 600 million of 0.25% Euro notes due December 5, 2024 at 99.662% of face value, which were repaid on the due date,  $\[ \in \]$ 500 million of 0.625% Euro notes due December 5, 2027 at 99.343% of face value and  $\[ \in \]$ 500 million of 1.00% Euro notes due June 5, 2031 at 98.982% of face value.

On May 5, 2023, the Company entered into a €1.3 billion Euro Credit Agreement with a termination date of May 3, 2024; provided, however, that the Company may extend the termination date by six months on up to two occasions. On May 12, 2023, the Company borrowed €1.3 billion of Euro term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement. Proceeds from the borrowing were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of outstanding debt. Any loan under the Euro Credit Agreement may not be re-borrowed once repaid, in full or in part, and will bear interest at a per annum rate equal to the applicable EURIBOR (adjusted for any statutory reserves) plus 0.75% for the interest period selected by the Company of one, three or six months. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had €1.3 billion outstanding under the Euro Credit Agreement with an interest rate of 4.59%, which was included in Long-term debt as the Company intended to exercise its options to extend the termination date. The first and second options to extend the termination date were both exercised in 2024. On May 22, 2024, the Company repaid €550 million of the term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement using a portion of the

proceeds from the Euro notes issued on May 17, 2024, as discussed below. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had €750 million outstanding under the Euro Credit Agreement with an interest rate of 3.61%, which was reclassified to Short-term debt in the second quarter of 2024 since the debt, including the options to extend the termination date, is due in April 2025.

In May 2024, the Company issued €650 million of 3.25% Euro notes due May 17, 2028 at 99.525% of face value and €850 million of 3.375% Euro notes due May 17, 2032 at 99.072% of face value. Proceeds from the issuance were used for general corporate purposes, including the repayment of a portion of the indebtedness under the commercial paper program and the Euro Credit Agreement.

The Company designated the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2014, the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2015, the €1.6 billion of Euro notes issued in June 2019, the €1.3 billion of Euro term loans borrowed under the Euro Credit Agreement in May 2023 and the €1.5 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2024 as hedges of a portion of its net investment in Euro-denominated foreign operations to reduce foreign currency risk associated with the investment in these operations. On February 22, 2022, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2014 were redeemed in full, on May 22, 2023, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2015 were repaid on the due date and on December 5, 2024, €600 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2019 were repaid on the due date. On May 22, 2024, the Company also repaid €550 million of the term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement. Refer to Note 13. Stockholders' Equity for additional information regarding the net investment hedge.

All of the Company's long-term debt listed above represent senior unsecured obligations ranking equal in right of payment. As of December 31, 2024, scheduled future maturities of long-term debt, including current maturities of long-term debt, for the twelve months ending December 31 were as follows:

In millions	
2025	\$ 777
2026	998
2027	515
2028	668
2029	_
2030 and future years	4,127
Total	\$ 7,085

# (11) Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

The Company has both funded and unfunded defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans, predominately in the U.S. The U.S. primary pension plan provides benefits based on years of service and final average salary. The U.S. primary postretirement health care plan is contributory with the participants' contributions adjusted annually. The U.S. primary postretirement life insurance plan is noncontributory. Beginning January 1, 2007, the U.S. primary pension and other postretirement benefit plans were closed to new participants. Newly hired employees and employees from acquired businesses that are not participating in these plans are eligible for additional Company contributions under the existing U.S. primary defined contribution retirement plans. The Company's expense related to defined contribution plans was \$117 million in 2024, \$117 million in 2023, and \$111 million in 2022. In addition to the U.S. plans, the Company also has defined benefit pension plans in certain other countries, mainly the United Kingdom, Canada, Germany and Switzerland.

Summarized information regarding net periodic benefit cost included in the Statement of Income related to the Company's significant defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Pension						Other Postretirement Benefits					
In millions	2024		2023		2022		2024		2023		2022	
Components of net periodic benefit cost:												
Service cost\$	36	\$	35	\$	47	\$	4	\$	5	\$	7	
Interest cost	92		94		50		24		23		13	
Expected return on plan assets	(133)		(129)		(100)		(22)		(22)		(26)	
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss	6		3		24		(2)		(4)		(3)	
Amortization of prior service cost	1		1		1							
Settlement loss	6				1							
Total net periodic benefit cost (income)	8	\$	4	\$	23	\$	4	\$	2	\$	(9)	

The service cost component of net periodic benefit cost is presented within Cost of revenue and Selling, administrative, and research and development expenses in the Statement of Income while the other components of net periodic benefit cost are presented within Other income (expense).

The Company used the most recently published mortality improvement scale from the Society of Actuaries, MP-2021, to measure its U.S. pension and other postretirement benefit obligations as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, which did not have a significant impact.

The following table provides a rollforward of the plan benefit obligations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Pen	sion	Other Postretirement Benefits				
In millions	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Change in benefit obligation:							
Beginning balance	\$ 2,069	\$ 1,993	\$ 499	\$ 468			
Service cost	36	35	4	5			
Interest cost	92	94	24	23			
Plan participants' contributions	1	1	9	9			
Actuarial (gain) loss	(130)	64	(26)	38			
Benefits paid	(177)	(153)	(46)	(45)			
Medicare subsidy received			1	1			
Foreign currency translation	(21)	35	_	_			
Ending balance	\$ 1,870	\$ 2,069	\$ 465	\$ 499			
Accumulated benefit obligation as of December 31	\$ 1,790	\$ 1,972					

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the actuarial (gain) loss related to the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit obligations was primarily related to changes in discount rates. Refer to the Assumptions section below for further details related to the discount rates used in the valuations of pension and other postretirement benefit obligations.

The following table provides a rollforward of the plan assets and a reconciliation of funded status for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Pen	sion		Other Postretirement Benefits				
In millions	2024		2023		2024		2023	
Change in plan assets:								
Beginning balance	\$ 2,171	\$	2,114	\$	358	\$	336	
Actual return on plan assets	19		157		44		51	
Company contributions	60		10		35		7	
Plan participants' contributions	1		1		9		9	
Benefits paid	(177)		(153)		(46)		(45)	
Foreign currency translation	(21)		42		_			
Ending balance	\$ 2,053	\$	2,171	\$	400	\$	358	
Reconciliation of funded status:								
Funded status	\$ 183	\$	102	\$	(65)	\$	(141)	
Other immaterial plans	(48)		(58)		(3)		(4)	
Net asset (liability) as of December 31	\$ 135	\$	44	\$	(68)	\$	(145)	
The amounts recognized in the Statement of Financial Position as of December 31 consist of:								
Other assets	\$ 305	\$	243	\$	_	\$		
Accrued expenses	(11)		(29)		(3)		(3)	
Other noncurrent liabilities	(159)		(170)		(65)		(142)	
Net asset (liability) as of December 31	\$ 135	\$	44	\$	(68)	\$	(145)	
The pre-tax amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss consist of:								
Net actuarial (gain) loss	\$ 482	\$	512	\$	(108)	\$	(61)	
Prior service cost	2		3		_			
Pre-tax accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss as of December 31	\$ 484	\$	515	\$	(108)	\$	(61)	

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, pension plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets had projected benefit obligations of \$159 million and \$179 million, respectively, and plan assets of \$56 million and \$55 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets had accumulated benefit obligations of \$155 million and \$175 million, respectively, and plan assets of \$56 million and \$55 million, respectively.

**Assumptions**— The weighted-average assumptions used in the valuations of pension and other postretirement benefits were as follows:

	Pension			Other Pos	Benefits	
	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022
Assumptions used to determine benefit obligations as of December 31:						
Discount rate	5.30 %	4.69 %	4.94 %	5.66 %	5.01 %	5.19 %
Rate of compensation increases	3.43 %	3.39 %	3.46 %			
Interest crediting rate - U.S. cash balance plan	3.75 %	3.75 %	3.75 %			
Assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the twelve months ended December 31:						
Discount rate	4.69 %	4.94 %	2.33 %	5.01 %	5.19 %	2.92 %
Expected return on plan assets	5.33 %	5.27 %	3.72 %	6.50 %	6.75 %	6.25 %
Rate of compensation increases	3.39 %	3.46 %	3.40 %			
Interest crediting rate - U.S. cash balance plan	3.75 %	3.75 %	3.75 %			

The expected long-term rates of return for pension and other postretirement benefit plans were developed using historical asset class returns while factoring in current market conditions such as inflation, interest rates and asset class performance.

The discount rate reflects the current rate at which the associated liabilities could theoretically be effectively settled at the end of the year. In estimating this rate, the Company looks at rates of return on high-quality fixed income investments, with similar duration to the liabilities in the plan. The Company estimates the service and interest cost components of net periodic benefit cost by applying specific spot rates along the yield curve to the projected cash flows rather than a single weighted-average rate.

Assumed health care cost trend rates have an effect on the amounts reported for the postretirement health care benefit plans. The assumed health care cost trend rates used to determine the postretirement benefit obligation as of December 31 were as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Health care cost trend rate assumed for the next year	8.00 %	7.50 %	7.00 %
Ultimate trend rate	4.50 %	4.50 %	4.50 %
Year the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate	2035	2033	2031

**Plan assets**— The Company's overall investment strategy for the assets in the pension funds is to achieve a balance between the goals of growing plan assets and keeping risk at a reasonable level over a long-term investment horizon. In order to reduce unnecessary risk, the pension funds are diversified across several asset classes, securities and investment managers. The target allocations for plan assets are 15% to 25% equity investments, 75% to 85% fixed income investments and 0% to 10% in other types of investments. The Company does not use derivatives for the purpose of speculation, leverage, circumventing investment guidelines or taking risks that are inconsistent with specified guidelines.

The assets in the Company's postretirement health care plan are primarily invested in life insurance policies. The Company's overall investment strategy for the assets in the postretirement health care fund is to invest in assets that provide a reasonable tax exempt rate of return while preserving capital.

The following tables present the fair value of the Company's pension and other postretirement benefit plan assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 by asset category and valuation methodology. Level 1 assets are valued using unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets. Level 2 assets are valued using quoted prices or other observable inputs for similar assets. Level 3 assets are valued using unobservable inputs, but reflect the assumptions market participants would be expected to use in pricing the assets. Each financial instrument's categorization is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

In millions	Total	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:	_				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 32	\$ 26	\$	6	\$ _
Fixed income securities:					
Government securities	300	_		300	
Corporate debt securities	780			780	_
Investment contracts with insurance companies	1	_		_	1
Commingled funds:					
Mutual funds	25				
Collective trust funds	909				
Partnerships/private equity interests	2				
Other	4	_		4	
Total fair value of pension plan assets	\$ 2,053	\$ 26	\$	1,090	\$ 1
Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets:					
Life insurance policies	\$ 400				
Total fair value of other postretirement benefit plan assets .	\$ 400	\$ 	\$		\$ 
			23		
In millions	 Total	 Level 1	23	Level 2	Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:	 	 Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents	\$ <b>Total</b> 47	\$	\$	Level 2	\$ Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:	\$ 47	\$ Level 1		_	\$ Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities	47 334	\$ Level 1		334	\$ Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities	47	\$ Level 1		_	\$ _ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies	47 334	\$ Level 1		334	\$ Level 3
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:	47 334 800 1	\$ Level 1		334	\$ _ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds	47 334 800 1 25	\$ Level 1		334	\$ _ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds	47 334 800 1 25 946	\$ Level 1		334	\$ _ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests	47 334 800 1 25 946 8	\$ Level 1		334	\$ _ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests  Other	47 334 800 1 25 946 8 10	Level 1	\$	334	_ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests	47 334 800 1 25 946 8	\$ Level 1		334 800	_ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests  Other  Total fair value of pension plan assets	47 334 800 1 25 946 8 10	47	\$	334 800 —	_ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests  Other  Total fair value of pension plan assets  Other Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets:	47 334 800 1 25 946 8 10 2,171	47	\$	334 800 —	_ _ _
Pension Plan Assets:  Cash and equivalents  Fixed income securities:  Government securities  Corporate debt securities  Investment contracts with insurance companies  Commingled funds:  Mutual funds  Collective trust funds  Partnerships/private equity interests  Other  Total fair value of pension plan assets	\$ 47 334 800 1 25 946 8 10	47	\$	334 800 —	_ _ _

2024

Cash and equivalents include cash on hand and instruments with original maturities of three months or less and are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. Fixed income securities primarily consist of U.S. and foreign government bills, notes and bonds, corporate debt securities and investment contracts. The majority of the assets in this category are valued by evaluating bid prices provided by independent financial data services. For securities where market data is not readily available, unobservable market data is used to value the security.

Pension assets measured at net asset value include mutual funds, collective trust funds, partnerships/private equity interests and life insurance policies. Mutual funds and collective trust funds are funds that are valued based on the value of the underlying investments which can be redeemed on a daily basis. The underlying investments include both passively and actively managed U.S. and foreign large- and mid-cap equity funds and short-term investment funds. Partnerships/private equity interests are investments in partnerships where the benefit plan is a limited partner. The investments are valued by the investment managers on a periodic basis using pricing models that use market, income and cost valuation methods. Distributions are received from these funds on a periodic basis through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund.

Life insurance policies are used to fund other postretirement benefits in order to obtain favorable tax treatment and are valued based on the cash surrender value of the underlying policies. The Company has selected the funds in which these assets are invested and may elect to withdraw funds with proper notice to the insurance company or maintain the policies and receive death benefits as determined by the contracts.

Cash flows— The Company generally funds its pension and other postretirement benefit plans as required by law or to the extent such contributions are tax deductible. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$22 million to its pension plans and \$31 million to its other postretirement benefit plans in 2025. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's portion of the future benefit payments that are expected to be paid during the twelve months ending December 31 is as follows:

In millions	Pension	- 050-	Other etirement enefits
2025	\$ 160	\$	38
2026	161		38
2027	161		38
2028	165		38
2029	167		38
Years 2030-2034	786		183

### (12) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business, including those involving environmental, product liability (including toxic tort) and general liability claims. The Company accrues for such liabilities when it is probable that future costs will be incurred and such costs can be reasonably estimated. Such accruals are based on developments to date, the Company's estimates of the outcomes of these matters and its experience in contesting, litigating and settling other similar matters. The Company believes resolution of these matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, liquidity or future operations.

#### (13) Stockholders' Equity

**Preferred stock**— Preferred stock, without par value, of which 0.3 million shares are authorized and unissued, is issuable in series. The Board of Directors is authorized to fix by resolution the designation and characteristics of each series of preferred stock. The Company has no present commitment to issue its preferred stock.

Share repurchases— On August 3, 2018, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2018 Program"). Under the 2018 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 6.7 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$158.11 per share during 2019, approximately 4.2 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$167.69 per share during 2020, approximately 4.4 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$227.29 per share during 2021 and approximately 1.2 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$216.62 per share during 2022. The 2018 Program was completed in the first quarter of 2022.

On May 7, 2021, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provided for the repurchase of up to an additional \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2021 Program"). Under the 2021 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 7.1 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$210.46 per share during 2022 and approximately 6.3 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$235.35 per share during 2023. The 2021 Program was completed in the fourth quarter of 2023.

On August 4, 2023, the Company announced a stock repurchase program which provides for the repurchase of up to an additional \$5.0 billion of the Company's common stock over an open-ended period of time (the "2023 Program"). Under the 2023 Program, the Company repurchased approximately 38,000 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$263.44 per share during the fourth quarter of 2023 and approximately 5.9 million shares of its common stock at an average price of \$254.04 per share during 2024. As of December 31, 2024, there were approximately \$3.5 billion of authorized repurchases remaining under the 2023 Program.

**Cash Dividends**— Cash dividends declared were \$5.80 per share in 2024, \$5.42 per share in 2023 and \$5.06 per share in 2022. Cash dividends paid were \$5.70 per share in 2024, \$5.33 per share in 2023 and \$4.97 per share in 2022.

**Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)**— The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) during 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Beginning balance	(1,834)	\$ (1,841)	\$ (1,502)
Foreign currency translation adjustments during the period	(62)	16	(192)
Foreign currency translation adjustments reclassified to income	30	(1)	_
Income taxes	(72)	26	(50)
Total foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	(104)	41	(242)
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments during the period	67	(45)	(149)
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments reclassified to income	13	_	23
Income taxes	(19)	11	29
Total pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments, net of tax	61	(34)	(97)
Ending balance S	(1.877)	\$ (1.834)	\$ (1.841)
Ending outline	(1,077)	ψ (1,05 <del>1)</del>	v (1,041)

In 2024, foreign currency translation adjustments reclassified to income related primarily to the sale of the noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart in the third quarter of 2024. Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments reclassified to income related primarily to settlements, the amortization of actuarial gains and losses and prior service cost, and the sale of the noncontrolling interest in Wilsonart. In 2023, foreign currency translation adjustments reclassified to income primarily related to the exit of immaterial foreign operations. In 2022, pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments reclassified to income represented settlements and the amortization of actuarial gains and losses and prior service cost. Refer to Note 5. Other Income (Expense) and Note 11. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits for additional information.

The Company designated the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2014, the €1.0 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2015, the €1.6 billion of Euro notes issued in June 2019, the €1.3 billion of Euro term loans borrowed under the Euro Credit Agreement in May 2023 and the €1.5 billion of Euro notes issued in May 2024 as hedges of a portion of its net investment in Euro-denominated foreign operations to reduce foreign currency risk associated with the investment in these operations. Changes in the value of this debt resulting from fluctuations in the Euro to U.S. Dollar exchange rate have been recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments within Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On February 22, 2022, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2014 were redeemed in full, on May 22, 2023, €500 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2019 were repaid on the due date and on December 5, 2024, €600 million of the Euro notes issued in May 2019 were repaid on the due date. On May 22, 2024, the Company also repaid €550 million of the term loans under the Euro Credit Agreement. The carrying values of the outstanding 2024, 2019, 2015 and 2014 Euro notes and 2023 Euro term loan as of December 31, 2024 were \$1.5 billion, \$1.0 billion, \$515 million, \$509 million, and \$777 million, respectively. Refer to Note 10. Debt for additional information regarding the redemption of these notes. The amount of pre-tax gain (loss) related to these notes that was recorded in Other comprehensive income (loss) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$301 million, \$(109) million and \$205 million, respectively.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the ending balance of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consisted of after-tax cumulative translation adjustment losses of \$1.6 billion and \$1.5 billion, respectively, and after-tax unrecognized pension and other postretirement benefits costs of \$266 million and \$327 million, respectively.

# (14) Stock-Based Compensation

On May 3, 2024, the 2024 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2024 Plan") was approved by shareholders, and became effective on June 30, 2024 (the "Effective Date"). Subsequent to the Effective Date, no additional awards will be granted to employees under the 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan"). The 2024 Plan allows for the issuance of up to 11.5 million shares of ITW common stock for awards granted under the plan, of which 3.5 million shares were subject to awards outstanding under the 2015 Plan as of the Effective Date and are available for rollover should the awards expire, terminate or be forfeited. The significant terms of stock options and restricted stock units ("RSUs") were not changed under the 2024 Plan. Stock options and RSUs are issued to officers and/or other management employees under these plans. Stock options generally vest over a four-year period and have an expiration of ten years from the issuance date. RSUs generally "cliff" vest after a three-year period and include units with and without performance criteria. RSUs with performance criteria provide for full "cliff" vesting after three years if the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors certifies that the performance goals have been met. Upon vesting, the holder will receive one share of common stock of the Company for each vested restricted stock unit.

Commencing in February 2013, the Company began issuing shares from treasury stock to cover the exercised options and vested RSUs. Prior to February 2013, the Company generally issued new shares from its authorized but unissued share pool. The Company records compensation expense for the grant date fair value of stock awards over the remaining service periods of those awards. The following table summarizes the Company's stock-based compensation expense for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Pre-tax stock-based compensation expense	\$ 61	\$ 69	\$ 63
Tax benefit	(8)	(7)	(7)
Total stock-based compensation expense, net of tax	\$ 53	\$ 62	\$ 56

The following table summarizes activity related to non-vested RSUs for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024:

Shares in millions	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Unvested, January 1, 2024	0.6	\$218.85
Granted	0.3	243.77
Vested	(0.3)	203.32
Unvested, December 31, 2024	0.6	236.70

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024:

In millions except exercise price and contractual terms	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Under option, January 1, 2024	3.0	\$177.01		
Granted	0.2	255.75		
Exercised	(0.4)	125.87		
Canceled or expired	(0.1)	236.29		
Under option, December 31, 2024	2.7	190.79	5.6	\$171
Exercisable, December 31, 2024	2.0	175.85	4.8	\$155

The fair value of RSUs is equal to the common stock fair market value on the date of the grant. RSUs provide for dividend equivalents payable in additional RSUs for dividends that would have been paid during the vesting period. Stock option exercise prices are equal to the common stock fair market value on the date of grant. The Company estimates forfeitures based on historical rates for awards with similar characteristics. The Company uses a binomial option pricing model to estimate the fair value of the stock options granted. The following summarizes the assumptions used in the option valuations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	2024	2023	2022
Risk-free interest rate	4.22-4.90%	3.92-4.86%	1.04-2.07%
Weighted-average volatility	20.0%	22.0%	21.0%
Dividend yield	2.21%	2.13%	2.20%
Expected years until exercise	8.3-9.5	8.6-9.2	9.1-9.6

Lattice-based option valuation models, such as the binomial option pricing model, incorporate ranges of assumptions for inputs. The risk-free rate of interest for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on a zero-coupon U.S. government instrument over the contractual term of the equity instrument. Expected volatility is based on implied volatility from traded options on the Company's stock and historical volatility of the Company's stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise timing and employee termination rates within the valuation model. The weighted-average dividend yield is based on historical information. The expected term of options granted is derived from the output of the option valuation model and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The ranges presented result from separate groups of employees assumed to exhibit different exercise behavior.

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock options granted for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$68.98, \$67.16 and \$45.15 per share, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$55 million, \$79 million and \$38 million, respectively. Exercise of stock options during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 resulted in cash receipts of \$52 million, \$53 million and \$29 million, respectively. The total fair value of vested stock option awards during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$18 million, \$18 million and \$18 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$11 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years.

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of RSU awards granted for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$243.77, \$232.21 and \$215.36, respectively. The total grant-date fair value of vested RSU awards during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$52 million, \$35 million and \$28 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$47 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested RSUs. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average remaining contractual life of 1.7 years.

# (15) Other Balance Sheet Information

Other balance sheet information as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023
Prepaid expenses and other current assets:		
Value-added-tax receivables	\$ 67	\$ 99
Vendor advances	60	55
Income tax refunds receivable	38	29
Other	147	157
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 312	\$ 340
Other assets:		
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies	\$ 439	\$ 436
Prepaid pension assets	305	243
Operating lease right-of-use assets	266	248
Customer tooling	176	181
Other	189	154
Total other assets	\$ 1,375	\$ 1,262
Accrued expenses:		
Compensation and employee benefits	\$ 407	\$ 423
Deferred revenue and customer deposits	360	395
Rebates	200	218
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	57	58
Warranties	52	48
Current portion of pension and other postretirement benefit obligations	14	32
Other	486	489
Total accrued expenses	\$ 1,576	\$ 1,663
Other liabilities:		
Pension benefit obligation	\$ 159	\$ 170
Long-term portion of operating lease liabilities	158	148
Postretirement benefit obligation	65	142
Other	633	554
Total other liabilities	 1,015	\$ 1,014

# (16) Segment Information

The Company's operations are organized and managed based on similar product offerings and end markets, and are reported to senior management as the following seven segments: Automotive OEM; Food Equipment; Test & Measurement and Electronics; Welding; Polymers & Fluids; Construction Products; and Specialty Products. The following is a description of the Company's seven segments:

**Automotive OEM**— This segment is a global, niche supplier to top tier OEMs, providing unique innovation to address pain points for sophisticated customers with complex problems. Businesses in this segment produce components and fasteners for automotive-related applications.

**Food Equipment**— This segment is a highly focused and branded industry leader in commercial food equipment differentiated by innovation and integrated service offerings.

**Test & Measurement and Electronics**— This segment is a branded and innovative producer of test and measurement and electronic manufacturing and MRO solutions that improve efficiency and quality for customers in diverse end markets. Businesses in this segment produce equipment, consumables, and related software for testing and measuring of materials and structures, as well as equipment and consumables used in the production of electronic subassemblies and microelectronics.

**Welding**— This segment is a branded value-added equipment and specialty consumable manufacturer with innovative and leading technology. Businesses in this segment produce arc welding equipment, consumables and accessories for a wide array of industrial and commercial applications.

**Polymers & Fluids**— This segment is a branded supplier to niche markets that require value-added, differentiated products. Businesses in this segment produce engineered adhesives, sealants, lubrication and cutting fluids, and fluids and polymers for auto aftermarket maintenance and appearance.

Construction Products— This segment is a branded supplier of innovative engineered fastening systems and solutions.

**Specialty Products**— This segment is focused on diversified niche market opportunities with substantial patent protection producing beverage packaging equipment and consumables, product coding and marking equipment and consumables, and appliance components and fasteners.

The Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") is the President & Chief Executive Officer. The CODM primarily uses operating income and related operating margins in assessing the current and expected long-term performance of the Company's segments, including the application of the Company's enterprise strategies which focus on profitable growth and continuous improvement to margins and returns through the application of the Company's business model. Operating income and margins are also used by the CODM when evaluating segment investments in capital projects and restructuring initiatives. The CODM regularly reviews summarized financial information related to segment operating revenue, variable margins, overhead expenses, operating income and operating margins as compared to forecasted results.

The accounting policies for the Company's segments are the same as the policies described in Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Intersegment sales transactions are accounted for at prices consistent with sales to third parties and are not considered material. Segments are allocated a fixed overhead charge for general corporate administrative expenses based on a percentage of the segment's operating revenue. Expenses not allocated to the segments are reported separately as Unallocated. Because the Unallocated category includes a variety of items, it is subject to fluctuations on a quarterly and annual basis.

Segment operating revenue, significant expenses and operating income for 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	2024	2023	2022
Operating revenue:			
Automotive OEM	\$ 3,188	\$ 3,235	\$ 2,969
Food Equipment	2,647	2,622	2,444
Test & Measurement and Electronics	2,818	2,832	2,828
Welding	1,851	1,902	1,894
Polymers & Fluids	1,764	1,804	1,905
Construction Products	1,909	2,033	2,113
Specialty Products	1,743	1,697	1,799
Total segments	15,920	16,125	15,952
Intersegment revenue	(22)	(18)	(20)
Operating Revenue	\$ 15,898	\$ 16,107	\$ 15,932
Variable cost of revenue:			
Automotive OEM	\$ 1,781	\$ 1,869	\$ 1,719
Food Equipment	1,228	1,222	1,204
Test & Measurement and Electronics	1,206	1,267	1,305
Welding	838	892	936
Polymers & Fluids	847	877	974
Construction Products	890	984	1,105
Specialty Products	814	833	893
Total segments	\$ 7,604	\$ 7,944	\$ 8,136
Overhead expenses:			
Automotive OEM	\$ 782	\$ 805	\$ 751
Food Equipment	700	687	622
Test & Measurement and Electronics	909	879	839
Welding	416	405	375
Polymers & Fluids	433	445	452
Construction Products	460	471	460
Specialty Products	401	415	425
Total segments	\$ 4,101	\$ 4,107	\$ 3,924
Operating income:			
Automotive OEM	\$ 625	\$ 561	\$ 499
Food Equipment	719	713	618
Test & Measurement and Electronics	703	686	684
Welding	597	605	583
Polymers & Fluids	484	482	479
Construction Products	559	578	548
Specialty Products	528	449	481
Total segments	4,215	4,074	3,892
Unallocated	49	(34)	(102)
Operating Income	4,264	4,040	3,790
Interest expense	(283)	(266)	(203)
Other income (expense)	441	49	255
Income Before Taxes	\$ 4,422	\$ 3,823	\$ 3,842

Unallocated expenses in 2024 included the favorable pre-tax cumulative effect of the LIFO accounting method change of \$117 million in the first quarter of 2024. Refer to Note 1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information regarding this change in accounting method.

Other segment information for 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	20	)24	2023	2022
Depreciation and amortization and impairment of intangible assets:				
Automotive OEM	\$	129	\$ 123	\$ 121
Food Equipment		46	41	40
Test & Measurement and Electronics		82	80	87
Welding		33	29	26
Polymers & Fluids		42	46	57
Construction Products		33	33	31
Specialty Products		37	 43	48
Total	\$	402	\$ 395	\$ 410
Plant and equipment additions:				_
Automotive OEM	\$	209	\$ 224	\$ 181
Food Equipment		55	54	41
Test & Measurement and Electronics		32	43	49
Welding		43	41	43
Polymers & Fluids		28	27	23
Construction Products		34	31	33
Specialty Products		36	35	42
Total	\$	437	\$ 455	\$ 412
Identifiable assets:				
Automotive OEM	\$	2,578	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,447
Food Equipment		1,188	1,193	1,188
Test & Measurement and Electronics		3,186	3,230	3,289
Welding		857	838	933
Polymers & Fluids		1,673	1,762	1,819
Construction Products		1,172	1,230	1,370
Specialty Products		1,566	1,627	1,696
Total segments		12,220	12,495	12,742
Corporate		2,847	 3,023	 2,680
Total	\$	15,067	\$ 15,518	\$ 15,422

Identifiable assets by segment are those assets that are specifically used in that segment. Corporate assets are principally cash and equivalents, investments and other general corporate assets.

Enterprise-wide information for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

In millions	2024	 2023	2022
Operating Revenue by Geographic Region:			
United States	\$ 7,374	\$ 7,576	\$ 7,609
Canada/Mexico	1,156	1,146	1,095
Total North America	8,530	8,722	8,704
Europe, Middle East and Africa	4,101	4,147	3,913
Asia Pacific	2,961	2,935	2,991
South America	306	303	324
Total operating revenue	\$ 15,898	\$ 16,107	\$ 15,932

Operating revenue by geographic region is based on the customers' locations. The Company had approximately 44% and 44% of its total net plant and equipment in the United States as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Additionally, the Company had 16% and 13% of its total net plant and equipment in China as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. No other country represented more than 10% of the Company's net plant and equipment as of December 31,

2024 and 2023. No single customer accounted for more than 5% of consolidated revenues for the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, 2023 or 2022.

#### ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

#### ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's President & Chief Executive Officer and Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) as of December 31, 2024. Based on such evaluation, the Company's President & Chief Executive Officer and Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 31, 2024, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

#### Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm are found in Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

In connection with the evaluation by management, including the Company's President & Chief Executive Officer and Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the quarter ended December 31, 2024 were identified that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B.	Other	Infor	mation
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None.

ITEM 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

None.

#### **PART III**

#### ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information regarding the Directors of the Company who are standing for reelection and any persons nominated to become Directors of the Company is incorporated by reference from the information under the captions "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors" and "Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Information regarding the Audit Committee and its Financial Experts is incorporated by reference from the information under the captions "Corporate Governance - Board of Directors and its Committees" and "Proposal 3 – Ratification of the Appointment of Independent Public Accounting Firm - Audit Committee Report" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Information regarding the Executive Officers of the Company can be found in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K under the caption "Information About Our Executive Officers."

Information regarding the Company's Insider Trading Policy and related policies and procedures is incorporated by reference from the information under the caption "Other Governance Matters - Insider Trading Policies and Procedures" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Information regarding the Company's code of ethics that applies to the Company's President & Chief Executive Officer, Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, and key financial and accounting personnel is incorporated by reference from the information under the caption "Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

## ITEM 11. Executive Compensation

Information regarding executive compensation is incorporated by reference from the information under the captions "Director Compensation," and "Executive Compensation" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information regarding security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management and related stockholder matters is incorporated by reference from the information under the captions "Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock" and "NEO Compensation - Equity Compensation Plan Information" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

# ITEM 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions as well as director independence is incorporated by reference from the information under the captions "Proposal 1 - Election of Directors - Board Independence," "Other Governance Matters - Certain Relationships and Related-Party Transactions" and "Other Governance Matters - Corporate Governance Policies and Code of Conduct" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

## ITEM 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

This information is incorporated by reference from the information under the caption "Proposal 3 - Ratification of the Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

# PART IV

# ITEM 15. Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules

# (a) (1) Financial Statements

The following information is included as part of Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data:

Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Statement of Income

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Statement of Cash Flows

Notes to Financial Statements

The following report of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm (PCAOB ID:34) is included as part of Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data:

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

# (2) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

#### (3) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
3(a)(i)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Illinois Tool Works Inc., filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
3(a)(ii)	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Illinois Tool Works Inc., filed as Exhibit 3(a)(ii) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 12, 2016 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
3(b)	By-laws of Illinois Tool Works Inc., amended and restated as of May 3, 2024, filed as Exhibit 3(b) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 9, 2024 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(a)	Indenture between Illinois Tool Works Inc. and The First National Bank of Chicago, as Trustee, dated as of November 1, 1986, filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on August 4, 2023 (Commission File No. 333-242331) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(b)	First Supplemental Indenture between Illinois Tool Works Inc. and Harris Trust and Savings Bank, as Trustee, dated as of May 1, 1990, filed as Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on August 7, 2020 (Commission File No. 333-242331) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(c)	Officers' Certificate dated August 31, 2011, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 3.375% Notes due 2021 and the 4.875% Notes due 2041, filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 1, 2011 (Commission File No. 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(d)	Officers' Certificate dated August 28, 2012, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 3.900% Notes due 2042, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 28, 2012 (Commission File No. 001-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(e)	Officers' Certificate dated May 20, 2014, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 1.750% Euro Notes due 2022 and the 3.000% Euro Notes due 2034, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 22, 2014 (Commission File No. 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.

Exhibit Number	Description
4(f)	Officers' Certificate dated May 19, 2015, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 1.250% Euro Notes due 2023 and the 2.125% Euro Notes due 2030, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 22, 2015 (Commission File No. 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(g)	Officers' Certificate dated November 7, 2016, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 2.650% Notes due 2026, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 10, 2016 (Commission File No. 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(h)	Officers' Certificate dated June 5, 2019, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 0.25% Notes due 2024, the 0.625% Notes due 2027 and the 1.00% Notes due 2031, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 5, 2019 (Commission File No. 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(i)	Officers' Certificate dated May 17, 2024, establishing the terms, and setting forth the forms, of the 3.250% Notes due 2028 and 3.375% Notes due 2032, filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 17, 2024 (Commission File No. 1-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(j)	Description of the Company's Common Stock, filed as Exhibit 4(j) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(k)	Description of the 1.75% Euro Notes due 2022 and 3.00% Euro Notes due 2034, filed as Exhibit 4(k) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(1)	Description of the 1.25% Euro Notes due 2023 and 2.125% Euro Notes due 2030, filed as Exhibit 4(1) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(m)	Description of the 0.250% Euro Notes due 2024, 0.625% Euro Notes due 2027 and 1.000% Euro Notes due 2031, filed as Exhibit 4(m) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
4(n)	Description of the 3.250% Euro Notes due 2028 and 3.375% Euro Notes due 2032, filed herewith.
10(a)(i)	Credit Agreement dated as of October 21, 2022 among Illinois Tool Works Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Agent, Citibank, N.A., as Syndication Agent, and a syndicate of lenders, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 26, 2022 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(a)(ii)	Euro Credit Agreement dated as of May 5, 2023 among Illinois Tool Works Inc., as Borrower, the lender(s) party thereto and ING Bank, N.V., London Branch, as Agent, filed as Exhibit 10(a) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 10, 2023 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(b)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 16, 2010 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(c)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan effective May 8, 2015, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(d)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2024 Long-Term Incentive Plan effective June 30, 2024, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 9, 2024 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(e)*	Form of Terms of Option Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2011 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 13, 2014 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(f)*	Form of Terms of Option Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 9, 2016 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(g)*	Form of Terms of Option Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 9, 2017 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.

Exhibit Number	Description
10(h)*	Form of Terms of Option Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 14, 2019 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(i)*	Form of Terms of Option Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 5, 2020 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(j)*	Form of Terms of Performance Share Unit Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 5, 2020 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(k)*	Form of Terms of Performance Cash Award Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 5, 2020 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(l)*	Form of Terms of Restricted Stock Unit Grant Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2015 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed as Exhibit 99.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 5, 2020 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(m)*	Form of Stock Option Agreement Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2024 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed herewith.
10(n)*	Form of Performance Share Unit Award Agreement Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2024 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed herewith.
10(o)*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement Pursuant to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2024 Long-Term Incentive Plan, filed herewith.
10(p)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. Executive Contributory Retirement Income Plan as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2010, filed as Exhibit 10 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 5, 2009 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(q)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. Nonqualified Pension Plan, effective January 1, 2008, as amended and restated, filed as Exhibit 10(p) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(r)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. 2011 Change-in-Control Severance Compensation Policy, filed as Exhibit 99.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 16, 2010 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
10(s)*	Illinois Tool Works Inc. Amended and Restated Directors' Deferred Fee Plan effective May 2, 2014, as amended on May 8, 2015 and May 4, 2018, filed herewith.
10(t)*	First Amendment to the Illinois Tool Works Inc. Executive Contributory Retirement Income Plan dated February 15, 2013, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013 (Commission File No. 1-4797) and incorporated herein by reference.
19	Insider Trading Policies and Procedures, filed herewith
21	Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Company, filed herewith
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, filed herewith
24	Powers of Attorney, filed herewith
31	Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications, filed herewith
32	Section 1350 Certification, filed herewith
97	Policy Relating to Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation, filed as Exhibit 97 to the Company Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 (Commission File No 001-04797) and incorporated herein by reference.
101.INS	iXBRL Instance Document**
	iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema**

Exhibit Number	Description
101.CAL	iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase**
101.DEF	iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase**
101.LAB	iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase**
101.PRE	iXBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase**
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

<sup>\*</sup> Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

# ITEM 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The following financial information from Illinois Tool Works Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Statement of Income, (ii) Statement of Comprehensive Income, (iii) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (iv) Statement of Financial Position, (v) Statement of Cash Flows and (vi) related Notes to Financial Statements.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on this 14th day of February 2025.

ILLINOIS T	OOL WORKS INC.
By:	/s/ CHRISTOPHER A. O'HERLIHY
	Christopher A. O'Herlihy
	President & Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated on this 14th day of February 2025.

Signatures	Title
/s/ Christopher A. O'Herlihy	President & Chief Executive Officer, Director
Christopher A. O'Herlihy	(Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Michael M. Larsen	Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
Michael M. Larsen	(Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Randall J. Scheuneman	Vice President & Chief Accounting Officer
Randall J. Scheuneman	(Principal Accounting Officer)
Daniel J. Brutto	Director
Susan Crown	Director
Darrell L. Ford	Director
Kelly J. Grier	Director
James W. Griffith	Director
Jay L. Henderson	Director
Jaime Irick	Director
Richard H. Lenny	Director
E. Scott Santi	Chairman of the Board
David B. Smith, Jr.	Director
Pamela B. Strobel	Director
	By: /s/ CHRISTOPHER A. O'HERLIHY
	(Christopher A. O'Herlihy, as Attorney-in-Fact)

Original powers of attorney authorizing Christopher A. O'Herlihy to sign the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and amendments thereto on behalf of the above-named directors of the registrant have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K (Exhibit 24).

# ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS INC. and SUBSIDIARIES GAAP TO NON-GAAP RECONCILIATIONS (UNAUDITED)

#### 2012 ADJUSTED INCOME PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS - DILUTED (UNAUDITED)

	Twelve Months Ended		
	<b>December 31, 2012</b>		
As reported in the 2013 Form 10-K	\$	4.72	
Decorative Surfaces net gain		1.34	
Decorative Surfaces equity interest		(0.04)	
Decorative Surfaces operating results		0.21	
As adjusted for the Decorative Surfaces business	\$	3.21	

# ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS INC. and SUBSIDIARIES SEGMENT PEER GROUP

Automotive OEM: Lear Corporation, Aptiv PLC, Autoliv, Inc. and BorgWarner Inc.

Food Equipment: Middleby Corporation and Electrolux Professional AB

Test & Measurement and Electronics: Ametek, Inc., Fortive Corporation, Mettler-Toledo International Inc., Spectris PLC, MKS Instruments,

Inc. and Moog Inc.

Welding: Kennametal Inc., Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. and ESAB Corporation

Polymers & Fluids: 3M Company, DuPont de Nemours, Inc., Huntsman Corporation and Dow Inc.

Construction Products: Carlisle Companies Incorporated, Masco Corporation, Stanley Black & Decker, Inc. and Simpson Manufacturing Co., Inc.

Specialty Products: Ball Corporation, Berry Global Group, Inc. and Amcor plc

# Shareholder Information

# Transfer Agent and Registrar

Questions regarding stock ownership, dividend payments, or change of address should be directed to the company's transfer agent:

Broadridge Corporate Issuer Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 1342
Brentwood, NY 11717
http://shareholder.broadridge.com/ITW
Phone Toll Free: 888.829.7424
International: +1.720.399.2177

#### **Common Stock**

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: ITW

## **Trademarks**

Certain trademarks in this publication are owned or licensed by Illinois Tool Works Inc. or its wholly owned subsidiaries.

#### **Contact Investor Relations**

For additional assistance, including media inquiries: 224.661.7431 or investorrelations@itw.com.

#### Visit Us on the Web

www.itw.com

# Committed to Sustainability

Learn about our activities, goals, and progress in our annual Sustainability Report: www.itw.com/sustainability.

#### Stock and Dividend Action

Effective with the October 11, 2024 payment, the quarterly cash dividend on ITW common stock was increased to \$1.50 per share. ITW's annual dividend payment has increased for 61 consecutive years, except during a period of government controls in 1971.

The ITW Common Stock Dividend Reinvestment Plan enables registered shareholders to reinvest ITW dividends they receive in additional shares of common stock of the company at no additional cost. Participation in the plan is voluntary, and shareholders may join or withdraw at any time. The plan also allows for additional voluntary cash investments in any amount from \$100 to \$10,000 per month. For a brochure and full details of the program, please direct inquiries to the company's transfer agent, Broadridge Corporate Issuer Solutions, Inc.



